IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

THE

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"

IS

THE OLDEST DAILY PAPER

IN ASIA.

THE

Bombay Gazette.

No. 56,051.—NEW SERIES BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1913. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

ALWAYS ASK FOR

ZIG-ZAG

BEST CIGARETTE PAPER

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing 2-30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1913				
6th Sept.	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
13th "	INDIA..... ...	8000	MACEDONIA...	10500
20th "	ARCADIA ...	7994	.....	...
27th "	SALSETTE ...	6000	MALWA	11000
4th Oct.	EGYPT.....	8000	.....	...
11th "	SALSETTE....	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
18th "	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
25th "	SALSETTE....	6000	MOREA.....	11000

All the above Steamers are fitted with

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 p.m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1914.

21st Feb.	OALEDONIA	8000	.....	...
28th "	MALOJA	12500	"	...
7th Mar.	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
21st "	MACEDONIA	10500	.....	...
28th "	SALSETTE....	6000	MOLDAVIA ...	10000
*1st Apl.	HIMALAYA....	7000	.....	...
4th "	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MEDINA	12500
18th "	ARANJUA	11000	.....	...
25th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA....	10000
2nd May	OALEDONIA...	8000	.....	...
9th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
16th "	PERSIA	8000	.....	...

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "HIMALAYA," 7,000 tons will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 1st APRIL, 1914, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	SINGLE "A" rate.	SINGLE "B" rate.	RETURN "A" rate.	RETURN "B" rate.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
To MARSEILLES,	321 or 495		891 or	742-8
" LONDON	627 or 528		940-8 or	792

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.
Bombay.

ANCHOR LINE.



REGULAR SAILINGS FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1913.

Steamers.	Tons	Capts.	Leave Bombay
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	17th Sept.
*Circassia	6722	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	4th Oct
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	15th Oct.
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	29th Oct.
*Elysia	6368	J. A. Coverley	11th Nov.
Macedia	5091	J. Thomson	29th Nov.
Olympia	5124	J Kinnaird	13th Dec.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1914.

Steamers	Tons.	Capt.	Leave Bombay
*Circassia	6722	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	4th Jan.
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	16th Jan.
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	31st Jan.
*Elysia	6368	J. A Coverley	24th Feb.
Macedia	5091	J. Thomson	13th Mar.
Olympia	5124	J. Kinnaird	25th Mar.
*Circassia	6722	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	6th April.
Scindia	5106	Wm Kelso	21st April.
*Castalia	6388	G. Mitchell	2nd May.
*Elysia	6368	J. A. Coverley	22nd May.

*Fitted with Marconi Wireless Telegraphy.

FARES.

	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Port Said	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare to Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for two years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon, and experienced Stewardess, and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe, include a passage by B.I.S.N Co.'s steamer, between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the Undersigned

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
AGENTS, Bombay

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.



INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS.

FOR KARACHI

Weekly from Victoria Docks.

Steamers	Tons	Sailing Date	Time	Route
Kasara	1,195	Thurs. 11th Sept.	9 a.m.	direct.
Linga	2,185	Friday 12th Sept.	10 a.m.	direct.

‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

(Weekly.)

S.S. "Kasara," 1,165 tons, on Thursday 11th September, calling at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomerah.

KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

(Weekly).

S.S. "Patiala," 2,993 tons, on Thursday the 11th September, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Charbar, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR SEYCHELLES, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Fortnightly.)

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Sailing on	
*Palamcotta	3413	Friday	5th Sept.
†Lindula	3358	Thursday	18th Sept.
*Pentakota	3419	"	2nd Oct.
†Pundua	3305	"	16th Oct.

*Calls at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

†Calls at Lamoo, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban.

Passengers may book through to Cape Colony Ports transhipping at Durban, to the steamers of the Union Castle or other line.

FOR COAST PORTS, COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "Chindwara," 5,192 tons, on or about 5th September, 1913.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

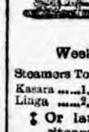
Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents
Ballard Pier, BOMBAY.

Nicol Road, near
5th September, 1913.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES



French Mail Steamers.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	To sail on 1913
Polynesien	6385	Lalande	24th Sept
Dumbea	5685	P. de Boussac	22nd Oct
Ville de la Ciotat	6385	Lefont	19th Nov
Nera Lassince	5685	.....	17th Dec

PASSAGE FARES (including table wine)

	1st	2nd	3rd
To Marseilles (single) .. Rs.	594	495	225
Do. (return) .. "	891	743	405
To London (single) .. "	660	528	270
Do. (return) .. "	990	797	495

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd or the Italian Line at reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

One Sailing every four weeks.

For further particulars, apply to—

H. WILLIAMS, Agent.
Albert Building, Hornby Road, Bombay

MARITTIMA ITALIANA

(Italian Mail S. N. Co.)



BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA.
Regularly every 4 weeks on WEDNESDAY.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
			1913.
P. di Piemonte	6365	....	17th Sept.
Porto Said	5167	Magazzini	15th Oct.
A Steamer	6000	.....	12thNov.
....	6000	.....	16th Dec.
			1914.
....	6000	.....	7th Jan
....	6000	.....	4th Feb.
....	6000	.....	4th Mar.
....	6000	.....	1st April
....	6000	.....	29th "
....	6000	.....	27th May
....	6000	.....	24th June

RATES TO ITALY

INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND ELECTRIC FANS.

	1st Cl. Rs.	2nd Cl. Rs.	3rd Cl. Rs.
Single ticket. ..	450	350	165
Return tickets available 2 years.	675	525	247

Through tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to NEW YORK in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st class, Rs. 690, 2nd Class Rs. 530. Special rates for missionaries.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

Subject to alterations. For further particulars, apply to G. FERRERO, Agent, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE).
BOMBAY TO EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.



THE following steamers will SAIL:—

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	To Sail about
*Konig	4900	Coltzan	16th Sept. 1913
Markgraf	3680	Jaatzan	2nd Oct. 1913
Praesident	3310	Schutt	16th Oct. 1913
*Konig	4900	Coltzan	2nd Nov. 1913

Taking passengers and cargo for SEYCHELLES, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS, DURBAN.

* Wireless Telegraphy and Twin screw.

For rates and particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & CO.,
Agents.

24, Meadow Street,
Bombay, 1st September, 1913.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability for Proprietors	$15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$17,450,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

Advisory Committee in London.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Johore
Bangkok	Johora	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lampur	Shanghai " Hongkew.
Calcutta	London	Singapore
Canton	Lyons	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taipeh
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tsingtau
Hankow	New York	Yokohama
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	
	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs.1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

40, Church Gate Street.

THE Mercantile Bank of India, Limited.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 415,000

HEAD OFFICE:

40, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C

LONDON BANKERS:

The Bank of England.

The London Joint Stock Bank

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), DELHI, RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, KOTA, BAHRU (Kelantan), PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs.1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising interest and dividends when due

A SCOTT SMITH,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen.	48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	"	30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS	"	18,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKAHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antang-Haion	Fangtsun (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Pekin
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Lioyaang	Tilsling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo
Los Angeles, Cal, U.S.A.	Harbin (North Manchuria)

CURRENT DEPOSITS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed on two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of EXCHANGE and BANKING business transacted.

S. UJIYE,
Sub-Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:—

26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta	Cochin	Zanzibar
Bombay	Chittagong	Mombasa
Madras	Rangoon	Nairobi
Karachi	Mandalay	Nakuru
Lahore	Colombo	Kisumu
Armitsar	Kandy	Jinja
Delhi	Newara-Eliya	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp).	Entebbe
Tuticorin	Aden (Steamer point).	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives deposits FIXED for one year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed, when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs 5 half-yearly

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased and collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities and Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS granted on approved securities

Post Box No. 141. RALPH KIDD,
BOMBAY Acting Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:

4, Crosby Square, London, E.C.

BRANCHES AT

Bombay, Calcutta, and Bagdad.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL		£1,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL		£ 400,000
RESERVE FUND		£ 15,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS		£ 600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, Kt.

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)

EMILE FRANCQUI, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).

JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C.M.G (Messrs. Brown, Shipley & Co.)

J. C. GEORGES BOUILLAT, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)

J. S. HASKELL, Esq. (Messrs. E D Sassoon & Co.)

G. BROMLEY-MARTIN, Esq. (of Martins Bank, Ltd.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart

E. J. MOSES, Esq.

SORABJI COWASJI PETIT, Esq.

MATHURADAS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:

Corner of Hornby Rd., and Churchgate St.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application.

Interest allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS AT 3½ per cent per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE PURCHASED loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASE AND SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for Safe Custody, and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,
Acting Manager.

Allahabad Bank, Ltd.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL	Rs. 40,00,000
CAPITAL (paid up)	" 25,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in GOVT. PAPER)	" 36,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:-ALLAHABAD

BRANCHES:—At Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Lucknow, Bareilly, Jhansi, Nagpore, Jubbulpore, Nainital, and Meerut.

SUB-AGENCIES:—Amritsar, Benares, Chandousi, Hathras, Moradabad, and Sitapur.

Fixed Deposit, Current and Savings Bank Accounts opened on terms which can be ascertained.

Banking Business of every description transacted.

Copy of Rules may be had on application.

H. H. WHITE,
Agent,
Bombay Branch.
161, Hornby Road.

CLARKES B 41 PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

BANKS.

THE ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LIMITED.

CAPITAL (paid up)	Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)	Rs. 30,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—SIMLA

BRANCHES:—

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, Delhi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS.

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half yearly at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 upto Rs. 1,00,000; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted. RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable on application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

International Banking Corporation.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital Paid up	.. Gold $	3,250,000,00
Reserve Fund	" "	3,250,000,00
Undivided Profits	" "	627,775

LONDON OFFICE:—36, Bishopsgate E. C—

BRANCHES:—

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco,
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Mexico.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Panama.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Colon.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Empire.
Manila.	Kobe.	

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and Cable Transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China, and Japan, buys bills of exchange, Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances, from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SUPPLIED

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43 Church Gate Street.

COX & CO., BANKERS & AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act, 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP £400,000

RESERVE £50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16, CHARING CROSS RD., LONDON.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawalpindi, Muree, and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received. Rates of INTEREST to be obtained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Bank's Current Rates of exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made. ADDRESSES for cabling purposes registered free of charge.

INSURANCE of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE, AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOKS supplied on application.

A copy of the Half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:

CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

CEMENT

Phaeton Brand.

Guaranteed best English quality.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,

BOMBAY.

BOOKS FOR SALE.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY

(Bombay to the Bosphorus.)

By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.

By Grattan Geary.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.

Being a Compilation or Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta and other Guaranteed Rights.

By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.

Apply to the "Bombay Gazette" Office

RINGS, EXQUISITE RINGS!

AN INEXHAUSTIBLE COLLECTION.

A "Limetick" competition which was recently started in Bombay Sunday Paper has brought forth apparent evidence of an abundance of latent poetical talent.

One of our staff has sent us the following lines, but as he has not given them any name, we presume he means that they may be accepted as the outcome of the Bombay 'Limerick" Fever. We are inclined to give the verse, however, rather an elevated place by reason of its sentimental character and so we will call it

"A MAIDEN'S SOLILOQUY"

"Ring, ring beautiful ring
What Elysian dreams of the future you bring,
Earthly emblem of love—
That miracle from above:
You're a joy to my soul little thing."

RINGS FOR THE

ENGAGEMENT, PRESENTATION, WEDDING, SIGNET, GUARD, FANCY,

IN

DIAMONDS, SAPPHIRES, EMERALDS, RUBIES, PEARLS, FANCY GEMS.

We desire to draw special attention to our stock of ENGAGEMENT RINGS set with selected DIAMONDS, which carry maximum value in

TRANSPARENCY
CLEARNESS
PURITY
COLOUR
FREEDOM FROM FLAWS.

Deficiency in any one of the qualities mentioned diminishes the value of diamonds considerably.

You may rely on obtaining quality from

"THE HOUSE FOR QUALITY"

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

JEWELLERS, WATCHMAKERS, OPTICIANS, &c.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

OLIVE OIL

What we offer is the pure, genuine and unadulterated produce of the Olive and it is unquestionably the best for the Table and the Kitchen.

	Rs.	As.
OLIVE OIL, the best produce of Lucca (bottled in Bombay) per bottle...	1	4
Do. in original tins of 10 Kilos — — .. per tin...	19	0
Do. do. 5 " .. .. .. " .. —	9	8
Do. do. 2 " .. .. .. " .. —	4	0
Do. do. 1 " .. .. .. " .. —	2	0
SUBLIME OLIVE OIL. This is guaranteed to be the best and the most refined Olive Oil obtainable and it can also be taken as a medicine with the best of results; bottled in Italy by Messrs. P. SASSO & FIGLI in litre bottles, Rs. 3 per bottle. In half litre bottles..	1	12
SUPERFINE LUCCA OIL bottled in Italy, in litre bottle, per bottle ... ... —	2	12
In half litre bottle, per bottle — — — — — —	1	8

PARSI NEW YEAR.

ORDERS FOR

CAKES ETC.,

NOW REGISTERED

AT

MONGINI BROTHERS,

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

MALARIA FEVER CURED.

THIS IS NO FABLE, BUT A SOLID PROVED FACT.

BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE OR PILLS

Cure Malaria, Ague, or Influenza. The soundest remedies in India, the Land of Fevers. Re. 1 each.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS

For pale people is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc., etc. Rs. 1-8 each.

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER

Is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs. Ans. 4 each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT

Cures ring-worm, Dhobies itch, etc., etc., in a day. Ans. 4 each.

OF ALL DEALERS OR OF

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA, J. P.,

WORLI LABORATORY. DADAR. BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 11th and 12th instant, those days being Public Holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act 1881.

R. AITKEN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 2nd Sept., 1913.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

LOAN NOTIFICATION.

Particulars and conditions of two 4 per cent. Loans having a currency of 40 years each.

(I) The first Instalment of Rs. 35 Lakhs, of the 70 Lakhs Loan for Reduplication of the Tansa Water Works Main and other Auxiliary works, repayable in 40 years ending 1st June 1954.

(II) The first instalment of Rs. 10 Lakhs of the 20 Lakhs Loan for Street Improvements, repayable in 40 years ending 1st May 1955.

WITH the sanction of the Government of India, the Municipal Commissioner, on behalf of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay, hereby invites tenders for the above Loans.

2. The Loans are to be raised on the security of the General Revenues of the Bombay Municipality, subject to any prior charges in respect of balances of previous Loans not yet fully paid off.

TENDERS.

3. Tenders for the whole or any portion of the above Loans will be received by the Municipal Commissioner, up to 12 o'clock, (noon) Bombay Time, on TUESDAY, the 9th September, 1913. Tenders must be for sums of Rs. 500 or multiples of Rs. 500.

4. Each tender must be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay and enclosed in a sealed cover, superscribed,

(I) "Tender for Rs. 35 Lakhs of the 70 Lakhs Loan for Reduplication of Tansa Main."

(II) "Tenders for Rs. 10 Lakhs of the 20 Lakhs Loan for Street Improvements."

The superscription should be strictly adhered to.

5. The rate at which each tender is made must be specified in Rupees or Rupees and Annas; it must not contain a fraction of an anna; if a rate containing a fraction of an anna is inserted in any tender, such fraction will be struck out and the tender treated as if the rate did not contain such fraction of an anna.

6. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender or tenders and further reserves to himself the right to accept the whole, or such portion only, as he may think proper, of any sum tendered for.

7. Tenderers, whose tenders are accepted, will have to pay into the Chief Accountant's Office the whole amount of thetender not later than the

(1) 30th November 1913 in respect of the loan for 35 Lakhs for the Reduplication of Tansa Main.

(2) 31st October 1913 in respect of the loan for 10 Lakhs for Street Improvements.

8. In the event of any of the above Loans being over-subscribed the amount allotted at the lowest rate at which tenders are accepted will be divided amongst those who have tendered at this rate, in proportion, as nearly as may be found convenient, to the amounts of their tenders, provided that no allotment will be made in respect of any portion of a tender thus distributable which amounts to less than Rs. 500.

DEPOSITS.

9. A sum equal to 2 per cent. on the par value of the debentures tendered for must be deposited with each tender. A separate deposit must be made in respect of each tender. Interest will not accrue until payment of the tendered amount in full is made, as specified in clause 7.

10. Deposits must be in one of the following forms:—

(a) Cash or Currency Notes.

(b) A cheque drawn in favour of the Municipal Commissioner on a Bank in Bombay.

(c) Government promissory Notes, Municipal, Port Trust, or Bombay Improvement Trust Debentures, blank endorsed.

11. Deposits not being Government Promissory Notes, or Municipal, Port Trust or Bombay Improvement Trust Debentures, will, in the case of tenders accepted either wholly or in part, be credited in part payment of the total amount of an accepted tender.

12. If, after the acceptance of any tender either wholly or in part, the allotment is not fully taken up by the date specified above, the deposit in connection with the tender will be forfeited.

13. Deposits on tenders which may not be accepted, either wholly or in part, will be returned without interest, on application to the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality.

INTEREST AND SINKING FUND.

14. Interest will be paid half-yearly in Bombay at the rate of four per cent. per annum, and a sufficient sum will be set aside annually and invested, in such manner as may be authorised by the law for the time being in force, to provide for the payment of the whole of the principal of the Loans on the dates of repayments mentioned above.

15. Interest will accrue on accepted tendered amounts only from the dates of payment in full into the Chief Accountant's Office, and will be paid in Bombay, by the Bank of Bombay, or such other Agent or Agents as may be appointed by the Corporation from time to time in that behalf, as follows:—

(1) With regard to the Loan of Rs. 35 lakhs for Reduplication of Tansa Main, from the date of payment in full to the 30th November 1913, on 1st December 1913 and thereafter on the 1st June and 1st December of each year.

(2) With regard to the 10 lakhs Loan for Street Improvements, from the date of payment in full to the 31st October 1913, on 1st November 1913 and thereafter on the 1st May and 1st November of each year.

16. To each tenderer, whose tender is accepted either wholly or in part, and who pays the amount of the accepted tender on or before the dates specified in clause 7 above, scrip receipts for payments made will be granted by the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality. Debentures will be issued in exchange for such receipts as soon as possible.

17. Forms of tender can be obtained on application at the Chief Accountant's Office.

J. CRERAR,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 22nd August, 1913.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES—"Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes:—

9½ inch by 4½ inch...Re. 1 per hundred
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*If printed on flap there will be an additional charger Rs. 3 per 1,000.

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PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO MILL AND FACTORY OWNERS.

CORY BROTHERS & CO., LTD.

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PANCHGAT-CHIA.	TITULMURI.
	CHOITODIH.
HATGAROOIE.	JUMONI.
KATRAS.	

And are in a position to entertain business both Rail and Seaborne for Ready and Forward.

Royal Insurance Buildings,
Churchgate Street, Bombay.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY ASSOCIATION.

NOTICE.

A PUBLIC MEETING of the inhabitants of Bombay, will be held in the HALL of the FRAMJI CAWASJI INSTITUTE, on SATURDAY, the 6th September next, at 5-20 P.M. (Bombay Time), for the purpose of making a further representation to the Government of India on the question of separation of the Judicial branch of His Majesty's Service from the Executive branch; also on the recent developments touching Indians in South Africa

D. E. WACHA,
C. H. SETALVAD,
AMIRUDIN TYABJI,
N. M. SAMARTH,
Honorary Secretaries.
Bombay, 30th August, 1913.

ST. JOSEPH'S CONVENT, BANDRA.

A FANCY FAIR will be held by the Daughters of the Cross from the 7th to 21st September next, and a VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT, under the patronage of HIS GRACE The ARCHBISHOP of BOMBAY, will be given by the Pupils of the Convent, on September 19th and 20th.

The proceeds of the Fair and Concert will be devoted to the Building Fund of the New School.

Tickets for the entertainment costing Rs. 3, 2 and 1 respectively, can be had at the CONVENT.

☞ WHISKY NOGGIN.

WE SELL this miniature whisky jug mounted in Silver. It holds just one gill and is cleaner and more elegant in use than the pegmeasure of the refreshment bar type. As each guest is served with one for his exclusive own it becomes unnecessary to urge the importunate question of quantity. The noggin is a silent and home like suggestion of "just help yourself," while the obtrusive "half or full peg Sir?" sounds too business like.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
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NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASSWARE, on sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat furniture.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000, in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons, and the balance made payable to one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

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VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER.
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FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

CONTAINING 250 Apartments, moderate charges.

Tariff and full particulars on application to the

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Telegraphic address "EARNESTNESS" LONDON.

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COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention Best. Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd., Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines Bombay.

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Great Detective Story,
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A film in Three Parts of sustained interest—a clever story, superbly mounted and acted.

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and what a Pigtail!

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More interesting than ever.

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ENGINEERING,
AND
DRAWING
INSTRUMENTS, Etc.,
ARTISTS'
MATERIALS, Etc.,
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Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.

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Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force.

Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word 'THERAPION' is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.

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CURES TO STAY CURED.

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The leading Commercial Paper in the East.
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The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 26 per annum in advance, post free.

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TO-NIGHT!

A THRILLING AND REALISTIC WAR DRAMA.

THE MASSACRE.

A Reproduction of Actual Events during the American Government's War with the Indians of the North West.

MOST REALISTIC FIGHTING SCENES.

RIVAL TO SATAN.

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2 RARE BITS OF FUN.

3 SHOWS NIGHTLY at 7, 8-30, and 10
SATURDAY and SUNDAY—11-15 to 12-15.
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(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

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Celebrated
INVALID'S PORT,

Gold Capsule, is
SECOND TO NONE.
Insist on having it.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

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REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES.
BUILD UP YOUR HEALTH with
WILKINSON'S
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
SARSAPARILLA

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—Lancet.

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most
WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD
The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.

RESTORES THE WEAK,
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BARGAIN:—1913 Model Overland 4 Cylinder, 30 Horse Power, TORPEDO BODY TOURING CAR, Capable of seating comfortably five persons, painted French Grey, picked out with fine green lines completely equipped with hood, Acetylene head lamps and generator, Oil side Tail lamps. Speedometer, Wind Screen, New Tyres, Tools, etc., in perfect running order and condition. Rs. 3,500. Trial given on application to A. A. C., care of "Bombay Gazette."

MILD STEEL TUG—One year old, English built, 54' by 12½' by 6', C. S. C. Engines, large boiler, steam winch, £2,000.

TEAK STEAM LAUNCH.—Copper fastened throughout, 38' by 8' by 5'. Perfectly new (Lloyd's tested) boiler and new C. S. C. Engines £450.

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BEST APPLES AND PEARS. 6 lbs. nett of fruit in baskets at Rs. 2-8 and in crates of 6 baskets each at Rs. 15 per V. P. P. delivered at domicile. Write to MANAGER, Kulu Fruit Gardens, Naggar, Kangra District.

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WANTED first class Native MOTOR and MOTORCYCLE FITTERS and REPAIRERS. Only men thoroughly well versed in Motorcycle work need apply, no others required. Good pay and good prospects to the right men. Expenses paid to Madras to selected applicants. Apply H. A. F., care of "Bombay Gazette."

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TO BE LET.—A Big BUNGALOW, on Neapean Sea Road, open on all sides. Apply Box No. 925, care of this Paper.

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FORT, BOMBAY.

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as they give strength and vigour much desired. They are in use throughout the World, amongst rich and poor, males, and females, young and old. They require no observance of diet, and in all seasons blessing the users with memory, energy, good appetite, etc., thus restoring them to full health.

Re. 1 for a tin with 32 Pills.

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BRASSO
The Finest Polish
FOR
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SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only advertisements for clerks, servants, &c., Goods for sale or wanted are accepted in this column.

RATES. (Cash Only.) Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

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JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works, Homjee Street, Fort.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" when available, are supplied at the following special prices: If of a date over one and within 3 months, eight annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee a copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary an additional fee of Re. 1 must be paid in advance

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See Special Short Advertisements Column.

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For Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required, Change of Residence, and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows:—

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AMUSEMENT COLUMN.

For insertions in the amusement Column — Re. 1½ per inch

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Islanda, 3,361 tons, Captain J MacLean, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Calcutta 3rd August via coast ports with a general cargo and one cabin passenger.

The steamer Adamsturm, 3,158 tons, Captain A. Hatenheid, arrived in harbour yesterday from Cochin with ballast.

The Anchor Line steamer Massilia, 3,250 tons, Captain J. Thomson, sailed yesterday for Marseilles and Liverpool, with a general cargo, and passengers.

The B I S N Co's steamer Ula, 3,426 tons, Captain A E Oliver, sailed yesterday for Angerhead with ballast.

The B I S N Co's steamer Chanda, 3,960 tons, Captain F C Cunningham will sail to-day for Antwerp, etc. with a general cargo and 10 cabin passengers.

The French mail steamer Ville-de-la-Ciotat, 3,557 tons, Captain Lafont, arrived in harbour yesterday for Marseilles, with a general cargo and passengers.

ESSELS IN THE STREAM.

ROYAL NAVY & R. I. M. VESSELS.

H M S Philomel...Comdr G P G Ballard ..R N
H M S Lawrence .. Lt Comdr Finnis...R I M
R I M S Dufferin...Comdr E J Headlam . R I M
R I M S Hardinge...Comdr Hamilton .. R I M
R I M S Palinurus...Comdr W C Taylor R I M
R I M S Investigator...Capt Hickman...R I M

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Sept. 4.

Adamsturm .....Hatinheid .....
Baron Dalmeny...2503 Gordon .....
Baron Lawdor...2764 Caskie ...W and A G Co
Budrie .....1613 Fisher ....Arab Strs Ld
Colaba .....3899 Robertson .. M M and Co
Islami .....1604 Hughes... . T M & Co
Islanda .....Mac Lean.....M M and Co
Inverkip .....2396 Gasson.....T and Co
Indo-Maru ...3972 Momeiya .....Kobe..... O S Kaisha
Khosrou.....2410 Hannah .....Jeddah .... T M and Co
Kola ....570 Minnett .....M M and C
Kanzler.....1863 Schapp...A Strandes & Co
Manin.....1079 Zennaro ..T M and Co
Montebello ...2770 Gill ..Hall J Finlay and Co
Muttra.....2935 Corey .....M M and Co
Saaed.....157 Bonsfield.....Port Said..... Arab Strs Ld
Stephanotis..2584 Goodridge...A Yule and Co
Hoseineo... 964 Fanning .....T Morrison & Co
Ville-de-la-Ciotat.....Lafont... M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Sept. 4.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Dues.	Date.	Agents.
A Kirkles.....	2275	Currie.....		J F and Co
B City of Glasgow	4185	Wilson...	K'chi...	6-9... ...K Nixon and Co
C&R Chindwara..	3307	Bloxq ..	Calcutta	6-9 M M and Co
D E Sango a...	3348	Sco't	Java ...	7-9 .. M M and Co
F Strathearn.....	2815	Braddon ...	Hall...	6-9 ...K N & Co
H Bria Khura.....	2440	Proctor ..	Dunkirk...	9...K N & Co
K Penang Maru..	3274	Murazzuni	Kobe...	6-9 N Y Kaisha
M China	4160	Tocque...	China ...	10-9 ..... P & O Co
N Umvalosi ..	1855	Miller ...	Middlesbrough.....	W and A G and Co
O Redbridge ...	2444	Vassey	Genoa...	6-9 W and A G and Co
P Uheafels ..	3568	Olbroon ...	W & A G	and Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Nurani ..2870 Atkin...Jeddah ...T M & Co
4 Palamcotta ..2207 Elton ...Durban 5-9 M M and Co
5 Persia ...8779 Nardo...China ..A L S N Co
6 Chanda... . 3960 Cunningham ..Antwerp... 5-9 ...M M & Co
7 Rysbergen..... ..... Burgen .. M M & Co
8 Banca ..3795 Garwood...Port Said 2-9 .. P and O Co
9 Liebenfels ... 2830 Kobleras ...Hamburg... 12-9 .. W and A G Co
10&11 Delta . 4780 Martin...Shanghai...24-9... P and O S N Co
12&13 Arabia...4998 Palmer...London...6-9 P and O Co
15 Crostafels...3333 Sacken ..Antwerp ...5 9 .. W & A G & Co
16 Capri .....4200 Partunato ...Genoa...8-9 M Italiana

H W P D

Mahanadi...569 Ahmed . Karachi 5-9 P&NCo
Saraswati.....443 Ebrau .....Bo S N Co

Offside Q

Konig.....3176 Cultz .....O S and Co

ARRIVALS

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination
3	Islanda.....	Maclean...	Calcutta, Aug 3
4	Adamsturm. . Ville-de-la-Ciotat	Hatenheid. Lafont	Cochin, Sept. 1 Marseilles, &c

DEPARTURES

Sept	Vessels.	Commander	From
4	Dumra ..... Farjora ..... Ula ..... Massilia	Burbridge... Commock .. Oliver ..... Thomson...	Busreh, &c Persian Gulf Anderhead Liverpool &c

The steamer Chanda, Captain Cunningham obtained portclearance yesterday for Antwerp &c.

The steamer Colaba, began to load yesterday for Antwerp etc.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Co's steamer Nevasa, left Suez on the afternoon of the 3rd instant. The same Co's steamer Culna, left Suez on the evening of the 2nd instant.

DAILY EXPORTS—SEPT. 4.

FOR LONDON.

Arabia s—1,720 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros.

DAILY IMPORTS—SEPT. 4.

Steamer Colaba from London, Agents, M M and Co—249 cases apothecaryware etc., 7074 casks 16 cases cement, 16 cases quinine, 1 case clocks, 1 case morphia, 9 cases glass globes, 36 cases drugs, 140 cases medicines, 4 cases chloroform 107 cases medicinal tinctuve, 29 crates cement slabs, 5 cases lampware, 164 cases wines, 80 cases gin, 14 cases sauce, 38 cases beer, 10 cases liqueurs, 9 cases castor oil, 15 barrels rosins, 33 cases glass bottles, 11 cases cider, 42 cases 14 bales paper, 110 drums 125 cases paint oil, 1 case essential oil, 50 cases 100 drums 267 kegs paints, 4 cases colours, 160 drums turpentine, 400 cases biscuits, 10 cases cheese, 50 cases whisky, 17 cases provisions, 78 cases infants food, 131 cases 51 casks vinegar, 20 cases pitch, 35 barrels 89 runlets tar, 10 cases varnish, 34 cases confectionery, 37 cases sugar, 60 pigs lead, 1,168 barrels asphalt, 745 cases oilman's stores, 14 cases hosiery, 2 bales yarn, 4 bales cotton and wool. 10 cases tobacco, 121 casks tallow, 28 cases soap, 14 cases toilet soap, 2 cases silk.

Steamer Konig from Zanzibar, Agents, A Strandes and Co—531 bags potatoes, 6 bags colombo, 80 bags oilseeds, 291 bags cowries, 855 bundles cloves, 32 bundles cloves stems.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE charges for announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, are Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

MARRIAGE.

WATSON—BREITHAUPT—At St. Stephen's Church, Ootacamund, on the 27th August, by the Rev. R. H. Welchman, M.A., Major Spencer Burton Watson, 64th Pioneers, third son of the late W. Spencer Watson, M B., F.R.C.S., of 7, Henrietta Street, Cavendish Square, to Aline Undine Frederica Breithaupt, eldest daughter of Mr. G. Breithaupt, late of the Bank of Madras, and Mrs. Breithaupt of Avenel Lodge, Ootacamund.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Olympia Picture Palace, Sandhurst-road.
Excelsior Cinematograph, at 6-30, 8-30 and 10 p.m.
America-India Cinematograph, Charni-road.

Maxim: The best means to be free from anxiety is resignation.

ENGLISH MAILS.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Company's mail steamer "Arabia" leaves Bombay harbour on Saturday, at 2-30 p.m.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE.

[In force from 1st September, 1913.]

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard time is given in all cases :—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	17-15
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur)	13-20	21-0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8-45	13-30
Madras Mail	6-0	21-30
Poona Mail	11-10	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class)	6-40	7-30
Poona Express	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express	11-30	14-25
Postal Express for Punjab ...		*
do do for Calcutta ...		*
do do for Madras ...		*

* Four hours after Mail steamer is signalled on Fridays only.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	8-30	21-0
Gujerat Mail	7-30	21-30
Third Class Kathiawar Express & Delhi Fast Passenger 1st, 2nd and 3rd ...	6-45	21-45

STUDENTS BROTHERHOOD:—Under the auspices of the Students' Brotherhood Principal W. G. Robertson M. A. of the Gujarat College will deliver a public address in the Hall of the Prathana Mandir, Girgaon, this evening at 6-30 p. m. on "John Lily and his influence on Literature" All are cordially invited to attend. Front seats will be reserved for the members of the Brotherhood. The senior and junior classes of the Brotherhood will meet as usual on Sunday at 9 a. m. at their respective places and will be conducted by by Prof P. A. Wadia, M. A. and Mr. D. G. Dalvi, M. A. Mr. H. J. Bhabha's Address fixed for Saturday has been postponed.

MUSIC AT THE ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel R. C. H. Barnard, V. D., and Officers, the String Band of the 1st Battn., G.I.P. Ry. Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh S. Mitchell, Band Master, commencing at 6-15 p.m. to-day :—

March .....Berliner Luft .....Lincke
Three Dances (from) .....Nell Gwyn.....E German
1 Country Dance, 2 Pastoral Dance. 3 Merrymaker's Dance.
Valse .....Contemplation.....Kandt
Grand Selection .....I Pagliacci .....Leoncavallo
Idyll .....The Land of Dreams .....Driffill
Selection ...Princess Caprice...Leo Fall
Intermezzo ...Secrets .....Ancliffe

SUN, MOON AND TIDES, AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time; Depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill.

HIGH WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on sill.
September		h. m.	ft. in.
Fri	5	m 2 10 a	27 9
		s 2	7 8
Sat	6	m 2 51 a	26 6
		4 0	26 7
Sun	7	m 3 40 a	25 2
		5 15	25 8
Mon	8	m 4 45 a	23 11
Tues	9	m 7 0	25 3
		6 19	23 2

LOW WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on sill.
September		h. m.	ft. in
Fri	5	m 8 21 a	15 3
		8 44	19 1
Sat	6	m 9 6 a	16 2
		9 46	20 6
Sun	7	m 10 2 a	17 4
		11 33	21 5
Mon	8	m 11 21 a	18 3
Tues	9	1 40 a	21 4

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week :—

Sept.	Sunrise.	Sunset.
5 (Friday)	do 6h. 24m.	do 6h. 51m.
6 (Saturday)	do 6h. 25m.	do 6h. 50m.
7 (Sunday)	do 6h. 25m.	do 6h. 49m.
8 (Monday)	do 6h. 25 m.	do 6h. 48m.
9 (Tuesday)	do 6h. 25m.	do 6h. 47m.

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Last Quarter, August 25th, 5h. 47-8m. A. M. New Moon, Sept. 1st, 2h. 8-1m. a.m.; First Quarter, 7th, 6h. 35-9m. p.m.; Full Moon, 15th, 1h. 15-9m p.m.

MR. DADABHAI NAOROJI.

CELEBRATION OF HIS 89TH BIRTHDAY.

GOOD WORK DONE BY INDIAN LADIES.

The fourth of September being the anniversary of Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji's birthday the Hindu Stri Mandal (Indian Ladies' Association) yearly celebrate that day, Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji having been the pioneer of female education in Bombay.

A deputation of ladies headed by Bai Jamnabai Nagindas Sakai, President of the Mandal, waited on Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji at his residence at Versava near Andheri.

The ladies garlanded Mr. Naoroji with a "malla" of the choicest flowers and in an address they recalled with feelings of gratitude Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji's labour and toil in establishing schools for the young women of this country, and the zeal and interest evinced by him for the raising of the social status of Indian ladies. For the position which Indian ladies had secured to-day they were indebted to the efforts of Mr. Naoroji.

MR. DADABHAI NAOROJI'S REPLY.

Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji addressed the deputation in the following terms:—

Mrs. Sakkai, Lady Jugmohandas and other sisters,—I am very much pleased to see you all here. The way in which you all are celebrating my birthday since some years past has deeply moved me. Every year I have the honour to receive your deputation on behalf of the Gujrati Hindu Stri Mandal consisting of ladies of different communities for wishing me long life and happiness. I and delighted to receive your deputation once more. I thank you all heartily for your kind congratulations on my 89th birthday. I am pleased to find from your report that you Mrs. Sakkai took great pains to collect a large sum of Rupees 20,000, for the famine-stricken cattle and men during the last famine in Gujrat and Kathiawar and that not being contented with this, you and your lady associates journeyed to the various parts of the famine-affected districts for a period of nearly three months. This work I highly approve, of and wish that the other members of your Mandal may follow your example in doing such philanthropic work in future. I have also read with great pleasure your and Lady Jugmohandas's good help for the Transvaal Exhibition. The other kind of work that the Mandal undertook during the last two years is also praiseworthy. You very justly insist upon the necessity of female education; and here are the best fruits of such education. Female education is one of the most important factors in the progress of civilization in any country, and the work of your Mandal as such zealous and hard-working pioneers of female education among your Hindu community naturally raises the hope that such praiseworthy work as you have done under the influence of education will continue to promote the higher humanity and progress of the Indian communities. It is exceedingly satisfactory that the awakening towards female education is spreading widely over all India and there is no doubt that this progress in female education will simultaneously with other factors promote all the other phases of civilization and prosperity, viz: political, social, industrial and general human progress. You have my hearty wishes for the success of all the good work you have done during the past ten years and all the efforts you will make in future for the benefit of all our Indian communities. I thank the deputation once more for their kind greetings."

The deputation then withdrew.

In the afternoon a public meeting of Indian laties was held in the Servants of Indian Hall, Sandhurst Road, under the anspices of the. Hindu Stri Mandal (Indian Ladies' Associa-tion.) When Mrs. Badrudin Lukmani presided and many Hindu ladies addressed the meeting.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

"Bombay Government Gazette," Sept. 4.

Mr. B. A. Parakh, Inspector, Liquor Warehouse, Nasik, to be District Inspector, Nasik District.

Mr. H. K. Mehta, District Inspector, Baglan-Kalvan Range, to be Inspector, Liquor Warehouse, Nasik.

Mr. K. F. Antia, Sub-Inspector, Bassein Thana District, to be Sub-Inspector, Bombay.

Mr. R. G. Muby to be Sub-Inspector, Thana District.

Mr. Chimanlal Narayanbhai Mehta, to be Joint Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Ahmedabad, pending further orders.

Mr. Champaklal Jekisandas Ghia has been appointed as a temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon with effect from the 9th August.

A temporary appointment of Assistant Judge under the Provincial Civil Service Rules, is made for a period of six months, and Mr. Tirithdas Chotthram is appointed to hold it and to do duty as Joint Judge and additional Sessions Judge, Hyderabad.

Mr. B. S. Baindurkar, B.A., Mamlatdar, taluka Alibag in the district of Kolaba, is appointed, under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, to be a Magistrate of the First Class in that district.

Mr. C. D. Shah, Head Accountant, Ahmednager, acted as Huzur Deputy Collector, Ahmednagar, from 23rd June to 2nd July.

COLLAR STUD MYSTERY.

The men of London are becoming confirmed shop-gazers. Until recent years the women held all records of endurance in this pastime, but nowadays they are seriously rivalled by their men-folk.

There is a natural explanation of this change, for there never was a time when shop windows offered the varied entertainment that they do to-day. Stock appears to take a secondary place in the modern salesman's scheme. Yesterday, for example, a crowd of men assembled outside a City window in which a collar stud was mysteriously flitting across a sheet of plate-glass. It moved to and fro in no definite path, apparently at its own sweet will and many were the conjectures as to what could be the controlling power. The stud, it appears, was the sport of an ingeniously contrived magnetic apparatus concealed under the glass.

Not so long ago in a Charing Cross-road window a number of electric lamps were seen to be revolving around a pillar, although unconnected with wires or other supports.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE SMALL CAUSES COURT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—You are well aware that owing to certain opinions given by the P. W. D. about the condition of the present Small Causes Court building, the Courts have been temporarily closed, and Government are trying to secure another place for the location of the Courts. It is said that they intend as a temporary measure to take the Court to the old Post Office building, but as far as I know, the only accommodation there available is half of one floor of that building. If that is so, that place would be out of the question, because it cannot provide accommodation even for the office of the Registrar, much less for the Courts. Moreover, that place would be very inconvenient to the numerous suitors attending the Courts and also to the Vakils who will not be able to get Chambers near that building. As it is the P. W. D. that is trying to find out a place for the Courts I would suggest to them the advisability of securing for the Court the building now occupied by the Elphinstone Middle school on the Picket Road as with very few alterations it can be made suitable for Court work and it would be very convenient to the large number of litigants of the Court. The students of the school can be very easily accommodated in the Post Office building or the Elphinstone High School new building, or as the accommodation required for them would be comparatively very small, several buildings in Princess Street or Kalbadevi Road can be found suitable for them at a very moderate rent which can be paid by the Judicial Department. This would also avoid the necessity of building a temporary place for the Court as is intended at present and will save nearly a lakh of rupees to the Government. I would also appeal to the popular Chief Judge of the Court, Mr. Kemp, to move the Government and press upon them the necessity of having this building for the Court at least temporarily. But if it cannot be secured for the Courts, there are several new buildings in Princess Street (some of them nearly completed) which are large enough and certainly not in any way worse than the present Court building and Government can easily secure one of these buildings at a fair rental for three or four years within which time the new Small Causes Court building is sure to be completed. At any rate, I would appeal to Government in the interest of the large number of people frequenting these Courts to secure some place in the vicinity of the present building and not go to the Fort or other out-of-the-way place.—Yours, etc.,

MANEKJI DORABJI KANGA,
Vakil, High Court.

Bombay, Sept. 3.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT THE NEW MUSEUM.

An inquest was held yesterday morning by Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coroner, on the body of one Anandibai, aged about thirty-five.

The woman worked as a labourer at the Prince of Wales Museum, now being erected At about noon on Wednesday she was standing on a plank on the third floor giving some chunam to the masons. The plank, which was placed crosswise on other planks, suddenly went down on one side and the woman fell on the floor below. She became unconscious. A cousin of the deceased, who was working with her, brought her son, and the works manager gave the latter Rs. 2 and told him to take her to a hospital. The son, instead of taking her to a hospital, believing she would get over it, took her home, where she died the same night.

A verdict of accidental death was returned by the jury.

WOMAN KILLED BY A TRAIN.

Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coroner, yesterday held an inquest on the body of a Hindu woman, named Kamlabai, aged 25.

The evidence showed that the deceased was a labourer in the Sassoon Dock yard of the B. B. & C. I. Railway. On Wednesday an empty train was brought in the yard to be loaded with coal, and about 150 labourers were employed to do the work. The train came up and stopped, and the deceased placed a piece of iron piping in position in the wheel to erect a platform. As she inserted the pipe, the train backed two or three yards and the wheel in which the pipe was inserted moved. The woman was struck and fell near the wheel, and was dragged under. Other labourers ran to her rescue and extricated her. She was removed to the G. T. Hospital, where she died in an hour's time.

The jury returned a verdict of death from injuries received by an accidental fall under a goods train.

DEALER'S LOSS.

Abdul Hussein, a dealer in hardware, carrying on business in Nagdevi-street, has reported to the police that one of his servants has absconded with Rs. 672, which he had collected from a customer.

A WOMAN ROBBED.

A Hindu woman, named Rakhmabai, residing at Old Mody Khana, locked her room at 2-30 p.m. on Wednesday and went to work. On receiving information she returned home at 7 p.m., when she found a box broken open and ornaments and cash valued at Rs. 450 stolen therefrom.

THE MANAAR BRIDGE

A recent survey shows that the cost of building the bridge connection between Ceylon and India would be much less than appeared from the original estimate; in fact the total cost for the 22 miles would certainly not exceed 125 lakhs, a cost which either the Indian or the Ceylon Government could bear without inconvenience in view of the enormous benefits which would accrue.

The three ferry steamers now on the way out represent approximately a capital cost of 50 lakhs, or nearly half the cost of a permanent bridge, to which must be added the cost of the upkeep and running, not to mention the considerably more rapid depreciation of the steamers as compared with the bridge.

It is, therefore, obvious, says the "Times of Ceylon," that quite apart from the political importance of the project the bridge is a practical proposition and its construction is only a matter of time.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

REVISED TIMINGS from the 1st September, 1913.

REGULAR daily through Service between Bombay and Delhi; Ghaziabad; Meerut; Saharanpur; Lahore; Rawalpindi and Peshawar.

Bogie Stock, Restaurant Cars, Electric Lights and Fans. Through carriages between Bombay and Lucknow; Kalka via D. U. K. (for Simla) and Peshawar.

DOWN from Bombay.	STATIONS.	UP to Bombay.
H. M.		H. M.
17-15...Dep.	Victoria Terminus, Bombay.....Arr.	12-35
22-26...Arr.	Manmad .....Dep.	7-24
8-18... „	Bhopal ..... „	21-16
11- 4... „	Bina ..... „	18-32
13-25... „	Jhansi ..... „	15-57
15-14... „	Gwalior ..... „	13-48
17-45... „	Agra Cantonment „	11-14
18-41... „	Muttra ..... „	10-19
21- 0... „	Delhi ..... Arr.	8- 0
21-30...Dep.	Delhi ..... Dep.	7-35
22- 9... „	Ghaziabad.....Dep.	7- 5
23-10... „	Meerut Cantt. ... „	5-59
1-24... „	Saharanpur ..... „	3-58
3- 0... „	Ambala Cantonment ..... „	2-11
5-18... „	Ludhiana ..... „	23-44
6-24... „	Julludur ..... „	22-37
8- 4... „	Amritsar ..... „	21- 1
9-33... „	Lahore ..... „	20- 0
16- 5... „	Rawalpindi ..... „	13-32
20-13...Arr.	Peshawar Cantonment ..... „	8-48

BETWEEN BOMBAY AND SIMLA.

17-15.....Dep.	Victoria Terminus, Bombay	Arr.	12-35
21- 0.....Arr.	Delhi	Dep.	8- 0
21-30.....Dep.	Delhi	Arr.	7-10
2-45.....Arr.	Ambalia	Dep.	2-17
3-40.....Dep.	Ambalia	Arr.	1-50
5-33.....Arr.	Kalka	Dep.	0-40
6-15.....Dep.	Kalka	Arr.	0-11
12-45.....Arr.	Simla .....Dep.		18- 0

BETWEEN BOMBAY AND LUCKNOW.

17-15.....Dep.	Victoria Terminus, Bombay	Arr.	12-35
13-25.....Arr.	Jhansi	Dep.	15-57
14- 0.....Dep.	Jhansi	Arr.	15-20
16-20.....Dep.	Orai.....Dep.		13-14
18-45..... „	Cawnpore ... „		11- 8
20- 0.....Arr.	Lucknow..... „		9-45

For up journey read from bottom to top on right hand side.

A. C. Rumboll,
General Traffic Manager.

ARRIVALS.

PER S. S. "TRAFFORD HALL."

The Ellerman Line s. s. "Trafford Hall," Commander J. M. Main, which left Liverpool on the 12th August with the following passengers is due to arrive here on the morning of the 6th instant.

LIVERPOOL TO NAPLES.

Castaldi, Mr Eraldo — Hopcutt, Mr T
Frost, Mr A S — Neilson, Mr J W

LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY.

Aspinall, Mr W S — Tyre, Mr C
Robinson, Mr C R — Tyre, Mrs
Smith, Mrs S two infants and ayah — Waterworth, Capt G F
Swallow, Miss M

LIVERPOOL TO KARACHI.

Heather, Mr A

NAPLES TO KARACHI.

Bateman, Mr H F — Vas, Mr J
Fischer, Mr R E — Younghusband, Rev O
Lindsay, Mr J H — Lindsay, Mrs

NAPLES TO KARACHI.

Leggatt, Mr E H — Lynn, Mr G

PORT SAID TO BOMBAY.

Eleftheriadis, Mr — Stravos, Mr. P
Eleftheriadis, Mrs and infant

DEPARTURES.

PER S. S. "VILLE DE LA CIOTAT." SEPT. 4.

THE following passengers will proceed to Colombo and Australia by the Messageries Maritimes Coy's steamer "Ville de la Ciotat" on the 5th inst. from the stream:—

COLOMBO.

Misso, Mr P M

YOKOHAMA.

Kobrayashi, Mr F

HONGKONG.

Shroff, Mr J A — Naorojee, Master G

KOBE.

Dass, Mr Nolin Ch

ADELAIDE.

Pitcher, Private J — John Scott, Private
Edwars, Private

MELBOURNE.

Urnchmore, Sergt T E — Hansford, Mr
Smart, Bombardier — Deville, Mr and Mrs
Clifton, Sergt A F wife & 2 children — Catherine, Sister
Primal, Mr P C T — Iva, Sister

SYDNEY.

Recktria, Mr — Brunner, Courtese
Mackenzie, Private N — Ribaux, Mrs
Tarcorah, Mr — Dovat, Mr and Mrs
Heeria, Mr — Ladegaistri, Mrs M and 3 children
Marcillac, Mr wife and 4 children — Geldenblum, Mr D
Lefebvre, Mr — Papackristos, Mr E
Hoppenstedh, Mr — Strabigos, Mr S
Le Moal, Mr — Straligos, Mr D
Remy, Mr — Milmann, Mr wife and baby
Girabal de Mataro Mr — Goldring, Mr A
Kuchti, Mrs — Mitef, Mr P

NOUMEA.

Drie, Mr — Scampini, Mrs
Maueyrol, Mr — Elain, Mr
Pennel, Mr wife and 4 children — Vance, Mr
Bow, Mr and Mrs and 6 children — Valtier, Mr
Bocquet, Mr — Four Corporals and 15 French mariners.

SHIP FATALITY.

A stevedore labourer, Mukmal Gul Amir (35), was at work in No. 2 hold of the S. S. "Delta", lying at the Victoria Dock, on Wednesday evening, when he noticed a sling of planks catch under the edge of the hatchway on the tween decks as it was being hoisted out of the hold. He tried to move the sling clear when he overbalanced and fell on his head into the lower hold. He was taken out on to the deck where he died in a short time.

CURRENT EASTERN NEWS.

The Anglo-Indian community of Cochin, numbering over three thousand, are making arrangements to memorialise the Madras Government through the local Municipal Chairman to reconsider its decision to omit the proposed European and Eurasian ward from the estimate of the new Municipal Hospital submitted by the local Civil Surgeon.

A sensation has been created at Penang by the exhuming from the local cemetery of the body of Mrs. Emma Karl, who died on August 18. She was an elder sister of the late Dr. Locke. A *post mortem* was held in the hospital by Dr. Tennant, the result of which has not been disclosed. The authorities acted on the complaint of a member of the family.

It is Stated that the cruiser "Philomel," which has served two commissions with the East Indies Squadron, is to go to the New Zealand station and for that purpose will be recommissioned at Hong-Kong in September. A new crew for the "Philomel" will be despatched from England by the battleship "Triumph" which is joining the China Squadron. The "Philomel" has taken an important part in the putting down of the gun running in the Persian Gulf and on the Somali coast since she came to the station.

The Ceylon police have had to deal with the case of a Tamil who committed suicide rather than work. He was a boy of sixteen years of age, who was left behind with his uncles on an estate when his parents went to India. It transpired that the deceased was obstinate and disobeyed the orders of his uncles, who wanted him to turn out for work instead of idling in the lines. After the departure of his uncles to work in the morning the boy, who resented the order to work, hanged himself in the lines, where he was found suspended from the beam when his uncles returned.

The "B" or police team of the Calcutta Volunteers commanded by Lieutenant Walker, who is Deputy Commissioner of Police, turned out at the Lillooah Rifle Range to compete with the new pattern short rifles in a shooting match against a team representing the E. I. Railway, under the command of Lieut. Burns, armed with the old pattern weapons. The competition was most interesting, the police team leading right through point by point. Corporal Heam, of the Port Police, put up a "possible" at 200 yards.

Which is the most picturesque street in Calcutta? Some, says the "Englishman" vote for Chitpur Road on the ground that it is essentially Oriental in its *tout ensemble*. Others consider Harrison Road the most picturesque highway of Calcutta. It would rather be interesting to obtain the views of all the residents of the city. Whichever street in Calcutta is the most typical of the city, it has not risen to the topographical eminence, so to say, of, for instance the Chandni Chowk of Delhi. Probably, Chowringhee is more closely associated with the name of Calcutta in the mind of the globe-trotter than any other street, but then is Chowringhee a typical thoroughfare of the city?

A sensational incident occurred on the steamer "Clan Macintosh" before she left Port Pirie (South Australia) recently. The Third Officer (D. S. Petwick) had occasion to reprimand a member of the Lascar crew. The man resented the Officer's interference and became abusive. On the following day the Second Officer felled one of the Lascars as he was in the act of striking the Third Mate with a shovel. The Officers chased several of the coloured crew into the forecastle, but having no firearms were obliged to retire. On the next day Petwick was savagely attacked while on deck. He had several members of the crew against him, and one off them struck him a severe blow on the face with an iron bar. The Officer was rendered unconscious, and he was taken to the hospital with a broken limb. The matter was not reported to the Police, as the Captain of the vessel was anxious to leave port.

An amusing story comes from a native State in southern India, writes *Capital*. The necessity of a Government fire engine after years of anxious deliberation had been borne in on the minds of the powers that be: and accordingly, after the invariable dilly-dallyings, one was ordered from a well-known firm of Calcutta engineers. Arrived at the State, the case with the engine inside was carefully enshrined in a go-down and there it remained for many moons. By and by, in the fulness of time, a European engineer was appointed to the State and in going over the list of State goods and chattels he discovered that there should be a fire engine. "Where is the fire engine," he enquired. "Oh, in the go-down," was the reply, "in the case as it arrived." To unpack it was the next proceeding, when lo and behold a rice huller and not a fire engine was the outcome! Inquiries resulted in the discovery that at the time of despatch from Calcutta, a rice huller was also sent to an Indian gent further south, and by some mischance the fire engine was delivered to him and the huller to the State. Whether the Indian gent aforesaid used the engine for hulling rice and with what results is not known, as he has systematically ignored all letters written to him on the subject.

BOMBAY CHORAL SOCIETY.

The Bombay Choral Society of which Admiral Peirse is President and the Hon'ble Mr. J.P.Orr, Vice-President, is making excellent progress with the "May Queen" and Gounod's "Faust," of which they hope to give a public performance next November. The Society is rather weak in sopranos at present and is anxious to get as many new sopranos as can be found to join Weekly practices are held at 6-45 p. m. every Tuesday at the Elphinstone College.

CORNS HAVE EARS, but these are perhaps the only ears in the east that have not heard a good report about SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC the renowned cure for Malaria, Influenza and all other fevers. From Mombasa, Edward St. Rose and Co., writes, "Your Squibb's Mixture seems to work like magic here, and is fast making a name in the coast districts." Of all Chemists.—MADON SONS and Co., Crawford Market, Bombay. Phone No. 702.

Secret of Mysterious Power Revealed at Last.

How Prominent People Have Gained Wealth and Popularity.

Famous Gypnotist Perfects Simple Method that Enables Anyone to Control Thoughts and Acts of Others, Cure Disease and Habits Without Drugs, and Read the Secret Desires of People Though Thousands of Miles Away.

Wonderful Book Describing this Strange Force and a Character Delineation Post Free to all who Write at Once.

The National Institute of Sciences has appropriated £5,000 toward a fund for the free distribution of Prof. Knowles' new book "The Key to the Development of the Inner Forces." The book lays bare many astounding facts concerning the practices of Eastern Yogis, and explains a wonderful system for the development of Personal Magnetism, Hypnotic and Telepathic Powers, and the curing of diseases and habits without drugs. The subject of practical character reading is also extensively dealt with, and the author describes a simple method of accurately reading the secret thoughts and desires of others though thousands of miles away.



The almost endless stream of letters requesting copies of the book and character delineations indicate clearly the universal interest in Psychological and Occult Sciences.

"Rich and poor alike benefit by the teachings of this new system," says Prof. Knowles, "and the person who wishes to achieve greater success has but to follow the simple rules laid down." That many wealthy and prominent people owe their success to the power of Personal Influence there is not the slightest doubt, but the great mass of people have remained in utter ignorance of these phenomena. The National Institute of Sciences has, therefore undertaken the somewhat arduous task of distributing broadcast, without regard to class, or creed, the information heretofore possessed by the few. In addition to supplying the books free, each person who writes at once will also receive a character delineation of from 400 to 500 words prepared by Prof. Knowles.

If you wish a copy of Prof. Knowles' book and a Character Delineation, simply copy the following verse in your own handwriting:

"I want power of mind,
Force and strength in my look,
Please read my character
And send me your book."

Also send your full name and address (state whether Mr., Mrs., or Miss), clearly and address your letter to:—

National Institute of Sciences, Dept. 635 E. No. 258, Westminster Bridge-road, London, S.E., Eng. If you wish you may enclose 4d. (stamps of your own country) to pay postage, etc.

APENTA

BEST NATURAL HUNGARIAN APERIENT WATER

Ideal for daily use

THE HAIR TONIC FOR THE ORIENT



Do not use cheap and inferior Hair Oil which injure Hair and Brain.

KAMINIA OIL has been for countless years awarded a Gold Medal in the Myore Exhibition, and Certificates of Merit at the Allahabad Exhibition.

KAMINIA OIL

Nourishes the Hair,
Removes the Dandruff,
Increases the Growth,
Beautifies the skin

It's not only a hair tonic but a skin tonic too. Little rubbed on the body just after the bath produces refreshing sensation and makes the skin velvety. Delicately Perfumed. The finest Hair dressing.

PER BOTTLE RE. 1, V. P. E

MARKET REPORT.

REUTER'S COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, Sept. 3. BOMBAY, Sept. 4.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols	73 3-4		1-8
2½ do. Rentes.	89 1-2		1-4
3½ do. Sterling Loans ...	90 1-4	un	chgd
do. do. Gov. Securities.. ...	63 7-8	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London Spot	27 9-16	un	chgd
do. 2 months' hence ...	27 11-16	un	chgd
Bar Silver in New York	53 1-8	un	chgd
Exchange on London at Paris ..	25·24 1-2	un	chgd
do. do. at Berlin.	20·43	½	
do. do. New York	4·86 7-8	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate ...	4 1-2	since	
do Short London Bills	17th Apl.		
3 months' sight ..	3 11-16 d	un	chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight ...	¼	un	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	¼ 3-8	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	¼ 7-8	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans. ...	2 3-8	un	chgd
do. 7 day Market Loans	2 3-4	un	chgd

Bar Gold ..77·9 unchgd.
Exchange on India 30 days sight (bank buying rate) Is. 3 29 32. Unchanged
Closing tone of silver—Quiet.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day, for Rs. 60,00,000.

Rs. 39 60,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
" 6,70, 00 " to Bombay.
" 12,60,000 " to Madras.

" 58,90,000

Tenders on Calcutta, at Is. 4 1-32d. (Min. Rate) received 2' per cent. above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment Calcutta and Bombay 16·03.

Telegraphic Transfers :—
Rs. ... were allotted to Calcutta.
1,10,000 " to Bombay.
..... " to Madras.

1,10,000

Tenders on Bombay at Is. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 27 per cent. above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment Bombay... ... ... 16·06
Total Amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale 50,20,000
Amount to be allotted next week ... ...Rs. 60,20,000

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot ... Firm. Fair demand.
Futures ... Irregular.
Manchester ... Dull. Inactive.
Total Sales ... 10,000
Sold on speculation and for Export ... 500
Imports ... 6,000
Mid-Americans ... 7·40+34
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown .. 10·00 +25

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
6·94	6·90	6 84
+15	+15	+15
Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb	Feb.-Mar.
6·84	6 84	6·85
+15	+15	+15

Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May-June.	June-July
6·86	6·86	6·85	6·84
+15	+15	+14	+14

New York 11 a.m., Oct. 12·94 Jan. 12·80.
New York official noon sail Oct. 13·07 Jan. 12·96.
New Orleans 10 a.m. Oct. 12·88 Jan. 12·97.

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
2 Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports	...20,000
2 „ Receipts at U. S. last year	...12,000
„ Exports to Great Britain	... Nil
„ Exports to Continent	... Nil
„ Spot Co ton	13·30+30

Futures—Month of Oct. 13·16+24
Futures—Month of Jan 13·05+25
Advanced on commission houses buying and declined partially under realizing.

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton	...12 3-4 +5-16
Futures month of Oct.	...13·07+22
Futures month of Jan.	13·15+24

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Bengal M. G.	... d 5 5-16
F. G. Bengal M. G.	... d 5 7-16
Fine Bengal M. G.	... d 5 9-16
Good Bhownagger	... d 5 13-16
F. G. Bhownagger	... d 5 15-16
Fine Bhownagger	... d 6 1-16
Fine M. G. Bhownagger	... d 6 1-16
Good Oomras M. G.	... d 5 7-8
F. G. Oomras M. G.	... d 6
Fine Oomras M. G.	... d 6 1-8
Good M. G. Oomras	... d 5 7-8
Fine M. G. Oomras	... d 6 1-8
Good Broach ...	... d 6 1-8
F. G. Broach ...	... d 6 9-32
Fine Broach ...	... d 6 7-16
Good Khandeish ...	... d 5 3-4
F. G. Khandeish ...	... d 5 7-8

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi	...Nominal.
Wheat White Karachi	...37 1-4
Do. Months	Oct.-Nov
Do. Name of Ports	—Hull—Done.
Wheat Red Karachi	...Nominal.
Tone—Steady.	

SOUTH AMERICAN WHEAT
Rosario Santa Fe ... No quotation.
AUSTRALIAN WHEAT
Victorian ... 36 3-4 Sept.-Oct. - Sellers.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c ex-ship. ...53 1-4—1-4
Do. Months — ...Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports - Antwerp - Sellers
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs 85 p. c. ex-ship ...54 1 4 unchgd.
Do. Months— ...Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports. - Antwerp -Sellers
Brown Cawnpore ...48 3-4 unchgd
Do. Months — ...Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Port.—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet.

LINSEED—
Bombay, per 416lbs ex-ship ...49 3-3
Do. Months— ...Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone—Firmer.
Linseed Calcutta ...47 9+4 1-2
Do. Months— Sept.-Oct. London—Value—Firmer.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata...46 1-8+3-4
Do Months— ...Sept-Oct.
Do Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.

COTTONSEED—
Bombay Cottonseed Market...27-1-8 unchgd. Sept.-Oct.—Dull—Sellers- Quiet

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
Fair Rio Coffee ...9 1-4 unchgd.
RUBBER
Para Rubber ...3 7—1-2 Sept.—Value—Steady.
METLS—
Standard Copper G M B £72 11-16+1 1-16
Copper Brasiers ... £ 86 1-2+1-2
Yellow Metal ... 7 1-4—1 3d.
ARRIVALS :—
"Kaybtala."
BEEF & MUTTON TALLOW—
Finest Australian Beef Tallow ... 38
" " Mutton Tallow ... 38
Tone—Dull

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING. Sept. 4th 1913.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT,—
The following are the latest telegrams received here :—
WELD & Co., Liverpool :—"Market firm at the opening on considerable fresh buying and further short covering. Some hedge selling and long liquidation. During the afternoon eased on some long liquidation both at New York and Liverpool, the South also selling a little more freely. Market again improved towards the close on local operators covering." New York :—"Market closed steady but very nervous. No demand from American spinners at the advance" Our Liverpool friends wire :—"Compared to last year, present facts indicate a crop of from 13 3-4 to 13 1-2 million bales."
GRUNING & Co :—"The Agricultural Bureau Report indicates a crop of 13 1-2 million bales."
A STEIN & Co. :—"Market affected favourably entirely by speculative operators buying."
A further advance of about 25 points is advised in the American markets. Prices have advanced very sharply the last two days, and it is possible we may see some temporary reaction, but the near future still depends a good deal on weather and crop reports. We yesterday stated that on the Bureau Report the crop did not look like turning out more than thirteen and a half million bales (which by the way the printer made "therein and a half"), and it will be seen from the above telegrams that Messrs. Gruning and Co. and Messrs. Weld and Co. practically confirm this estimate.
The local market is closed to day. Good Broach is quoted Rs. 3 9, fully good Bengal Rs. 254, and fine Khamgaon Akola January Rs. 299.
The Banks and all markets are closed to-day for a public holiday.

GRIFFITHS' COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at U S Ports ...	20,000
Exports to Great Britain ...	.....
Exports to Continent ...	.....
Spot Cotton at New York ...	13·30+30
Future Oct ..	13·16+22
„ Jan....	13·05+26
Spot closing tone —	... ...
Futures closing tone ...	Firm

General Tone of Market Opened.—Firm and advanced on commission house buying, later declined partially under realising.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 3.

Spot Cotton at New Orleans ...	13 3-4+5-16
Future Oct.....	13·07+22
„ Jan....	13·15+24
Future closing tone ...	.....

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 3.

COTTON.
The Liverpool market opened for spot.—Steady and closed Firm.
The Liverpool market closed for futures—Steady.
The Liverpool market closed for East Indians. Steady.

Total Day's Sales	10,000 bales
Sales on Spec and export ...	500 „
Total Sales of Surats ...	.....
Total Day's Imports ...	6,000
Egyptian F. G. Fair Brown	9·80
Mid American at Liverpool ...	7 40
Cotton delivery mid uplands G. O. C. Liverpool,	
Sept.-Oct.	6·94
Oct.-Nov.	6·90
Nov.-Dec.	6 84
Dec.-Jan.	6 84
Jan.-Feb.	6·84
Feb.-Mar.	6 85
Mar.-Apl.	6·85
April-May	6·86
May-June	6·86

MANCHESTER, Sept. 3.
Manchester Piece Goods Market—Steady at the advance, but business checked by high prices asked—Fair enquiry for staples :—Neighbours are buying Grey Shirting medium.

LONDON, Sept. 3.

SEEDS.

Linseed, 4 p. c. Retraction, Landed Terms (per 410 lbs)...Sept.-Oct.—Ldn 47 6 Done
Do. Bombay exship (per 416lbs) ....Sept.-Oct.—Antwerp ... 49 3 Sellers
Do. La Plata ...Sept.-Oct.—Antwerp ... 45 9 Done
Do. Tone of Market at close... Quiet
Do. Tendency of the Market— do
Linseed Oil Spot Pipes Sept.— £25 0·0
do ... Nov.-Dec.— £24-10-0
Do. Tone of Market at close. Quiet
Do. total afloat for U. K. ... 31,000 qrs
Do. River Plate exports ... .
Poppyseed Canal ...Sept.-Oct.—Dunkirk ... 66 Sellers.
Do. Tone of Market at close. Steady
Rapeseed Calcutta Brown Canal Sept.-Oct.—Dunkirk 48 9 „
Do. Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 p.c. exship Sept.-Oct.—Dunkirk ... 53 3 „
Do. Yellow Guzerat, per 416 lbs. 85 p. c. exship Sept.-Oct.—Dunkirk ... 54 3 „
Do. Ferozepore usual bold .....
Do. Jamba Red— .....
Do. Tone of Market at close.—Steady
Cotton Seed, Bombay parcels. Sept.-Oct.—Hull... £7-1-0
Cotton Tone of Market at Close — Steady

LONDON, Sept. 3.

WHEAT.

Wheat, Choice white Karachi Sellers. Sept.-Oct —London... 37 3 „
Do. F A Q Red Karachi (per 492 lbs.) ...Sept.-Oct.—London... Nominal.
Do. Club No. 2 Sept.-Oct.—London ... 37 3 „
Do, Choice white Delhi Sept.-Oct.—London .. Nominal.
Do. Tone of Market at Close Quiet
Do. South Australian ... Sept.-Oct. — 36 Value
Do. Rosario Santa Fe. 62 lbs. No sellers
Do. do. Tone of Market at Close ... Quiet
Do. Red Graded American per central Liverpool October— 7 2 1-4
Do. Afloat to U. K. ... Firm
Do. Stock at U. S. Ports ... .
Karachi Barley ...Aug.-Sept—London ... .

LONDON Sept. 3.

SUGAR.

German Beet-root 88 per cent Sellers. F.O.B. Hamburg Sept ... 9 6 „
German Beetroot. 88 per cent. F.O.B. H'burg. Oct.-Dec. 9 2 1-2 „
„ Closing Tone of Market. Steady
German Granulated C. and F. Calcutta (double Bags) Oct.-Dec. 12 4 1-2 „
German Granulated C. and F. India (double Bags) ..... Oct.-Dec.— .....
German Closing Tone Market— Steady
Austrian Crystals B. R. S. C. and F Calcutta July-Aug. .....
Austrian Crystals B. R. S. C. and F. Calcutta Jany.-Mar. 11 9 „ (Yesterdays read 11 9)
Do. Closing Tone of Market, Steady
Mauritius Crystals C. and F. Calcutta ...Sept.-Oct.— .....
C and F Bombay Sept.-Oct.—11 3 Value.
C and F Calcutta Sept.-Oct.—11 4 1-2 Value
Do. Closing Tone of Market.. .....
E. A. R. and Similar Crystals C. and F. India (double Bags)— Sellers ...Jany. Mar. 13 6 „
E. A. R. and Similar Crystals C. & F. Calcutta (double Bags)— May-June... .....
Do. Closing Tone of Market. Steady
Special Feature—General Report of Market ... .

LONDON, Sept. 3.

JAVA SUGAR.

Java Sugar 16-18 (verage 17) Value.
C. I. F., Calcutta ... Sept-Dec.... 10 10 1-2 „
Java Sugar. 16-18. (verage 17) C. I. F. Calcutta Jan.-Mar. 11 1 1-2 „
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C. I.F. Calcutta...
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi ... Sept.-Dec.... 11 „
Java Sugar. 16-18. (Average 17) Bombay and Kochi Jan.-Mar 11 3 „
Java Sugar 16-18. (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi...
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta ..Sept.-Dec. 11 10 1-2„
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta...Jan.-Mar. 12 1 1-2 „
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta ...
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bombay or Karachi. Sept.-Dec. 12 „
Java Sugar 26 T M O. (or Similar Bombay or Kochi Jan.-Mar. 12 3 „
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bombay or Karachi... ...
Closing Tone of Market— } Quiet Tendency
Special Feature } for lower prices.

LONDON, Sept. 3

METALS.

Copper, Standard G M B ..£72 12 6
„ Best English Selected..£76 10 0
„ Brasiers ...£6 0 0
„ Tone of Market ... Firm
Hard Spelter ...£19 0 0
Tin Block F O B Liverpool £·01 0 0
Yellow Metal ...7 1-4
Galvd. Corrugated Sheets, 24 G. O. G. 81 p.c. F O B L'pool 11 0 0
Basic Steel Bars, C I F Calcutta 5 12 6
Basic Steel Rods C I F Calcutta 6 1 3
Basic Steel Hoops C I F Calcutta 6 15 0
German Steel Sheets, F O B Antwerp ... 6 5 0
German Steel Plate F O B Antwerp 5 7 6
Belgium Iron Bar No 2 ... 5 0 0
Tin Plates, I C Coke 14 by 20, 112 Sheets in box C I F L'pool 0 14 6
Pig Iron, No 3 Cleveland ... 2 14 0
Pig Iron No. 3 Clarence F O B Middlesboro. 2 17 0
Pig Iron Gartsherrie ... 3 15 0
Lead Pig English 20 17 6
Tone of Steel Market ... Steady
Silver, Spot 27 9-16
„ 2 months hence ... 27 11-16
„ Tone of Market— ... Quiet and
„ Special Feature ...unchanged.

LONDON, Sept. 3.

FINANCIAL.

Silver Spot ... 27 9-16
Silver 2 Months ... 27 11-16
Silver Closing Tone of Market—Quiet
Silver Tendency, etc. of the Market ... Unchanged
Rentes 3 p. c. ... ...£ 8 1-4
Consols 2 1-2 p.c. Ex Div...£ 73 3-4
Indian Stock 3 1-2 p. c....£ 90 1-4
Sterling loan ... ...£ 90 1-4
Govt. Securities 3 p. c. ...£ 77 1-4
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 p. c. ...£ 63 7 8
Bar Gold per oz. sh ... 77·9
Opening Tone of Finance Market ... ... Steady
Closing Tone of Finance Market ... ... Steady
Bank of England Rate of Discount ... ... 4 1-2 p.c.
Exchange on India 30 Days Sight 1 3 29 32
London at Paris Fcs. ... 25·24
Berlin cheques on London Mks ... ... 20·44
New York (Demand Bills) ds ... ... 4·85
Interest day to day loans 2 3-8
Do. 7 days Market loans 2 3-4
Discount Bank Bills 3 months Sight ... 3 5 8
Discount Bank Bills 6 months Sight ... 4
Fine Trade Bills 3 months 4 3-8
Fine Trade Bills 6 months 4 7-8

LONDON, Sept 3.

SHELLAC.

Shellac TN Spot... ...100 Sellers
Do. TN Spot Oct. dely .100 6 do
Do. TN Spot Dec. dely..102 6 Done
A. C. Garnet Tone of closing market for TN spot... Steady
Do. do TN Futures do
General Tone of Market—Steady but no much doing.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for... ... ... Rs. 60,00,000
Rs. 39,60 000 were allotted to Calcutta.
„ 6,70,000 do to Bombay.
„ 1,30,000 do to Madras.

Rs. 8,890,000

Tenders on Calcutta at Is. 4 1-32d. (Min Rate) received 27 per cent. above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16·03.

TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS:—
Rs. ..... were allotted to Calcutta.
„ 1,10,000 do to Bombay.
„ ..... do to Madras.

Rs. 1,10,000

Tenders on Bombay, at Is. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 27 per cent. above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16·06.
Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening, including last Public Sales, Rs. 59,20,000.
Amount to be allotted next week, Rs. 60,60,000

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

NAME	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last half-yearly Dividend.	Cash Sale
INDIAN BANKS.				
Allahabad Bank Ld.	100	100	18 p c	365
Alliance Bank of Simla Ld ...	100	100	14 „	283
Bank of Bombay ...	500	500	13 „	1965
Bank of India ...	100	50	6 „	67½
Bank of Bengal ...	500	500	14 „	171
Bank of Madras ...	500	500	12 „	1480
Bank of Rangoon ...	100	100	7 „	100
Bank of Baroda ...	100	50	7 „	70
Credit Bank of India Ld ...	50	10	5 „	13
Punjab National Bank ...	100	100	9	175
People's Bank of India ...	100	100	10	27
Specie Bank ...	100	50	7	61
The Bombay Merchants Bank Ld.	100		6½	14
Central Bank of India —	50	25		30½
EXCHANGE BANK.				
Chartered Bank ...	£20	£20	15 p c	£60
Eastern Bank ...	£10	£ 4	4 „	86
Mercantile Bank(a)	25	12·10	8 „	£21½
Do. (b)	25	12·10	8 „	£21½
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation ...	d125	dl.125	£ 4	£87½
National Bank of India ...	25	12½	12½ „	615

SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Advanced ...	500	500	25	920
Alliance ...	1000	1000	...	75
Berar Mfg ...	200	200	...	70
Bombay Cotton Mfg ...	500	500	40	237½
Bombay Dyeing and M Co ...	250	250	15	745
Bombay United ...	250	250	25	525
Century ...	100	100	3	270
Central India ...	500	500	70	2070
China ...	1000	1000	...	680
Chha Silk ...	500	500	20	445
Colaba Land and Mill ...	700	700	30	1490
Coronation Mill ...	500	500	...	400
Connaught ...	300	300	..	175
Coorla ...	1000	1000	40	700
Crescent ...	100	100	20	130
Currimbhoy ...	250	250	12½	260
Crown ...	500	500	20	600
David ...	450	250	10	585
Emperor Edward..	500	500	10	500
Empress ...	500	500	...	145
Edward Sassoon Mill ...	200	200	6	190
Fazulbhoy ...	250	250	15	612½
Framji Petit ...	1000	1000	25	1630
Finlay Mills ...	250	250	10	840
God Mohur ...	500	500	yr. 20	475
Hindustan ...	1000	1000	25	660
Hyderabad ...	500	500	15	400
Imperial Cotton ...	1000	1000	40	1200
Indian Mfg ...	500	500	...	110
Indo-China Mfg ...	1000	1000	...	460
James Greaves ...	1000	1000	60	1000
Jamshed Mfg ...	500	500	...	200
Jivraj Baloo ...	250	250	5	135
Jubilee Mills ...	1000	1000	...	420
Khandesh ...	1000	619	25	350
Khatow Makonjee...	1000	1000	45	1390
Kohinoor ...	500	500	15	790
Leopold ...	...	...	...	..
Lakshmi Cotton ...	1000	1000	yr. 100	1445
Madras United ...	1000	1000	50	2175
Madhavji Dharamsay ...	500	500	65	1440
Maneckji Petit ...	1000	1000	80	3012½
Morarji Goculdas ...	1000	1000	60	3200
Mysore Spinning...	250	250	...	50
Mysore Spinning...	80	80	...	...
Moon ...	1000	1000	...	100
New Great Eastern ...	200	200	6	230
New City of Bombay ...	500	500	35	1060
Phœnix ...	100	100	6	162½
Presidency ...	1000	1000	...	200
Sassoon Cotton ...	1000	1000	50	727½
Sassoon Silk ...	500	500	yr. 35	350
Sholapur ...	1000	1000	125	4800
S Mahratha ...	250	250	15	57½
Standard Mills ...	500	500	25	1380
Sun ...	250	250	Nil	115
Swan... ...	250	250	10	295
Swadesh ...	500	500	25	1580
Textile	500	500	20	1384
Vishnu Cotton ...	500	500	Nil	470
do ...	500	500	Nil	670
Western India ...	1000	1000	25	624

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock Ashdown and Co ...	100	100	8 p c.	156
All India Ot. Co. Ld ...	100	20	5 „	12½
Bamanlua	10	10	...	4
Back Bay Bath ..	50	50	6 p. c.	28
Bonham Pile ...	70	70	7 p. c.	100
Baroda Tram. Co...	100	100	4 p. c.	60
Bombay Burma T. Corpn	125	125	15 p. c.	67
Bombay Electric S. and T. Co Ld..	£10	£10	Nil	185
Do. do P	£10	£10	6 p. c.	174
Bombay Ice Mfg ...	100	100	4 p. c.	17½
Bombay Flour Mill ...	500	500	20	930
Bombay Land and Building ...	500	500	5 p. c.	...
Bombay S. N. Co.O.	250	250	7-8	220
Do. do. P.	250	250	6	275
Central I. M. Co., Ld	10	10	8½	27½
Delhi Flour	200	200	10	100
Empire of I. L. A...	500	60	30 p c.	300
Jonn Roberts and Co...	100	100	5 p. c.	200
Josts Fans Supply Co....	10	100	10 p.c.	90
Kemp and Co	200	125	12½ „	175
Karachi Landing ...	200	75	12	115
Marcks and Co ...	100	100	8	101
Maraland Price and Co... ... ...O.	100	100	4 p c.	90
Do. do P	100	100	7 p. c.	73
Oriental Govt. L. A. Co	200	50	20 p.c.	490
Oriental Mining ...	...	...	...	...
Phillips and Co ...	50	40	10 p.c.	38
Port Canning Co ...	1000	1000	yr. 42	835d
Shivrajpore Syn. etc.	10	10	...	24
Sirdar Carbonic Gas Co	100	100	5	70 x 0
Soundy and Co ... O.	100	100	...	..d
Tata I. St. Co. D. Ld ...	75	85	...	83
Tephone Co ...	80	80	...	162
Thacker and Co ...	150	150	...	478
Trescherand Co ...	50	50	30 p.c	215½
	25	25	yr. 2	...
	500	500	yr. 30	497½

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar	750	750	250	4800
Albert (Karachi)...	1100	1100	45	825
Bombay Cotton ..	125	125	15	35
Breul's Cawnpore...	200	200	6 p c	128
Broach City ...	200	200	14	170
Fort ...	475	475	22 1-2	1280
Godavery Valley...	100	100	6	...
Harvey and Sabhapatty ...	500	500	40	705
Hindustan P and M	250	250	15	...
Hingolee	100	100	6 p c	80
Indian Cotton ...	125	125	10	132½
Jamna Gin and Pressing Co ...	1000	1000	7	700
Khangaum ...	400	400	9 p c	300
Mahomedpura Cotton ...	125	125	7 1-2	...
Mahuva... ...	200	200	nil	150
Mercantile ...	125	125	nil	21
Marmar Mfg ...	250	250	15	240
New East India ...	1000	1000	75	830
New Mofussil Co...	400	400	60 84	885
New Berar	500	500	40	545
New Prince of Wales	500	500	30	755
Oomri	100	112	nil	...
Purbhany	100	100	10	...
Sind	400	400	30	650
Surat City	200	200	20	245
Volkart U P Co, Ld	500	500	50	690
Wadhwan G. and P	150	150	12	N

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad-Prantej Ry	500	500	8 p c	689½
Amritsar-Patty ...	100	100	6 „	137
Sindh Light Rys Ld (Mirpur Khas... Jhudo Feeder) ...	100	100	6 „	16p
Do. M'pur Khas— Khadro Feeder...	100	100	...	
Tapti-Valley Ry Co.	500	500	4½ „	587½
Ahmedabad Dholka Railway ...	100	100	5½ „	133
Central Provinces..	25	14		96
Gujrat Railway ...	100	14		119

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 3.

There was a steadier tone in the share market to-day, coal opening at yesterday's prices. Jute shares were also steady. Transactions reported include, Baraboni, Rs. 14-12; Bengal, Rs. 795 and Rs 796; Kasoonda, Rs. 17-4 to Rs. 17-12; Katras Orriah Rs. 96; Raneegunge, Rs. 21 to Rs. 21-4; Standard, Rs. 21-4. Jute—Central (prefs.) Rs. 119; Delta, (ords) Rs. 114 and Rs. 115; Kamarhatty (ords), Rs. 107-8; National (prefs.) Rs. 115 and Rs. 116.

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, September 1.
The Weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury :—

Amount Estimated in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1913-14 ...	£ 21,650,000
Remitted from 1st April. 1913, to 30th Aug. 1913, by Council Bills	£ 7,518,861
Balance to be remitted from 31st Aug. 1913 to 31st Mar 1914...	£14 131,139

HIGH COURT.—SEPT. 5.

Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor.

For Judgment.

17-13-693-12—Little and Co The G I P Ry Co vs. The Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay Crawford B and C.

Appeals for Hearing and Final Disposal

22-13—819-12—Unwalla P and P Valibai widow vs Gokuldas Karsondas Madhowji, K and Co Part heard.

53-12936-11—Shroff D and D (for a pauper) Bai Poorbai widow v Bai Moorbai widow Madh K and C.

For passing a Decree.

11-13485-12—Mulji Kh and T Nagindas Ranchordas Shroff v The Advocate-Genl of Bombay, Ard H D and Co. Part heard, 28-8-13.

25-13—1-13—Payne and Co Andrew Yule and Co, a firm vs Ardeshir Bomonji Dubash and anr Pestonji R K and Co.

27-13, 1-13—Bicknell M R and Co. Gulam Husein Essaji vs Andrew Yule and Co. Payne and Co.

26-13, 66-12—Little and Co. The London County Westminster Bank Ld vs The Bank of Bombay, Crawford B and Co.

12-13, 1050-11—Payne and Co. Tribowandas M Nathubai and others vs Mahomedally Lookmanji Sulleman ji. Jehangir and S.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman. In the Division Court No. 53. For Consent Decree.

131-12—Tyabji D and Co. Bai Laxmibai widow v Anandibai widow and ors G J Mantri.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal. Long Causes.

508-12—Captain and V The Advocate General of Bombay vs Dinkar Khanderao and others Shamrao M and N Edg G W and Co. Part heard 9-8-13.

1014-12—Surajmul and Co Sayed Nuru Syed Hoosein Nalband and anr vs Mariambai widow and anr Jamsetji R and D.

1230-12—Hiralal and Co, Rajabali Ranji and ors vs Bai Sonabai, widow and ors Jamsetji. R D Sham M and N Tyabji D and Co.

696-12—Little and Co M R Dubash vs Bai Sonabai widow Ardeshir H D and Co.

355-11—Payne, and Co The Advocate-General of Bombay vs M M Shirazi, Shroff D and D H.

895-12—Bhaishanker The Laxmidas Khimji Spg and Wg Co Ltd vs Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal, Bicknell.

150-12—Sunnis and K M Mohite vs G M Mohite Shamrao.

724-12—Dubash Bhogilal Maganlal vs Ranchordas Varjiwandas Hiralal Edgelow G W and Co Dubash and P.

1324-12—Jamsetji Hiralal Gordhandas vs Jugmohundas Damodardas Madhowji.

142-09—Bhaishanker Raja Bahadur Motilal Shivlal vs Bamonji Rustomji and ors Mulla.

74-13—Dikshit Y V Nane vs Keshavrao, Bhaiji and others Judah.

1346-12—Judah and S. The Advocate-General of Bombay vs. Damoderdas Rangildas and others Matubhai, J and M F P Pavri.

748-12—Hiralal and Co, Jamnadas Dewkaran vs. Mulji Jetha and Co Pestonji R. K. and Co.

539-12—Mulla and M. Radhakissondas Dewarkadas vs. Motilal Rupchand and others Diksit and P; Mulji K. and Th.

317-12—Patell and E. Bai Amtubai widow vs. Javerbai and others Payne and Co; Little and Co. Patell and Viz

83-13—Mulla and M. Messrs Naranji Jetha and Co. vs Jamnabai widow Dastur and Co.

42-13—Raghawaya N. and Co. Manilal Chotalal vs. Surajmal Liherchand and others. Surajmal and Co. Edg G W Co

58-13—Khanderao L. and M Ranchordas Tribowandas vs. Motiram Gangadhar and another. Judah and S. Nadirshaw and D Sabnis and G.

97-13—Captain and V. Haji Ahmed Saley Mahomed vs. Wada Ibrahim and another. Nadirshaw and D; Sabnis and G.

98-13—Nadirsha and D. Dada Ebrahim and another vs. Haji Ahmed Saley Mahomed Captain and V.

1280-12—Dikshit, Khanderao Nana Morobs vs Vasantrao Nana Moroba, and ors Daphtary F and D Mulji K and Th.

189-12—Maneklal, Ronchordas Harjivan and anr vs Abubacker Abdul Rahman, Little.

226-13—Unwala S D Dadyste vs Suleman Abul Wahed and Co Captain.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod. In the Division Court No 43. For Judgment.

572-12—Mulla and Mulla R D Sethna v Kekhushru Cowasji Doctor and ors Craig B and Co. Vaccha and Co

For Consent Decree.

689-13—Mulla and Mulla Bai Shirinbai widow v Bejonji Dorabji Daruwalla and others Ard H D and Co Vaccha and Co.

References.

L A Ref 1-13—E F Nicholson, In Re Government vs Rustamji Beramji Jeejibhoy, and ors Craigie B and C Payne and Co Little and Co.

2-13—E F Nicholson, In Re Government vs The Trustees of the Port of Bombay and ors Craigie Band C Little and Co.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal. Short Cause.

723-13—Sm B and Co Sorabji Pestonji Ghandy and Sons, a firm, v Manukji Beramji Mody Bal and M. Long Causes.

398-11—Jehang

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

COUNTY CRICKET.

SPLENDID PERCENTAGE FOR KENT.

LONDON, Sept. 4.

The result of the County Cricket Championship is Kent 81·48 per cent., Yorkshire 70·37, and Surrey 62·30.—Reuter.

LONDON, Sept. 3.

Sussex beat Surrey, at Hastings, by 21 runs.

The matches between Hampshire and Leicestershire, at Leicester, and Yorkshire and the M. C. C., at Scarborough, were drawn, the first-named elevens gaining first-innings victories.—Reuter.

ST. LEGER FAVOURITE BEATEN.

IN BREEDERS' RACE AT DERBY.

LONDON, SEPT. 3.

The St. Leger favourite, Louvois, was beaten at Derby, to-day, in the Breeders' St. Leger, the distance of which is eleven furlongs.

The result was :—

Roseworthy	1
Louvois	2
Night Hawk	3

Won by half a length ; three lengths between second and third.

Roseworthy carried the same weight as Louvois. There were four runners.

The betting was :—

9 to 4 against Roseworthy ;
13 to 8 on Louvois ;
100 to 6 against Night Hawk.—Reuter.

[Louvois by Isinglass—S. Louvaine, is a bay colt bred and owned by Mr. Walter Raphael who likewise bred and owned Tagalie, the winner of last year's Derby. As a two year-old, Louvois won the Dewhurst Plate, Boscawen Post Stakes, Buckingham Post Stakes and Khedive Plate This year, he has the Two Thousand Guineas to his credit but made a very poor show in the Newmarket Stakes. Ridden by Saxby he came in third in this year's Derby, the betting against her being 10 to 1, while the odds against Craganour were 6 to 4, and Aboyeur 100 to 1].

DERBY WINNER SOLD.

ABOYEUR PURCHASED FOR RUSSIA.

LONDON, Sept. 4.

Aboyeur, the winner of the 1913 Derby, has been purchased for Russia. The price has not transpired. Aboyeur will join Minoru at the Galtee More stud, near Kharkoff.—Reuter.

[Mr. A. P. Cunliffe's Aboyeur is a bay colt by the same sire as Craganour, namely Desmond, out of Pawky. As a two-year-old he ran several times, his chief prominence being gained in the International two-year-old plate at Kempton when he was placed fourth and ran second to Dazzling in the Holiday Two-year old Stakes at Sandown. He was third in the Great Kingston Two-year-old Plate; also at Sandown, whilst his only win was at the Bibury Club meeting in the Champagne Stakes. This year he had apparently only appeared once at Kempton Park in the Easter Stakes when he was fourth. This is not, however, to the exclusion of his sensational win in the last Derby by a hundred to one chance, when, it will be remembered, that Craganour, who passed the winning post first, was disqualified by the official stewards on the ground that he had jostled Aboyeur.]

THE OLYMPIC GAMES.

ACTIVITY OF BRITISH COMMITTEE.

LONDON, Sept. 3.

The Olympic Games Committee continues to draft detailed schemes for the preparation of althletes.

For example, with regard to wrestling, it recommends co-operation between athletic, gymnastic, and boxing clubs so as to attract men to wrestling. It is also enlisting the co-operation of Army and Navy officers, the universities and schools.—Reuter.

POONA RACES.

HORSES LEFT IN FOR SATURDAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Sept. 3.

The following horses have been left in for Saturday's meet :—

THE AUTUMN PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.—Malmsey, 9st 5lbs; Pretty Good Sort, 9st 3lbs; Canberra, 8st 11lbs, Monaleen II, 8st 6lbs; Macann, 8st 5lbs; Smirk, 8st 3lbs; Borgie, 7st 9lbs; Starborn, 7st; Lord Reay, 7st; Vic's Pride, 6st 4lbs.

THE NORTHCOTE PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.—Tachreet, 12st ; Castaway, 11st 4lbs; Prince Charlie, 11st; Principal, 11st; Dehallow, 10st 10lbs; Occident, 10st 6lbs; Mahbcob, 10st 1lb; Aden, 10st 1lbs; Rockbarton, 10st 1lbs; Nimar, 9st 10lbs; Mercy, 9st 7lbs; Munsoor Beg, 9st 3lbs; Little King, 9st 2lbs; Fyzabad, 9st 2lbs; Amood 9st 1lb; Berlin Girl, 8st 13lbs; Wait and Look, 8st 13lbs; Nasirabad, 8st 5lbs.

THE AGA KHAN'S CUP.—Distance 1 1-2 miles.—Monsoon, Gunboat, Mil, Keerit, Coat of Arms, Hilarity, Valerius, Mayfowl and Flying Fish.

THE POONA PLATE.—Distance about 5 furlongs.—Corambil, Dalmatia, Ute, Polish, Lumination, Chobham, Malmsey, Kempion, Hoppner and Kilbirnie.

H. H. THE 1ST AGA KHAN'S PLATE.—Distance 1 1-4 miles.—Tajilmulook, Rozelmulook, Sir Knight, Regent, Purity, Sunspot, Gold Fish II, Welcome and Young Hyderi.

THE DEALERS' PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.—Lookman, Abdul Malik, Singer and Mexico.

THE ARAB PONY DERBY.—Distance 6 furlongs.—Raspberry, Chechan, Master Bill, Beynazeer, Baloz, Kimberley, Zaki Pasha, Thank You, Salisbury, Bahlool, Beethoven, Red Fish, Malayeb, Ream, Polish, Old China and Occident.

CRICKET.

BYCULLA CLUB DEFEATED BY 38 RUNS.

This popular annual match took place on the home ground yesterday and resulted in a win for the Gymkhana by 38 runs.

It is usually of the nature of a pic-nic affair, followed by a most excellent dinner at the Byculla Club, and so it does not lend itself to serious cricket.

The home side were stronger on paper and fully justified book form by winning in fairly easy style. For the winners, Maclaren, Reid and F. W. Sprott were the chief scorers. Reid played excellent cricket for his 82, half of which consisted of boundaries. Three times, at least, this season has he been within measurable distance of his century, but he has always just failed to make it. Sale was top scorer for the loosers and his 57 consisted of 9 fours and a six. C. Stileman was the most successful bowler, securing 3 wickets for 18 runs ; none of the other bowlers' analysis was good. Scores :—

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

C. Maclaren, c Hearson, b Sale	...	35
C. Bowes-Lyon, c Jackson, b Hogg.		9
E. C. Reid, c Colbeck, b Hogg	...	82
P.M.D. Sanderson, c Aston, b Baker		1
E. E. Coombs, c F. L. Sprott, b Baker		0
C. G. Stileman, c Sale, b Hogg	...	19
F. W. Sprott, not out	...	47
C. M. Rennick, b Sale	...	7
T. H. Watts, st Jackson, b Hogg	...	19
G. C. Phillips, b Colbeck	...	1
G. G. Keene, c Jackson, b Elliott	..	14
F. G. Kennedy, b Elliott	...	0
Extras	...	3
Total		237

BYCULLA CLUB.

F. L. Sprott, b Watts	...	0
A. H. Aston, run out	...	18
G. H. White, run out	...	25
F. Hearson, c Sanderson, b Watts		6
L. G. Colbeck, c F. W. Sprott, b Coombs		21
E. L. Sale, b Sanderson	...	57
C. D. Baker, b Coombs	...	7
R. E. Elliott, b Stileman	...	30
A. R. Burney, b Stileman	...	4
R. Marrs, not out	...	10
J. E. Jackson, b Stileman	...	1
M. N. Hogg, not out	...	0
Extras	...	20
Total		199

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

BYCULLA CLUB.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Hogg	21	1	110	4
Elliott	5·5	0	30	2
Marrs	3	0	20	0
Sale	6	0	18	2
Baker	5	0	27	2
Colbeck	10	2	29	1

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Watts	12	1	48	2
Rennick	6	0	28	0
Phillips	9	0	32	0
Coombs	6	0	42	2
Stileman	6	1	18	3
Sanderson	2	0	11	1

QUADRANGULAR CONTEST.

The following gentlemen have been selected to play for the Parsis against the Mahomedans in the first match of the quadrangular contest at Bombay on September 8, 9 and 10 :—

Dr. H. D. Kanga (Captain),
I. S. Warden,
M. D. Parekh,
J. A. Ellavia,
B. H. Mirza,
H. F. Mulla,
R. P. Meherhomji,
D. D. Driver,
D. K. Kapadia,
H. I. Vajifdar,
J. Elchidana.

Reserves : P. Chothia, S. Madon and P. Warden.
Umpire : R. E. Mody.

BANK OF BOMBAY vs. ALFRED C.C.

This match was played at the Oval on Wednesday, the 3rd instant, resulting in a win for the Bank of Bombay by 39 runs :—

BANK OF BOMBAY.

Y A Navalkar	...	9
M Trilokekar	...	28
R B Shroff	...	20
B Mistry	...	3
H J Dibbs	...	0
M S Guzder	...	0
B H Lochhead	...	1
G Stu. Milne	...	0
J P St. Anne, not out		13
B A Talpade	...	0
C Kirtikar	...	14
Extras	...	6
Total		94

ALFRED C. C.

H David	...	14
S J Talati	...	10
M R Mulla	...	0
Driver	...	17
Daruwala	...	8
Dadachandji	...	0
P P Shroff	...	2
J Joseph	...	0
Irani	...	1
Jacob	...	1
N C Talati, not out		0
Extras	...	2
Total		55

BELGAUM CRICKET CLUB FIXTURES.

Fri Sat	Sept 5th and 6th v. The Norfolk Regiment, Belgaum.
Fri Sat	Sept 12th and 13th v. Kolhapur, Belgaum.
Fri Sat	Sept 19th and 20th v. Sirdar's High School, Belgaum.
Thurs Fri	Sept 25th and 26th v. Satara, Satara.
Fri Sat	Oct 3rd and 4th v. Sangli, Belgaum.
Tues Wed	Oct 14th and 15th v. Dharwar, Belgaum.
Wed Thurs	Oct 29th and 30th v. Satara, Belgaum.

GOLF IN BOMBAY.

THE GOLFERS' CUP.

The following is the result of the third round in the competition for the golfers' Cup :—

J. R. Landon,—3 defeated W. H. H. Setwell,—2 by 2 and 1.
J. Hibbertson,—5 defeated D. Forrest, —4 by 2 and 1.
J. W. Jessop,+1 defeated H. P. T. Latter, ser. 1 up.
W. Fraser,—7 defeated M. F. Nicholson, + 1 by one up.
M. Innes Ker, scr. defeated E. Hargreaves, scr. 3 up and 2.
W. H. Collins,—9 W. O. J. C. Cherry, scratched.
N. C. Barstow,—9 defeated T. H Watts,—3 by 2 and 1 after a tie.
N. B. Macbeth,—3 defeated J. E. Grafton,—9 by 4 and 3.

RANGOON PAPERCHASE.

TWO RIDERS INJURED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Sept. 4.

In the course of a paperchase run this afternoon, Mrs. Perry had a nasty fall from her horse, but escaped with slight injuries. Lieutenant Henderson, of the Munster Fusiliers, had a more serious fall and had to be removed to hospital for treatment. His pony was also badly injured about the legs.

CABINET AT PLAY.

HOW MINISTERS ARE SPENDING THEIR HOLIDAYS.

Golfing, yachting, shooting and motoring are the pursuits that are attracting Cabinet Ministers. The Prime Minister, at Lossiemouth, Mr. Lloyd George, and Mr. McKenna are playing golf ; Mr. Churchill, after a visit to Sir Ernest Cassel, at Meiringen, Switzerland, will tour the British Isles in the Admiralty yacht Enchantress, and Mr. Runciman is having an extended yachting holiday in his own craft.

Mr. J. A. Pease and Mr. Percy Illingworth are shooting grouse in Scotland, and Mr. McKinnon Wood is motoring in Scotland.

Other Ministers' holiday haunts are ; Sir Edward Grey, Fallerlen, Northumberland ; Lord Crewe, Crewe Hall ; Mr. Birrell, Sheringham ; Sir Rufus Isaacs, Marienbad ; Sir John Simon, Wales, Lord Lucas, Iceland ; and Mr. Ure, Norfolk.

Two Ministers have crossed the Atlantic; Lord Haldane went to Montreal to deliver an address to the American Bar Association, and Mr. Herbert Samuel is touring Canada to gain knowledge of the Dominion. But the most adventurous M. P. on holiday is Captain Glazebrook of Manchester, who is going to hunt big game in Central Africa.

RACING CLUB DE FRANCE.

Considerable improvements are now being made to the grounds of the Racing Club de France at Colombes, the club having decided to spend a sum of £1,600 in enlarging and perfecting the accommodation for spectators. The stands will be materially extended and improved, and on the popular side terraces will be built higher to hold some 8,000 persons, and will be continued round the ends of the running track. The work has now been in progress several days, and it is anticipated that it will be completed for the opening of the season on October. The Racing Club will then be equipped with a ground which will fulfil the requirements of the U. S. F. S. A, for its international and championship rugby matches.

WELL-KNOWN JOCKEY MARRIED.

The wedding took place at Runcorn in mail week of Thomas Hulme, the well-known steeplechase rider attached to Mr. Whitaker's stables at Royston, and Miss Ada Sandbach a local school teacher.

There was a large congregation. The best man was William Smith, head lad of Mr. Whitaker's stables.

CYCLING RECORDS.

W. R. Hammond, of the Catford Cycling Club accomplished a splendid performance in mail week in a successful attempt to beat the London to Dover and back unpaced bicycle record made by A. G. Norman, of the Spencer Cycling Club, in 1909, when he covered the distance in 8h. 8min.

Hammond covered the full distance of 142 miles in 8hr. 1min. 45sec, Hammond was one of the team which represented England at the last Olympiad.

RECORD GOLF.

Playing over the Royal West Norfolk course at Brancaster with three other professionals, Laurence Ayton, of Bishop's Stortford, went round in the remarkably low score of 64. This round lowered the record for the green by no fewer than five strokes. Tom King, the local professional, has held the green record with 69 for some years in spite of the fact that several professional matches and tournaments have been played over the course.

In the match in which Ayton created this record he was partnered by George Carter (Sanwell Park), and opposed R. Jacobs (Bedford) and G. V. Tuck (South Staffs.) in a four-ball match. Ayton and his partner were, of course, the winners of the match, having a best ball score of 62 against 67. Ayton's card read :—

Out : 4 3 3 4 3 3 4 4 5—33.
In : 3 4 4 4 4 2 4 3 3—31 ; total 64.

FINAL.

BOMBAY RUGBY TOURNAMENT
POONA
V.
WEST RIDING REGIMENT.
ON SATURDAY, Sept. 6, ON THE OVAL,
KICK-OFF 6 P.M.
Admission to reserved enclosure, one Rupee.
Limited number of chairs. Ladies free.
The cup will be presented at the close of the game.

KARACHI NOTES.

SIND LAWN TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KARACHI, Aug. 31.

The Sind Lawn Tennis Championship tournament opened at the Karachi Gymkhana in slightly cloudy and quite pleasant weather. It was feared at one time that rain would interfere with the tournament, but, fortunately, beyond a slight drizzle one morning, play was carried on morning and evening during the week, the rain having withheld till two days after the conclusion of the meeting. A feature of the Championships this year was that it was thrown open to *all* Clubs and Gymkhanas—Indian as well as European—and in consequence the entries were larger and the Committee of Management were in a position to give 3rd prizes in all the events. The meeting is still, however, very much a local affair as but few competitors from other Provinces have yet been attracted to it, notwithstanding that the trophies are very handsome ones and the replicae which become the winner's own property are quite good. Karachi, though admirably situated as a port, is really at this time of the year between the devil and the deep sea, so far as visitors are concerned, for, to the inhabitants of the north of India, the land journey with its great heat, and to the residents of the Bombay Presidency Proper and the south, the sea voyage in the monsoons act as a serious deterrent. Stowell, Hawkes, Crawford and Murray were the only visitors from the Punjab, the two first named being old Karachiites and Mr. and Mrs. Green from Ajmere. Hyderabad sent no less than 6 competitors, but no other part of Sind or Baluchistan had a representative.

THE SINGLES CHAMPIONSHIP.

Crawford, the winner with Rendall in 1911 of the Men's Doubles Championship, won the Cup this year, as was anticipated. He had some strenuous sets against Murray, Gregg and Hudson, the latter, holder of the Cup, but he always seemed to have a reserve of brilliant play which carried him to victory. Hudson had some luck in being drawn in the earlier rounds with weaker players, and hence he did not meet either Murray or Gregg, either of whom might have been in the finals but for meeting and being knocked out by Crawford in the earlier rounds. The best struggle was exhibited by Gregg who in the first set found Crawford very much off his game, and by very fine placing won it at 6-1. In the 2nd set he still held the lead at the beginning, but after awhile Crawford warmed up to the work and by splendid driving and placing, mostly on his opponent's backhand, put the set to his credit at 6-4. In the 3rd set both played brilliantly, but Crawford's shots across the court, especially his backhand ones driven with great force and accuracy, and some of his overhead smashes, were unreturnable and gave him the set at 6-4 and the match. In the final against Hudson, whose strong point is his ability to return and place though without any sting, Crawford was never in any danger, though if Hudson had stuck to the plan of keeping the ball up the centre of the court, he doubtless would have prolonged the sets. Both men played almost throughout the match from the base line, and it was the harder driver who came out the winner.

MEN'S DOUBLES CHAMPIONSHIP.

The final issue of this competition was from first to last very open as there were half a dozen very well matched pairs. The Lahore visitors were reputed to be strong, and Murray, the only new-comer, certainly showed himself to be an exceptionally good and graceful player but was handicapped by being unused to the hard courts such as were played on during the meeting. In their match against Crawford and Newman, the doubtful factor was whether the latter was on his game or not. The match, however, showed he was, and as the other 3 players were on the top of their form, it was one of the most brilliant and interesting of the meeting. In the first set some splendid rallies were seen and it was marked by some brilliant individual play. Good volleying, accurate placing and lobbing and clean hard hitting were seen throughout the set. After a ding-dong struggle Stowell and Murray won at 7-5. In the second set Stowell and Murray appeared to lose their form, especially Stowell. However, they put up a very good fight before being beaten 6-3. In the third set Stowell and Murray recovered surprisingly and took the first game. One all, two all, three all, and four all, were called and then Stowell and Murray playing magnificently together took the next two games, the set, and the match.

Stowell and Murray thus deservedly played themselves into the final against Travers and Hawkes, who had beaten Sparke and West 6-4, 10-8, Hudson and Hayward 7-5, 2-6, 6-0, and lastly in the semi-finals Kevalram and Achalsing 6-4, 5 7, 6-3, the last named pair having been fortunate in meeting weaker pairs in the earlier rounds, though they put up an excellent fight against the champions by good steady play.

Punctually at 5-45 Travers and Hawkes faced Murray and Stowell for the final.

The whole match from beginning to end was one of brilliant strokes. Long rallies were rather rare as all the players were out to kill.

Travers opened the first set and by very fast, accurate service, placed the first game to the credit of his side. Not one of his services was returned. Murray and Stowell then took the second, third, and fourth games, their opponents only scoring three points in three games. Travers came to the rescue of his side and again serving very well secured the fifth game, but only after deuce advantage had been called. The sixth game produced some of the best play of this set. In it were seen some splendid rallies, both sides volleying and returning in great form. After very good play Murray and Stowell won. Score 4-2 in favour of Murray and Stowell.

Hawkes winning his service and Stowell losing his, the end of the eighth game saw the score called 4 all.

Travers again by remarkably good service placed his side a game ahead, only losing one point. Murray replied by winning the next game chiefly by his service; 5 all and so in turn each side took a game until 8 all was reached. Then for the first time in this set, Murray and Stowell won Travers' service and Murray following this success up by very good service on his part won the next game and placed the set to the credit of his side at 10-8.

The second and third sets were repetitions of the first set, only that by winning the ninth and tenth games in each set Travers and Hawkes won the match and championship. Where every player played so well it is impossible to give special praise to any one individual. They all shared equally in the praise and applause which a very large gathering of delighted spectators showered upon them.

MIXED DOUBLES CHAMPIONSHIP.

In this competition Manning and his partner had the luck in the draw, while Hudson and his partner were unfortunate in having to meet Crawford and Mrs. Randle in the very first round. They, however, acquitted themselves very well for they gave the champions one of the hardest fights of the meeting—indeed in the early stage of their match they walked away from their opponents and won the first set at 6-0, Crawford being very much off his game, as he often is at first, and Mrs. Randle was nervous and continually failed in her lobs. However, after the first game in the 2nd set Crawford roused himself and getting into his game, placed and smashed all over the court so effectively that the set was won at 6-4. In the 3rd set Mrs. Randle regained her nerves and coming back to her steady high lobbing which is so often successful in a mixed double where the gentleman opponent is good at net, materially helped her side to run out the winners of the set by 6-3 and the match. In the semi-finals between Crawford and Mrs. Randle and Gregg and Mrs. Young, the latter couple were expected, especially after the way in which they had disposed of Jones and Mrs. Miller in an earlier round, to make a very good match, as indeed they did, for though they lost at 3-6, 5-6, their opponents were never out of danger of losing either or both sets. Mrs. Young played a brilliant game and deserved all the applause she got for her frequent returns of the most difficult shots. In the final, Mrs. Randle and Crawford played Mr. and Mrs. Green. It was generally expected that Crawford and Mrs. Randle would win but there was an agreeable surprise in store for the spectators. Mrs. Green and her partner strongly contested every stroke and only suffered defeat in the first set after a hard fight, by 6-4. In the second set Crawford and his partner took the first game, Green and Mrs. Green equalised by taking the second. One all and two all were called and then Green and Mrs. Green by good combined play won the next two games 4-2. However, Crawford and Mrs. Randle were not to be denied and by good play drew level. Green and Mrs. Green then took the next game making the score 5-4. Crawford and Mrs. Randle then came with a rush and scoring three games in succession won the match and championship. The game was watched with the greatest interest by a large number of spectators amongst whom were a number of ladies. And the frequent applause testified to the appreciation of Crawford's or Green's driving and placing, or Mrs. Randle's lobbing or Mrs. Green's returns and passing shots.

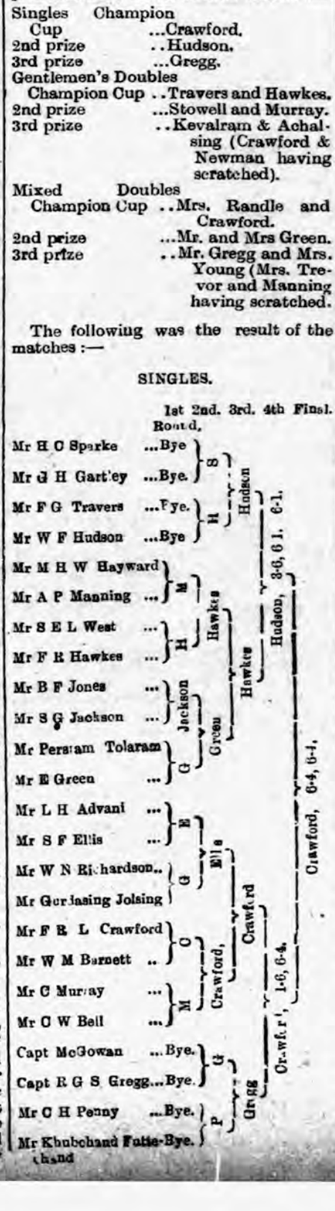
PRIZE DISTRIBUTION.

On the conclusion of the finals all the competitors and a very large number of the members of the Gymkhana assembled on the lawn for the prize distribution. Brigadier-General Shaw, as President of the Gymkhana, gave a short speech, and Mrs. Shaw made the presentations, which were as follows :—

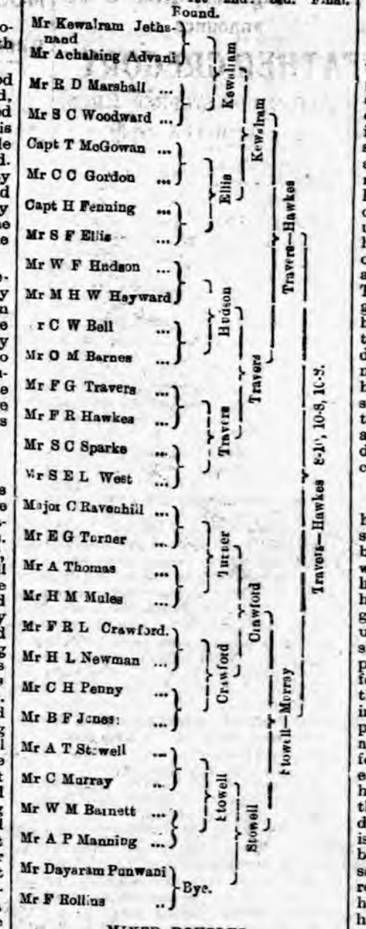
Singles Champion Cup	...Crawford.
2nd prize	..Hudson.
3rd prize	...Gregg.
Gentlemen's Doubles Champion Cup	..Travers and Hawkes.
2nd prize	...Stowell and Murray.
3rd prize	..Kevalram & Achalsing (Crawford & Newman having scratched).
Mixed Doubles Champion Cup	..Mrs. Randle and Crawford.
2nd prize	...Mr. and Mrs Green.
3rd prize	..Mr. Gregg and Mrs. Young (Mrs. Trevor and Manning having scratched.

The following was the result of the matches :—

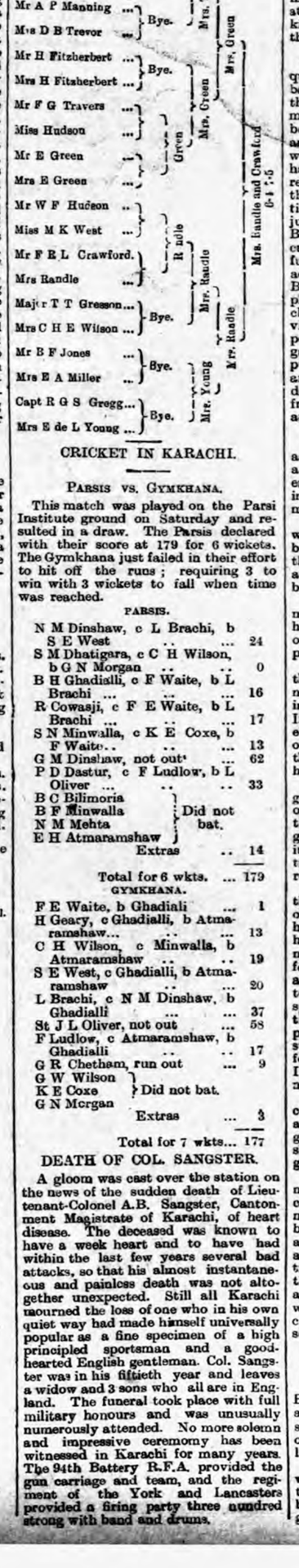
SINGLES.



GENTLEMEN'S DOUBLES.



MIXED DOUBLES.



CRICKET IN KARACHI.

PARSIS VS. GYMKHANA.

This match was played on the Parsi Institute ground on Saturday and resulted in a draw. The Parsis declared with their score at 179 for 6 wickets. The Gymkhana just failed in their effort to hit off the runs ; requiring 3 to win with 3 wickets to fall when time was reached.

PARSIS.

N M Dinshaw, c L Brachi, b S E West	...	24
S M Dhatigara, c C H Wilson, b G N Morgan	...	0
B H Ghadialli, c F Waite, b L Brachi	...	16
R Cowasji, c F E Waite, b L Brachi	...	17
S N Minwalla, c K E Coxe, b F Waite	...	13
G M Dinshaw, not out	...	62
P D Dastur, c F Ludlow, b L Oliver	...	33
B C Bilimoria, B F Minwalla, N M Mehta, E H Atmaramshaw		Did not bat.
Extras	...	14
Total for 6 wkts.	...	179

GYMKHANA.

F E Waite, b Ghadiali	...	1
H Geacy, c Ghadialli, b Atmaramshaw	...	13
C H Wilson, c Minwalla, b Atmaramshaw	...	19
S E West, c Ghadialli, b Atmaramshaw	...	20
L Brachi, c N M Dinshaw, b Ghadialli	...	37
St J L Oliver, not out	...	58
F Ludlow, c Atmaramshaw, b Ghadialli	...	17
G R Chetham, run out	...	9
G W Wilson, K E Coxe, G N Mcrgan		Did not bat.
Extras	...	3
Total for 7 wkts.	...	177

DEATH OF COL. SANGSTER.

A gloom was cast over the station on the news of the sudden death of Lieutenant-Colonel A.B. Sangster, Cantonment Magistrate of Karachi, of heart disease. The deceased was known to have a week heart and to have had within the last few years several bad attacks, so that his almost instantaneous and painless death was not altogether unexpected. Still all Karachi mourned the loss of one who in his own quiet way had made himself universally popular as a fine specimen of a high principled sportsman and a good-hearted English gentleman. Col. Sangster was in his fiftieth year and leaves a widow and 3 sons who all are in England. The funeral took place with full military honours and was unusually numerously attended. No more solemn and impressive ceremony has been witnessed in Karachi for many years. The 94th Battery R.F.A. provided the gun carriage and team, and the regiment of the York and Lancasters provided a firing party three hundred strong with band and drums.

GOLF AND REFLECTIONS.

THE VALUE OF PRACTICE.

The quiet season of the year affords the best opportunity of dissecting one's game, of taking it to pieces, as it were and having a look at it with the object of discovering, and, if possible, rectifying the defects, though the man who is striving after efficiency never really has a quiet season. His general ineffectiveness is a constant source of worry to him but he continues to jog along, very often hoping against hope. But there undoubtedly comes along a time when he does take the opportunity to reflect on the futilities of the past and to look around for some means of salvation. Three parts of the season have now gone. He is no better—quite possibly he is worse—than he was before, and to say the very least of it, he is rather disappointed with himself. All the new resolutions he made and the plans he devised at the beginning of the season, have gone by the board. Most of the year's competitions have gone by and he has done nothing. It is a rather dismal reflection but it is one which is common to the vast majority of golfers.

THE AMBITION OF ALL.

To the unfortunate individual who has been reduced to that unhappy state of mind the best advice that can be given is that he should pause for a while and really make an effort to rid himself of the vices which have led to his undoing in the past. After all, the greatest ambition of all of us is to serve up a really decent game, to play the shots as they should be played—not perphaps with the precision and perfection with which the champions play them, but still, within our limitations, in the way we know we are capable of playing them. Too often the desire is not to spoil a round for the sake of a few practice strokes. We get round the eighteen holes merely for the sake of having the round knowing all the time that we are outraging some of the fundamental principles of good play. That is a desire which at all costs ought to be suppressed. Only a very slight sacrifice is involved, and the beneficial results to be derived from an occasional hour's practice at the stroke which has been causing the most trouble, never fails to provide ample compensation when next one goes out for a full round. Take the professional into your confidence. Let him see your faulty method, get him to show you the proper way, and then go out with a determination to acquire it. Practice play at the best is a dull and uninteresting kind of business, but it well repays all the time that can be spent on it.

FIRST STEPS TO GOLF.

To a great many golfers who are in quest of a useful model on which to base their style, photographs, assuming they are good ones, are often of much more value than the letter-press in a book. The essential features of a stroke are too often smothered in a mass of words. The pictures, on the other hand, may be relied upon to place the real facts in front of the student. For that reason, a modest, little volume entitled "First Steps to Golf," which has just been issued by Messrs. Mills and Boon at the convenient price of half-a-crown may be commended. It is profusely illustrated with photographs of actual shots, and the author, Mr. W. S. Brown, who, we believe, is a plus player, attached to some of the Scottish clubs, has shown a praiseworthy brevity in setting out the really important points. Practically every shot in the game, even to the much misunderstood push shot, is illustrated and explained and there are few players who will not derive much instruction and guidance from a special chapter of general hints and advice.

DO GOLFERS NEED BRAINS ?

"Golf and brains do not seem to assimilate," says Mr. Marshall Whitlatch a famous American golfer, in an article entitled "Mind versus Muscle in Golf," in the August number of the *Century* magazine.

"The scores seem to indicate," he writes, "that there is a direct relation between the amount of brains used and the amount of strokes used in making a round of the course. The more brains, the more strokes.

"In my own case I have recently made a very curious discovery, and have imparted the secret to a number of my friends, who have urged me to pass the word along.

"It is that good golf is played through the lower nerve centres and motor channels, while poor golf is due to the direct inference of the brain, or consciousness. In other words, the more I succeed in eliminating the mental or thinking part of golf, and the more I depend upon the muscular sense, the better my golf has become.

"The professional represents good golf, and his scheme of play is to find out the correct position in action, while the average amateur represents poor golf, and his scheme is to reason out, in a preconceived way, the correct position, with most of his muscles in repose or set.

"To put it more plainly, I should say that the professional, through his sense of feeling, allows his muscles to talk to his mind, while the amateur, through his reason, makes his mind talk to his muscles, or control them. The sense of feeling being the medium the professional uses to arrive at the correct position to make the stroke, he develops from spontaneous muscular reaction, while the amateur makes a mental plan or picture of what position he should assume for a correct address, and therefore is without freedom or spontaneity. It is death to any free and natural movement.

"Because the professional has succeeded better is no evidence that he has a superior mind. If it were mind, or golf were a mental game, the amateur should succeed better because he has given more thought to his work.

"Good golf comes from educating the muscles to the correct feel of the balance of the body and club while in motion. This is essentially physical because it is developed while the muscles are in free and spontaneous action. The average amateur spends most of his time educating himself to a stance with the muscles in repose and his mind in action. His swing is then made without his getting the preliminary feel cultivated by the professional. This scheme is therefore decidedly mental."

SMALLEST GOLF COURSE.

The smallest golf course in Great Britain is probably that on May Island, at the mouth of the Firth of Forth, the sole occupants of which are the keepers of the lighthouse. The island is a mile long and two and a half furlong broad.

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Bombay Gazette

Friday, 5th September, 1913.

THE MEDICAL CONFERENCE.

Few Congresses have attracted more attention in this age of Congresses than the International Medical Congress which met in August, and whose sessions were attended by over seven thousand doctors from all parts of the world, representing all branches of medicine, surgery, sanitation, etc. The proceedings have been followed by the public as well as the profession, and, though many of the discussions were very much beyond the understanding of those not acquainted with medical terms, there were many papers of great interest to the laity. The world is going at a great pace and in every branch wonderful discoveries are being made, but in none has more striking advance been seen than in the realm of medicine. The fight against disease has been waged during the last few years in a way that has no parallel, and the results have justified all the time and money spent on the work. Already we are in sight of victory over some of the dreadful scourges that devastate all countries, and it is hoped that ere long the death-knell of some will be heard. Such, at least, is the general impression after hearing the many addresses given at the Congress by the leading experts of the world, and the facts they brought forward would appear to support it. The past decade has seen a decrease in the death-rate of England, with which there is no comparison, and there is every prospect that the next few years will witness an even greater improvement. It is estimated that there has been a saving of over 50,000 lives a year as the result of precautionary measures against tuberculosis, and about 30 per cent. decrease in the number of infants who have died. Other diseases show an almost great reduction while all along the line strenuous work has been done. So far the diseases that seem to prove the special scourges of India have baffled the researches of experts, though the facts already gained give firm ground on which to prosecute the future work. In several directions, however, the addresses and papers show signal success, and will doubtless result in a more determined effort to enlist the hearty co-operation of the Government and the public.

The Congress gave a welcome to the President of the Board of Trade when he delivered his address on Public Health, and touched on the need for more co-operation between the various countries with respect to those aspects of the profession which were concerned with public health. The increased facilities of travel had made increased possibilities of carrying the germs of disease, so that all countries were concerned with the best means of protecting themselves from the evils which such close relations might bring. On the other hand, he pointed out, that these evils might be more than counterbalanced, and doubtless were, by intercommunication of information regarding disease and improved administrative measures. He showed the close relation that existed between dirt and disease, and urged the profession to encourage the public to assist in the great campaign which has already led to such excellent results. It is a step forward when a people have learnt to realise what dirt is, but it is to be feared that the Indian public have not yet reached that point, and it would appear that many more years will have to pass before that comes to pass. But perhaps the most striking contribution made to the Congress was the address by Dr. Ehrlich on Pathology. Dr. Ehrlich has long been considered the master of this branch and his discoveries in the realm of chemico-therapeutics has considerably enhanced his reputation. He claims to have produced a remedy for a terrible scourge, which, according to those who have experimented with it, has proved very successful. He has given chemistry quite a new place in relation to medicine. His doctrine is that it is possible to discover a chemical substance which will cure most diseases with one or two doses.

This is a large claim, but the facts he has brought forward give strong support to his theory, and there is no doubt we shall hear more of this branch of research in the coming years. He says there are certain chemicals or combinations of chemicals which have the power, not only of fixing themselves on to diseases, but of killing them! He has experimented with wonderful success by a substance known as salvarsan. Several other diseases have also yielded good results, and he believes that in the next five years there will be great progress in the fight against tuberculosis, typhoid, and dysentery. India will welcome any system which will remove these evils from our midst. Against the disease in which salvarsan is used, there is to be a more serious campaign than has been previously conducted. Even the doctors have not laid the stress that ought to have been laid on this evil, but it has been largely due to the difficulty of dealing with the subject publicly that has caused them to remain silent. The figures given at the Congress show what need there is for stringent measures, and the Government has practically decided to appoint a Royal Commission to enquire into the matter, and to suggest the best means of co-operation. Sir Malcolm Morris, speaking on this subject, said that "it was a grave anomaly that the State should stretch out its long arms to protect the community from every other infectious disease, but should fail to lift a finger to protect it from a devastating pest which was more ruthless than the destroying angel." It was urged that steps should immediately be taken for better provision for diagnosis and treatment of the disease, and, if possible, the confidential notification of cases. Much was due to no fault of the sufferer, and it is wrong that these innocent ones should not have all the protection it is possible for the State to give them. The Congress has served several worthy objects. It has enabled experts of all lands to come into touch with each other, and to compare notes; it has impressed on the public the need for increased care in sanitation, at the same time supplying such a record of results as to encourage them; it has shown the need for more money if the work is to go on, which will doubtless result in larger grants from Government and private individuals. Above all, it has opened up visions of a near future when some of the evils which are now so destructive of life, will be conquered. The end is not yet in sight, but the Congress will have given encouragement and hope to those in the van of the campaign.

FIRE-ARMS CENSUS.—A roughly printed half-sheet of foolscap has been distributed in Bombay this week, headed "Return of fire-arms for the year." Below that is printed "Name and address of the holder of the fire-arms," "Number and description of the fire-arms in his possession," "Number and description of the fire-arms disposed of" and "To whom disposed of with address." There is nothing to indicate who seeks this information, by what authority it is asked or by whom the form, if filled in, is to be collected or whither it should be sent. But it appears that the police are asking the questions, that they have distributed the form and that they are anxious to take a census of the fire-arms in the city. They have for a long time been aware that weapons purchased in Bombay have passed out of the hands of the original purchasers and that a considerable number are now in the possession of persons who are not entitled to them without a license. But to trace only those which have been bought or changed hands during the year will not be of much use to them, while no season could be less likely to answer their purpose than the present when Bombay is practically empty. To be of real use, it seems to us, the Superintendent under the Arms Act should look through his registers of the past, say, five years and apply officially, under the authority of the Commissioner of Police, for information as to what has become of the weapons so registered on purchase from the gun-smiths. We imagine the investigation would be productive of many surprises and would certainly prove of more value than the information sought in the document which has been distributed this week. A complete register has existed in the Police Office since 1907 showing the persons who have purchased firearms from Bombay dealers. But that, of course, takes no account of weapons imported by purchasers. It shows that altogether 475 weapons of sorts are held by 379 licensed persons, but the chances are there are many hundreds in the hands of unlicensed persons, a fact which original purchasers might find a difficulty in explaining.

DEFECTS IN NEW BUILDINGS.—The closing of the Bombay Small Causes Court on account of the dangerous condition of the building draws attention to the number of new buildings in Bombay which have recently disclosed defects. These, being in visible need of support, may be easily noted. Their walls, which have betrayed weakness, are shored up by large beams placed in the streets, and they are to be found in various parts of the city. We are not referring to any of the ramshackle houses, which are falling to pieces from old age, but the buildings we speak of are extensive and have been built, presumably by modern methods, during recent years. In some instances their defects are ascribed to the fact that they have been built on reclaimed or "made" ground. Again the opinion is expressed that contractors are not sufficiently aware of the difference in the degrees of expansion and contraction of iron girders and of concrete. Where sufficient allowance for this is not made, the expansion of the iron frequently forces the concrete outwards, and, again, when it contracts leaves a space between it and the concrete, and thus causes a general loosening of the materials of a wall. The inquiries, which were recently held by the Coroner regarding fatalities, which have resulted from the collapse of buildings, were not concerned with these considerations, as in those cases the buildings were of considerable age. The buildings, which are now affected, are of recent date, and not only that, but have been erected since the revision of the building by-laws by the Municipality. Evidently the supervision over building operations is not as efficient as it should be, or the by-laws still need strengthening. We hope that some member will initiate a discussion on the subject by the Corporation, and that whatever steps may be found to be needed, will be speedily taken.

OFFICERS FROM THE RANKS.—According to a London correspondent the inquiry by the War Office into the question of officers' pay and promotion from the ranks has now advanced so far that a definite scheme will be placed before the Secretary of State for War during the Parliamentary recess. Lord Lucas is at the head of the Departmental Committee, and the scheme will come into operation on January 1. It will provide for an increase in the pay of certain officers, a reduction in some of the expenses now inseparable from an army career, and an annual grant to officers without private means who have taken their commissions after serving in the ranks. This is all very well, but it will not have the effect of reducing the shortage of officers, nor will it be met with any enthusiasm in the ranks. The soldier in the ranks likes his officer to be a gentleman and never regards the "ranker" with the same respect he does an officer he recognises as his social superior. The "ranker" generally is less human and, therefore, less sympathetic—facts which a soldier quickly appreciates. Cases are, of course, not unknown in which a man who has failed for Woolwich or Sandhurst has enlisted and worked his way through the ranks to a commission and of this the soldier approves. But to make promotion from the ranks common would be resented by both officers and men. Yet apparently it is to be tried. It is estimated that the new arrangement will cost £150,000 a year, but only one-fourth of this sum will fall upon the present financial year. For this extra money the War Office hopes, they say, to get more than a corresponding return in the increased efficiency of the service, and in the greater attraction of the army as a career for promising and ambitious young men. We fear the War Office will be disappointed. Nothing but giving a fair day's pay for a fair day's work, a living wage, will reduce the shortage of officers and ensure a continuous supply.

THE AGRICULTURAL CONFERENCE.—The Agricultural Conference, to be opened next week in Poona, promises to be a profitable gathering, judging from the excellent papers which it is proposed shall be read. Among these are papers by Mr. Smart, Acting Director of Agriculture, Bombay Presidency, on the establishment of cotton markets in Egypt and on the organisation of Agriculture in Ireland and its application to the Bombay Presidency. Mr. Gonehalli will treat of the development of co-operation in agriculture. The scope for the use of pumping plant and boring machines in the presidency will be dealt with by Mr. W. M. Schutte, Agricultural Engineer to the Government; the spraying of plants by Mr. H. V. Gole of Nasik, and the cultivation of oranges and allied fruits, namely limes and pomeloes by Mr. W. Burns, Economic Botanist to the Government of Bombay and his assistant, Mr. Paranjpe. Mr. G. K. Kelkar, extra deputy Director of Agriculture, will read an instructive paper on the uses of improved implements in farming and Dr. H. H. Mann, principal of the Agricultural College and Agricultural Chemist, will present a treatise on the supply of milk to Indian cities. The programme, as will be seen, covers a wide field of great interest, and we anticipate will be fully appreciated by a large and representative gathering of agriculturists from all parts of the presidency. His Excellency the Governor will inaugurate the conference.

POSTAL SERVICE.—The saying "that much wants more" is one of those apt and popular generalisations which too often can be applied with the strictest truth. It is now suggested by the cable informing us that the report of the Select Committee on the conditions of service in the Post Office has been received with dissatisfaction by the different sections of the employees. Seeing that the Committee recommended increased pay, the recognition of the Trade Union, a 48 hour week for postmen, and no abolition of Christmas boxes, and seeing that Postal employees are generally regarded as being fairly well situated as regards pay, security of position, and conditions of work, their attitude to the recommendations is rather surprising and suggests that there is no satisfying them. Their demand for an increase of wages commensurate with the increased cost of living is based, without doubt, on the report just issued showing the rise in the household expenses. Nevertheless, it will be generally agreed that the employees concerned, when their new concessions come into force, will be well off and that their present grumble is rather unwarranted.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. "Marmora" with the outward mails of the 29th ultimo passed Suez at 6 a.m. on Thursday, the 4th instant.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Aug. 15.

THE KING'S RETURN.

The King and Queen on their return to town from Cowes found the front of Buckingham Palace already transformed. The familiar frontage of blackened stone was obscured by a network of scaffolding and huge crane "legs," and a large part of the old stonework had already been removed. A front of white Portland stone will replace the old front. The transformation inside the Palace was almost as complete. The King was unable to drive through the front gates as usual, but had to enter through the Buckingham Palace-road gate and proceed to the garden entrance. The entire front of the Palace is practically uninhabitable during the work, and is not in use. Princess Mary is perhaps most affected, as she is the only member of the Royal Family who has a bedroom in the front.

THE KING'S HOLIDAY.

The King, who is on his way to the Scottish Highlands, left London this week for Studley Royal, Ripon, where he is to be the guest of Lord and Lady Ripon for grouse shooting. His Majesty, who wore a dark suit and a bowler hat, was attended by Lord Charles Fitzmaurice and Sir Frederick Ponsonby, and Count Albert Mensdorff, the Marquis de Soveral, and Lord Derby, who are to be members of the house party, travelled on the train. Ripon was reached punctually at six o'clock, and the King, who was cheered by the crowd which had assembled, drove direct to Studley Royal with his host, who met him at the station. Lord Ripon was out early on the moors, where the birds are more numerous and healthier than in many others places. Lord and Lady Ripon's guests also include Lady Derby Lady Juliet Duff, Lady Herbert, Mr. and Mrs. John Ward, Mrs. Sneyd, and Lord Herbert Vane-Tempest.

The King was out shooting on Dallowgill moors the day after his arrival at Studley Royal. In the early morning there were heavy showers of rain, which was still falling when the party left Studley Royal, but the downfall ceased before shooting commenced, and the rest of the day was fine. The party of six guns included the King, Lord Ripon, Lord Derby, Lord Herbert Vane-Tempest, the Hon. John Ward, and Sir Frederick Ponsonby. Luncheon was served at Tom Corner, where the shooting party was joined by LadyRipon and other members of the house party. Grouse proved to be fairly plentiful and strong on the wing, and sport was good. It is interesting to note that on the first day two years ago when the King was at Studley 570 brace were shot. Yesterdays "bag" amounted to 432 brace. The King will spend to-day quietly at Studley, and will shoot again from the Harpur Hill side, He will leave Ripon that evening for Scotland.

THE QUEEN.

The Queen, who will be accompanied by Princess Mary and Prince Albert, is to leave Buckingham Palace at 8-40 this morning on her way to Balmoral Castle. The suite in attendance will include Sir Derek Keppel (Master of the Household) and Lady Katharine Coke. The Queen will drive to Euston, and will leave for the north by special train at nine o'clock. Her Majesty is to accompany the King to the Midlands for the military manœuvres toward the end of September, but she will not return to London until October 11. Queen Alexandra, accompanied by the Empress Marie of Russia and Princess Victoria and attended by Sir Dighton Probyn, motored over from Sandringham to Blickling Hall, near Aylsham, the seat of Lord Lothian, and one of the show places of Norfolk. Tuesday is the day when the grounds of the place are open to the public, the apartments not being generally shown, but though there was a very large number of visitors the visit of the royal ladies passed without notice, and they came and went practically unrecognised. Blickling is said—and not without reason, as those who have visited it know—to be the most stately of the many great houses in Norfolk. It was built in the seventeenth century, the mantel-piece in the dining-room bearing the date 1627, and it contains some magnificent apartments full of the most beautiful pictures, furniture, and works of art, the drawing-room and the library—the latter containing one of the finest collections of old books in England—being 127ft. long. The work of laying out the gardens, which has been splendidly done, was begun by the late Lord Lothian and completed by his widow. They are a blaze of colour in the summer time, and the immense hedges of well-kept box are one of the features of the place.

THE ABOLITION OF THE HOME.

The Rev. W. Moritz Weston, D.D. Ph.D., at a meeting of the Women's Freedom League is reported to have said that the first thing necessary for establishing the economic independence of married women is the abolition of the home, for with the abolition of the home would come co operative housekeeping, and, with a properly trained staff, including one for the care of the children, the economic independence of married women could be brought about. Perhaps so; but is it worth while to bring it about? Is the creation of a large and continually increasing class of women without homes, and who leave the care of their children to others, a desirable ideal? Socialists nowadays claim to be scientific. Formerly they were poetical, and much more interesting. But they have always been curiously blind to the facts of daily life. And it is when they are put to a practical test that most communistic and socialistic theories fail to work. History is full of such failures. It is absurd, for instance, to ignore the fact that the greatest and oldest civilisation in the world, that of China, is based upon the family. And no civilisation founded upon any other basis has ever endured for long. When that natural foundation is interfered with deterioration and decay set in. Yet in the face of such well known facts, those who promise to change this earth into a paradise if we adopt their theories propose to begin by abolishing the home!

ON CHOOSING A HUSBAND.

Considering the disproportion of women to men in the United Kingdom, and the increasing difficulty in finding husbands for the host of marriageable young women, and the reserve host of qualified and experienced widows, it looks as if choice now-a-days was hardly allowed to our maidens fair and sweet in this most serious of all life's adventures. So keen is the competition for the potential husbands that our young women are tempted to accept the first offer, on the principle that a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush. How different it must be in Canada, or in some of the less populous quarters of the vast continent of Australia! An engaging lady in Alberta of Saskatchewan may have her choice among hundreds of healthy, virtuous, successful young farmers, who own the land which they till. In England still, however, competition is keen among the males for the belle of the parish, keener if the belle is known to be the happy expectant of a substantial dowry. When deciding to accept an offer of marriage,the young woman anywhere is making the capital choice of her life. Well, is it for her that she is blind to the future, and steps on gay tiptoe to Hymen's alter, commanding black care to hide its diminished head. What illusion is so potent to lead us on as the dream of the paradise to which marriage only is the gate!

Every woman worth her salt seeks a lover and a husband. We can never get away from Byron's epigram about love being a part of man's life, but woman's whole existence. The old ballad exhorts the "lassies" to trust in Providence, and they will all get husbands. In this particular, Providence seems sadly forgetful of many of the best women. What chivalrous male does not sicken at the sight of the capable woman, gifted with the firm reason, the temperate will, the qualities of endurance, foresight, strength, and skill, which go to make, Wordsworth's "perfect woman, nobly planned," one effectual ever to soothe to comfort, to command, living alone, denied the husband, the children, the household management,which would complete her usefulness, and open to her the real joy of life? Being a monogamist in a country in which polygamy is wisely prohibited, he can marry only one. Let him carry sympathy, gentle ministrations of innocent respect, admiration, Platonic affection, to his friends condemned to pass through life in the dreary capacity of husbandless women.

Dread of being left behind, of not "getting off," of reaching an age—if any clever woman ever does reach such an age—when the magnet of love will cease to operate, often induces young women to choose for a husband, one whom they only try to love, one with whom they can only imagine the possibility of friendship after marriage, ripening into love. This may sometimes succeed. Generally, it is a fatal blunder. Such selection is unfair to this male, who, if he knew all, if he could believe that he was getting the hand of his bride without her heart, would, surely, revolt, and cancel his offer. All subtle tricks for trapping husbands old, middle aged, or young, by, or in the interest of, women who are determined to "get of," are equally despicable and dangerous. Better a thousand times is it for any woman to remain a spinster, honoured, useful, beloved in this capacity, than to marry the trapped husband to whom she cannot give her entire affection, and say, "Of all the men I know, you're the man for me!"

DIAMONDS ON HER STOCKINGS.

Extravagance in women's dress is said to be such that some well-dressed women never think of wearing out a gown, however, expensive it may have been in the first instance. Sweet simplicity is nothing accounted of, and even quite young girls appear in the daytime as well as in the evening dressed in brocades, velvets, and satins, of the most expensive description. One lady well known in society has been appearing this season in a dress open at the side to show stockings as well as shoes quite thickly embroidered with diamonds. A year or two ago it would have been impossible for a lady of position to make herself conspicuous in this way.

A LADY'S PRIZE NOVEL.

Miss Mary Cholmondele Mr. Joseph Conrad, and Mr. W. J. Locke, the adjudicators in Mr. Andrew Melrose's new 250 guineas prize novel competition, have awarded the prize to a novel entitled "The Lure of the Little Drum," by Miss Madge Peterson. It is interesting to learn that this is the fourth year in succession in which the prize of 250 guineas has been gained by a woman, with a first novel. The novel is a story of India, and is written from first hand knowledge.

THE DUNMOW FLITCH.

When the custom was first originated in the Priory of Dunmow, about eight hundred years ago, by Juga, a noble lady, that "he who can swear he repents him not of his marriage either sleeping or waking in a year and a day may lawfully go to Dunmow and claim a gammon of bacon," truth-telling might have been more in vogue than it seems to be in our highly civilised age. There is, of course, nothing wonderful in there always being a couple ready to claim the flitch—claimants are a class we have always with us. But we think that the flitch might as well be presented to them for the same reason that the cake was to the Bishop. Readers will excuse us for reminding them of the old tale of a Bishop who, passing a company seated round a large cake, inquired what it was for, and was informed that it was to be presented to the person who told the biggest lie. Greatly shocked, his Reverence straightway condemned the competition, incidentally mentioning that he had never told a lie in his life, at which point the cake was immediately and unanimously presented to him.

RANGOON MAGISTRATE'S PROCEDURE.

CHIEF JUDGE'S ORDER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Sept. 4.

The Chief Judge, to-day passed his order in the case of Mr. E. H. Clark, the manager of the Rangoon Medical Hall, which was argued yesterday. As to the illegality of the commitment to the Chief Court Sessions on a charge of criminal breach of trust, his Honour held that the District Magistrate, Rangoon, had committed the case to the Sessions to avoid a possible consequence of irregularities. The commitment was quashed. The Court decided to take up the matter on September 12 in its revisional capacity.

The *Pioneer* states, with regard to the Simla extension, that the Rajas of Keonthal and Kothi have agreed to cede the jurisdiction over certain lands and bazars in and about Simla.

"LORD BLUNDER" THE BUTCHERS.

SEDITION IN SOUTH AFRICA.

FACETIOUS EFFORTS OF RAND LABOURITES.

"DISGRACEFUL MEMORY OF THE DRAGOONS."

JOHANNESBURG, Sept. 4.

Two more labour leaders have been charged with publishing seditious post-cards and a mock memoriam card inscribed:

"In disgraceful memory of the British Dragoons, the Police and the Twentieth Century Savages.

"Lord Blunder expects every butcher to do his duty."—Reuter.

JOHANNESBURG, SEPT. 3.

Another speaker at Saturday's meeting, Mr. Waterson, also a Town Councillor, has been arrested.

Mr. Clark appeared before the magistrate to-day, and was charged with sedition.—Reuter.

DUBLIN SURPRISE.

MILITANT ATTITUDE OF EMPLOYERS.

LONDON, Sept. 4.

The employers in Dublin have carried the war into the enemy's camp. Four hundred masters have passed a resolution that while they are friendly towards Trade Unionism, they are of opinion that the position created by the Irish Transport Union is intolerable, and that, therefore, they will not employ the members thereof, and will dismiss any recalcitrant worker without distinction of union.

One thousand coalmen have already been locked out.

CONSTERNATION IN THE CITY.

LATER.

The decision of the Dublin masters has caused consternation in the city as it means practically a lock-out of thirty thousand men. All industries, particularly shipping, are affected.

MINERS DEMAND SATISFACTION.

LATER.

The Miners' Executive has passed a resolution condemning the Government's action in Dublin and demanding a special session of Parliament to deal with the matter.—Reuter.

FUNERAL OF RIOTS VICTIM.

DUBLIN, Sept. 3.

The funeral of the man, Nolan, a victim of the recent riots, took place to-day. The procession, which followed the mourners, crowded all the main thoroughfares.

The funeral was followed by a strong force of police. Perfect order prevailed; Many women carried wreaths.—Reuter.

BRITISH POST OFFICE.

REPORT ON CONDITIONS OF SERVICE.

LONDON, Sept. 4.

The report of the Select Committee on conditions of service in the Post Office has been received with dissatisfaction by different sections of the employees.

A meeting of the London branch of the Postal and Telegraph Association passed a resolution declining to enter into negotiations with regard to the recommendations of the report, and demanding, instead, an immediate increase in wages commensurate with the increased cost of living.

The Birmingham branch passed a similar resolution.

A national conference to consider the attitude of the postmen opens at Birmingham on Sept. 20.—Reuter.

PAINTERS' STRIKE.

NINETY-ONE FIRMS CONCEDE THEIR DEMANDS.

LONDON, Sept. 4.

Ninety-one firms have acceded to the painters' demand for an extra three-halfpence per hour. The employees of these firms have returned to work, but the increase they have received, amounting to over six shillings weekly each, must be contributed to the fund to support the men whose firms are still holding out.—Reuter.

GOVERNMENT NON-UNIONISTS.

LONDON, Sept. 3.

Earl Beauchamp, on behalf of the Board of Works, has refused to comply with the demand of Trade Unionists to dismiss non-unionists. This, combined with the painters' refusal of the masters' offer, has increased the tension in the London districts.

The men to-day pledged themselves to continue the strike.—Reuter.

SALAR-ED-DOWLEH.

PROMISE OF CONCESSIONS BY GOVERNMENT.

TEHERAN, Sept. 4.

The Government is prepared to grant Salar-ed-Dowleh a pension of eight thousand tomans and to restore to him his estates.

Salar-ed-Dowleh protests vehemently against being brought to Teheran or being expelled from Persia.

The doctor pronounces him to be consumptive.—Reuter.

"Incandescent Gas" is one of the healthiest and most economical systems of lighting."—The LANCET. (the leading Medical Journal in the United Kingdom).

"A MODEL KING."

SPANISH MONARCH'S GENEROSITY.

WOULD-BE ASSASSIN PARDONED.

MADRID, Sept. 3.

King Alfonso has pardoned his assailant of April 13, who was sentenced to death. The newspapers applaud this as the generous act of "a model King."—Reuter.

[It will be remembered that as King Alfonso was returning from a review, three shots were fired at him as he passed in front of the Bank of Spain. The King was unhurt, but His Majesty's horse was wounded in the chest. The assailant dashed at the King out of the crowd and seized the horse's bridle with his left hand, while with his right he pulled out a pistol. King Alfonso, realising his danger made the horse rear, the bullet thus striking the animal. Meanwhile a policeman had rushed forward and after the first shot threw the miscreant down. The latter fired two more shots, but the policeman managed to deflect the pistol and the bullets went into the air. The King displayed admirable coolness, and was enthusiastically cheered by the crowd, which seized the policeman and carried him shoulder-high.

The prisoner turned out to be a young Catalonian, named Sanchez. He said he had written to his parents for money. As they refused to help him, he determined to kill the King so that he might be executed immediately.]

THE RAILWAY DISASTER

KING AND QUEEN EXPRESS SYMPATHY.

LONDON, Sept. 4.

The King and the Queen have telegraphed expressing their deep sympathy with those injured in the railway smash and with the relatives of those killed. Their Majesties are being kept informed of the condition of the injured.—Reuter.

INDIAN MAHARAJA'S FUNERAL.

CREMATION AT GOLDER'S GREEN.

LONDON, Sept. 3.

The late Maharaja of Cooch Behar was cremated at Golder's Green to-day in the presence of the new Maharaja and his bride, other relatives and the members of his staff in Indian uniform.

Judge Sen conducted a short service in the chapel in English. Prior to the removal of the coffin from the chapel, which was beautifully decorated with bright flowers, the Maharaja, dressed in a dark grey lounge suit, laid his hand on the coffin and spoke a few impressive words, committing his brother's remains to the fire.

Sir James Dunlop Smith represented Lord Crewe, on whose behalf Sir James offered to the Maharaja and his family sincere condolences.

The ashes were afterwards conveyed to the Maharaja's London residence in a silver casket. They will eventually be taken to India.—Reuter.

HARRY THAW.

PROBABLE DEPORTATION TO UNITED STATES.

SHERBROOKE (Quebec), Sept. 3.

The judge here granted a writ of *habeas corpus* against Thaw, who was thus technically free for the moment, but was immediately re-arrested as an undesirable alien by the immigration authorities.

It is expected that this means that Thaw will be deported to the United States.—Reuter.

BRITISH POLITICIANS ON TOUR.

ADVANTAGES OF VISITING THE DOMINIONS.

SYDNEY, Sept. 4.

Lord Emmott, speaking at a luncheon in honour of the British M.P.'s now on a visit here, said it would be worth the while if some of Britain's greatest statesmen to visit the Overseas Dominions.—Reuter.

BONDED STORES ON FIRE.

GREAT DAMAGE DONE.

LONDON, Sept. 4.

Great bonded stores in Manchester, containing quantities of oil, bacon and provisions, three thousand bales of cotton and two thousand cases of print goods, were destroyed by fire early this morning.

The damage is not less than a quarter of a million sterling.—Reuter.

KING MANUEL'S WEDDING.

SIGMARINGEN, Sept. 3.

The Prince of Wales has arrived here for King Manuel's wedding to-morrow.

His Royal Highness was cordially welcomed by Royal personages and cheered by the crowds as he drove along the decorated streets to the Castle.—Reuter

ILLNESS OF THE POPE.

ROME, Sept. 4.

The Pope is suffering from a cold, accompanied by hoarseness. The doctors have ordered him a complete rest, but he insists upon receiving pilgrims.—Reuter.

GREEK READINESS.

FLEET TO BE UNDER STEAM.

APPEAL TO POWERS ABOUT DEDEAGATCH.

MONTENEGRIN ARMS IN WAITING.

ATHENS, Sept. 3.

The Government has decided to ask the Powers to settle the question of the occupation of Dedeagatch forthwith.

The commander of the Greek warships has asked for instructions in view of the appearance of Turkish vessels in the offing. The fleet has been ordered to remain under steam. The disbanding of the reserves has been postponed ostensibly for sanitary reasons.—Reuter.

BULGARIAN COMMISSION AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 3.

The Bulgarian Commission arrived yesterday and was received with military honours.—Reuter.

"ARMS ALWAYS READY."

CETINJE, Sept. 4.

King Nicholas, in his demobilisation order, expresses his gratitude to "the gallant Army which has driven back our hereditary enemy." He exhorts his soldiers to hang up their arms and devote themselves to peace, but to keep their arms always ready.—Reuter.

A TURKISH DREADNOUGHT.

LONDON, Sept. 4.

The first Turkish dreadnought "Reshad-i-Hamis" of a displacement of 23,000 tons, was launched at Barrow yesterday.

The Turkish Ambassador, speaking at a lunch in celebration of the occasion, said that Turkey wished to work peacefully to consolidate her vast territories. This was not the first time Turkey had appealed to Britain. Turkey had always regarded the English as her true friends.—Reuter.

THE UNWRITTEN LAW.

SUSPENSION OF AN AMERICAN'S SENTENCE.

SEOUL, Sept. 4.

The sentence on the American, named Mason, of eighteen months' imprisonment, for killing a Chinese employee who outraged Mason's daughter, has been suspended. This is equivalent to an acquittal.—Reuter.

THE AISGILL TRAGEDY.

IDENTIFICATION OF SEVEN BODIES.

LONDON, Sept. 3.

The inquest at Aisgill was formally opened to-day and adjourned.

Up to the present seven of the dead have been identified, viz., John Patterson, a London accountant, a Glasgow nurse, three children of Mrs. G. Morrison, Southsea, and her sister-in-law and nurse.

An heroic effort was made by the guard, Whiteley, of London, in charge of the Glasgow express. He rushed along the line, placing detonators and waving a red lamp. He was horrified, however, to see the train dash past.—Reuter.

LOOTING OF NANKING.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 4.

The Loyalists have looted Nanking, their commander adopting belated measures to prevent further robberies.—Reuter.

"HORRORS OF BARBAROUS WARFARE."

JUDGMENT IN "COMRADE" CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Calcutta, Sept. 4.

In the application made by Mr. Mahomed Ali against the notification of the Bengal Government, forfeiting the pamphlet "Come over into Macedonia and help us", Mr. Justice Stephen delivered a separate judgment agreeing with the Chief Justice that the application should be dismissed. His Lordship was of opinion that the notification was not according to law, but that the Court had power to revise the action of the Government. His Lordship also considered the effect the publication of the pamphlet was likely to produce.

His Lordship said: "A vivid recital of the horrors of barbarous warfare is likely to make far more impression on the excitable minds of men untrained to any political action on a large scale except of the crudest kind than considerations such as these, and I can well understand, that in the minds of some Indian Mahomedans anger might rise easily and perhaps justifiably, and turn to hatred of the Allies, from which, making for the infirmities of human nature, a hatred of the co-religionists of the Allies would seem but a short step, especially for those whose co-religionists are involved in a national disaster."

PLAGUE MORTALITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Simla, Sept. 4.

The total plague mortality during the week ending August 30, 1913, stood at 1,033, against 1,420 cases. Bombay Presidency had 448, Madras 49, Bengal 4, Bihar 58, the United Provinces 188, the Punjab 44, Burma 46, Coorg 1, Mysore 155, Hyderabad 39, and the N. W. F. Provinces 1.

RAILWAY BREACH REPAIRS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

Sukkur, Sept. 4.

The District Traffic Superintendent wires:—"With reference to the breaches from mile 117-19 to 118-11 yesterday, the transhipment distance was reduced to two telegraph posts only and the breach there is still being repaired.

POLICE OFFICER KILLED.

REVENGE OF A CONSTABLE.

PAINFUL INCIDENT IN THE PUNJAB.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LAHORE, Sept. 4.

Khan Sahib Ulfat Hussain, Deputy Superintendent of Police, has been shot dead at his residence in Hissar by a constable named Sikander Khan, who was punished for misconduct.

He is said to have been ordered to be brought up again before the deceased on the day following the attack.

CALCUTTA BHADRALOG,

A TIMELY DISCOVERY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Calcutta, Sept. 4.

The Howrah police searched the house of Norendra Nath Banerji of Khatra Banerji's Lane, Sibpur, on Monday and secured seven revolvers, two swords and a sword-stick. It is believed these arms were collected with a view to another "bhadralog" dacoity. Banerji comes of a respectable family and is employed as a telegraph clerk.

"ID" PASSES QUIETLY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 4.

The Id passed off quietly in Calcutta yesterday with the usual prayers and rejoicing. In the Masjids, collections were made in aid of the relations of those who were killed in the Cawnpore riots.

LUCKNOW, Aug. 4.

The Id in Lucknow passed off quietly yesterday. Large crowds assembled at the mosques, and after the usual ceremonies a short prayer was offered for those killed in the Cawnpore riots.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Sept. 4.

Lieut. Grant-Dalton, First Battalion, Yorkshire Regiment, is appointed Adjutant of the fifth Battalion of that Regiment, Territorial Force.

Major Alexander, 43rd Erinpura Regiment, is appointed Second-in-Command of that Regiment.

Brig.-General F. G. Bond, R.E., is permitted to retire from August 10.

Major H. M. Allen, 25th Cavalry, retires from October 4, 1913.

Capt. G. E. Malcomson, I.M.S., is permitted to resign his service from Sept. 2, 1913.

Maj. Thompson, 30th Punjabis, is appointed Second-in-Command of that Regiment.

Maj. Buckle, Royal Field Artillery from the Home Establishment, is posted to the 9th Battery, Royal Field Artillery at Cawnpore.

Capt. Molony, 6th Gurkha Rifles, is granted an extension of 6 months' tenure with the Malay States Guides.

Col. Tideswell, D.O.S. Lancashire Fusiliers, is appointed Assistant Quartermaster-General, Peshawar Division vice Col. Steel whose tenure has expired.

BOMBAY STATION ORDERS.

(By Colonel W. R. Marshall.)

The following arrivals and departures, reported at Bombay, are published:—

Northern Army.

Arrivals.—Lieut. C. Eliott, 14th Murray's Jat Lancers, Capt. A. L. Foster, R.A.M.C., Lieut.-Col. F. W. Stanton, R.G.A., Lieut. E. C. Mockler, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles, Capt. A. E. Johnson, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles, Colonel A. Cripps, Supply and Transport Corps, Lieut. W. E. P. Cairnes, 8th (King's Royal Irish) Hussars, Lieut. J. R. Wynter, 52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Southern Army.

Arrivals.—Lieut. T. M. Carpendale, 8th Cavalry, Major J. H. Casserly, 129th Rajputana Infantry, Lieut. H. E. Hall, the Norfolk Regiment, Lieut. A. P. Cunningham, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry, Capt. C. M. Rigby, R.A.M.C., Major G. R. Cassels, 35th Sikhs (General Staff).

Departures.—Colonel W. C. Walton, 104th Wellesley's Rifles, Lieut. G. N. Watson, 14th (King's) Hussars, Capt. E. P. Brassey, 7th (Queen's Own Hussars.

A TELEGRAM WHICH WAS STOPPED.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 4.

Kaliprasad Banerji, a student in the matriculation class of the Madaripur School, who was arrested in connection with the Kawakuri dacoity, has been further prosecuted for forgery at the instance of Bharatchandra Banerji, for the alleged forgery of his name on an objectionable telegram. The message was stopped by the Bombay authorities, as its intention appeared, it is stated, to be to defeat the purpose of the law.

MULE CORPS FOR MUSCAT.

The 13th Mule Corps, left Bombay for Muscat yesterday by the British India S. N. Co's steamer "Barjora." It consisted of one sergeant, two native officers, and 40 men, with 108 mules. The Corps was conveyed to Bombay from Poona by a train arriving at the Jetty Shed shortly before six o'clock in the morning. The men and animals were immediatly detrained and embarked. The "Barjora" also carries Captain Croly, I.M.S., one havaldar and 4 men of the 102nd Grenadiers and a few followers.

THE TAXILA RUINS

NOTABLE LECTURE AT SIMLA.

IMPORTANT HISTORICAL DATA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Sept. 4.

Dr. J. H. Marshall delivered a highly interesting lecture on the discoveries at Taxila before the Punjab Historical Society, to-day.

The Hon. Sir Edward MacClagan, President of the Society, presided and among those present were the Lieutenant-Governor of the Pubjab and Lady O'Dwyer, Sir Harcourt Butler, the Hon. Mr. L. C. Porter, C. S., the Hon. Major-General Birdwood, the Hon. Mr. Thompson, the Hon. Daljit Singh, Kunwar Maharaj Singh, and a large number of European ladies and gentlemen.

The lecture was profusely illustrated by lantern slides.

The President, in introducing the lecturer, said that the audience was going to listen to a lecture which scientists of Europe might have been only too glad to listen to.

Dr. Marshall first reminded the audience of the most salient land-marks in the history of the city. He said: "The foundation of Taxila goes back to a very remote age; but of the epoch before Alexander the Great we know practically nothing beyond the fact that it was probably included in the Achaemenian Empire of Persia, and that it enjoyed a great reputation as a university town, famous for the arts and sciences of the day. Alexander descended on the Punjab and received the submission of Taxila in 326 B. C., but four years later the Macedonian garrison was driven out by Chandra Gupta, and Taxila then passed under the dominion of the Mauryan Emperors, to whom it remained in subjection until the death of Asoka. Then in 190 B. C., Demetrios, the son-in-law of Antiochos the Great, extended the Bactrian power over the north-west of the Punjab and paved the way for the establishment of a line of Greek princes, who were ruling at Taxila for the greater part of the second century before our era.

THE PARTHIAN KINGS.

After them came a dynasty of local Parthian kings, Maues, Azes, Azilises and others, who carry us down to about 75 A. D. and these, in turn, are succeeded by the Kushan Emperors, among whom the name of Kanishka is the most celebrated. Thus, within four centuries, Taxila became subject to five separate Empires, the Macedonian, the Mauryan, the Bactrian, the Parthian and the Kushan and from these widely different civilisations, extending from Greece to Western China and from the steppes of Russia to the Bay of Bengal, she must have inherited much of the culture and of the arts peculiar to each. With the decline of the Kushan power and the rise of the Imperial Guptas in the fourth century, the history of Taxila, so far as we are concerned, comes to an end. Her power and importance gradually waned, and when the Chinese pilgrim, Hiuen Tsaang, visited the city in the seventh century, he found that the State had become a dependency of Kashmir and that the monuments of her former greatness were in ruins."

Here Dr. Marshall warned his audience that the facts, which he had given in this outline of the history of the city and which he personally believed to be well established, were by no means accepted by all historians. He stated: "For example the Kushan Emperor Kanishka is placed by some authorities in the middle of the first century before Christ thus antedating the majority of the Parthian kings. Again the rise and fall of the Parthian and Greek dynasties has been a subject of much controversy and great doubt has existed as to which particular kings ruled over Taxila and which over other principalities. You will see, therefore, that there is ample scope at every turn for the spade to do its share, in clearing up this early period of history and no less scope, let me add, for it to throw light on the evolution of the architecture and plastic arts in this part of India about which our knowledge has been even more nebulous."

A SERIES OF CITIES.

Speaking of the remains of Taxila itself Dr. Marshall said:—"They are situated about 20 miles to the north-west of Rawal Pindi, in a particularly pleasant and well-watered valley with the snow ranges of Kashmir to the north and east, and, the lower hills, including the Margalla range, completing the circle on the south and west. This position on the great trade route, which used to connect Hindustan with Central and Western Asia, coupled with the strength of its natural defences, and a constant supply of water, sufficiently explain the growth of the city in early times. There are three chief settlements, the Bir Mound to the south, Sir Kap in the middle, and Sir Sukh to the north, with clusters of smaller remains grouped around each. These three areas appear to represent three separate cities, built, like the several cities of Delhi, by successive dynasties or despots, the parallel between the two cities being the closer for the reason that in each case the new capitals were shifted further and further north. The three cities at Taxila, with the remains round about them, cover an area of a dozen square miles or more, and I need hardly tell you that the examination of such a vast site is likely to occupy a good many years. At present, I have been at work for less than three months and have made trial diggings at four places only, namely at the Chir Tope, near the south-east corner of the site, in Sir Kap, at Jhandial and on the Bir Mound."

PRESENT RESULTS.

Dr. Marshall then gave elaborate descriptions of the four spots in succession, their natural formation, the habitations that had existed there in time immemorial, the types of buildings seen there, the antiquarian finds on those sites and summed up the results of the investigations as follows:

"First, we have settled generally the disposition of the site, have determined the ages of the several settlements in the city of Sir Kap, and have found that the settlements on the Bir Mound are anterior to them.

Secondly, we have recovered a number of monuments of the Parthian and Kushan epochs, and by fixing their relative dates have established a series of much needed land-marks in the history of architectural development. The prevailing spirit of the Parthian architecture has been found to be Hellenistic, the Indian elements being subsidiary, and this architecture leaves no room for doubt that the Parthians played a prominent part in the diffusion of classical ideas in India, a fact which has an intimate bearing on the evolution of early Indian art. Moreover, by correlating other known buildings in the Punjab and Frontier Province with the series of monuments I have discovered at Taxila, it is now possible to determine within narrow limits the age of the former. For example, it is now apparent that the remains at Tareli belong to the close of the first century of our era, while the celebrated stupa at Ali Masjid proves to be more modern by two hundred years than was previously supposed; and I have no doubt that the age of other famous structures, such as the Tope of Manikyala and the monasteries of Jamalgarhi and Takht-i-Bahi can be fixed in the same way.

Fourthly, we have secured an abundance of sculptured images, which, like the architectural remains furnish us with new and valuable data for the chronology of the plastic arts.

Fifthly, we have demonstrated that Buddhism was the prevailing religion at Taxila in the Parthian epoch, and consequently the generally accepted opinion that Kanishka was responsible for the hold which Buddhism took upon the north-west of India must be discarded.

Lastly, we have obtained clear and, to my mind, conclusive evidence both from our coins and from our buildings as to the sequence of the Greek, Parthian and Kushan dynasties, and we have found that there are no grounds for supposing either that Kanishka intervened in the first century before Christ, or that the Parthian Maues was reigning in the second century of our era."

Sir Michael O'Dwyer, in proposing a vote of thanks to Dr. Marshall, said that the Punjab was extremely fortunate in finding one who could interpret her glorious past. Savants of Europe would have been too pleased to share the unique privilege of the audience in listening to accounts of epoch-making discoveries which were land-marks of ancient history.

Sir Harcourt Butler, in seconding, thanked the lecturer for the intellectual treat he had given.

Sir Edward Macclagan said that from the wonderful discoveries of Dr. Marshall they could now pin down the illusive Kanishka.

He announced that the following new members had been enlisted as members of the Society:—Mr. M. L. Currie, C. S.; Mr. L. C. Garbett, C. S.; His Highness Sir Bhawani Singh, the Raja Rana of Jhalawar, Miss Weston, Mr. T. R. J. Ward and Mr. Hawkins.

CAWNPORE TRIAL

EVIDENCE OF ASSAULT ON POLICE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CAWNPORE, Sept. 4.

The case against the six injured accused in connection with the Cawnpore mosque riot was called to-day before Mr. H. M. Smith, Additional District Magistrate, Cawnpore. Only four of the accused were able to attend the Court, and the case was proceeded against them. The two remaining accused are likely to be discharged.

Captain Simpson, who was the officiating Civil Surgeon of Cawnpore early in August, described the injuries received by the four accused present in Court.

Ganda Singh, the jailor, produced certain jail registers containing entries regarding the admission and discharge of persons connected with the riot and pointed out certain mistakes regarding the names that had crept into the registers.

Counsel for the defence objected to this evidence being recorded, as it had nothing to do with the case of the four accused before the Court.

The other witnesses who were examined on behalf of the the prosecution were Muniruddin, Kotwal; Tasuduk Hossain, the Sub-Inspector of Police, Chhoteylal, Talab Singh, a mounted constable; and Nazir Ahmed, a constable. The last two named received injuries in the riot, all of whom had been examined in the case against the 101 accused and gave their evidence on similar lines.

The two new and important witnesses were Rai Debi Parshad Vakil, a former vice-chairman of the Municipal Board, and Mr. B. N. Tholal, editor of the *Cawnpore Journal*.

The first named deposed that he went out of his office, which is close to the Gillis Bazaar chowki, on hearing news that stones were being thrown at the chowki. He went out and saw stones were thrown from some distance at the chowki. The men who threw the stones were out of his view. Later, he saw some men pulling and tearing a constable's pugree; he saw the Collector and the police arrive on the scene and, later, heard guns being fired. He saw bricks flying in the air in the direction of the chowki. Afterwards he saw that some injured people were brought towards the chowki.

Mr. B. N. Tholal, who was another witness, described his visit to the Idgah, his return from there, and the occurrences near the mosque.

The case is likely to be concluded to-morrow.

INDIAN HOLIDAYS.

ID-UL-FITUR.

The Mahomedans celebrated their "Basi Id" yesterday with the same enthusiasm as they did on their Id-ul-Fitur celebration on Wednesday. With gold embroidered caps and brocade "sadaras" (Jackets) a large number of them visited the Victoria Gardens during the day, and in the evening in every Indian Theatre in Bombay was largely attended by Mahomedans.

GANESH CHOTH HOLIDAY.

It being Ganesh Choth (the fourth of Bhadarpad), the Hindus brought images of Gunpati, the God of Wisdom, into their houses. The Hindu residences in Girgaum, Khetwadi and other localities were illuminated, and the evening was spent in singing (Bhajan) (songs in praise of the various gods). From 6 p.m. to 10 p.m. the Hindus kept indoors lest they should happen to see the moon, because it is a superstition that on the 4th of Bhadarpad month whoever sees the moon courts trouble because Ganpati had cursed the moon and vowed that she would be unauspicious on that particular evening, because she laughed and redeculed the God of Wisdom as he was going past riding on a rat, the vehicle of Gunpati.

The festivities will continue for fourteen days, until the day of the full moon.

THE TIBET ARMS CASE.

REMARKABLE VALUE OF PISTOLS.

EUROPEAN SUSPECT STILL IN CUSTODY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 4.

The police inquiry in connection with the suspected smuggling of arms from Calcutta to Tibet was continued yesterday and some more important clues were obtained, the nature of which, however, has not transpired. Late last night the Bhutia accused, Pangbo Tyangshi, was released on a bail of Rs 5,000. Thorpe, however, continues to be in police custody. It is worth noting that a Mauser pistol, which is sold for Rs. 80 in Calcutta, fetches four or five hundred rupees across the frontier.

A DISPENSER ... WORLD-STICK.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sep. 4.

Ramanimohan Das, who has been prosecuted under the Arms Act for possessing a sword-stick without a license, was sentenced to three months' imprisonment. It was found in his possession during the search of his dispensary at Khalia in connection with the Kawakur dacoity.

A BOOM IN MANGANESE.

WHY IS THE ORE NOT REFINED IN INDIA?

The recent boom in the iron and steel, as well as the shipbuilding trades, has brought increased trade and profit to India not because this country is distinguished for its metal manfactures or its shipbuilding enterprises, but because it is in an excellent position to supply huge quantities of manganese, which is largely used in the manufacture of steel. Only a few years ago many of the manganese mines of Southern India were idle for the sufficient reason that it did not pay to work them because trade the world over was slack, and it was the custom to import manganese from other lands. The increase in our exports of this ore, since the turn of the tide, has been rapid and well sustained. During the second quarter of 1912, for example, we shipped 96,086 tons valued at Rs. 15,35 lakhs; but during the second quarter of the current year our exports have totalled 156,144 tons of the value of Rs. 26,63 lakhs. Of this latter quantity 17,983 tons were shipped from Bengal, 130,911 tons from Bombay, and 7,250 tons from Madras. Of the total exports the United Kingdom took 58,046 tons, Belgium 49,740, France 25,800, Austria-Hungary 6,300, the United States 8,650, Germany 5 550, and Japan, which country, of course, is shooting ahead as a builder of ships, 2,058 tons. So that not only has Indian manganese established itself among the world's commercial products, but the customers who buy it are not merely important but are widespread. And yet, says the "Pioneer," this manganese trade is not entirely satisfactory from an Indian point of view. The ore we export contains, roughly, about fifty per cent of maganese, the remainder being dross. And yet we go on gaily paying freight to foreign countries on absolute rubbish! In others words, for every ton of manganese we export we pay freight on two! From no point of view can this be called good business; it is just the reverse. A manganese ore refinery would place this trade on a satisfactory footing by ensuring the export of pure manganese. Why not have it? manganese ore must be refined, and the place to refine it is obviously India.

KING ASOKA'S PALACE.

THE OPERATIONS AT PATALIPUTRA

In the last issue of the "Dacca Review" Mr. J. Sammaddar gives some particulars of the results gained in the excavations at Pataliputra near Patna, where King Asoka built his palace. These are being undertaken by the Archæological Department, the expense being borne by Sir Ratan Tata, who recently placed Rs. 20,000 per annum at the disposal of the Government of India for archæological exploration on known sites. Patalputra, the Palibothra of the Greeks, has long been a subject of interest to archæologists. It was Asoka's capital and hence was built in the architectural period when the transition was taking place from wood to stone. Excavations were begun under General Cunningham's direction in 1872, but these were not effective. Again in 1892 they were renewed by Dr. L. A. Waddell and continued at intervals up to 1899, various important finds being made, including an Asoka pillar, stone carvings and a colossal capital of a distinctly Greek type. Then for thirteen years the work was suspended. Now Dr. Spooner is directing the excavations under the orders of the Archæological Department, and with the funds generously provided by Sir Ratan Tata operations should be continuous for several years to come. Mr. Sammadar summarizes the results that have already been gained. A large number of coins have been unearthed ranging from the Scythian period to modern times; traces of a wall of the Gupta period have been found, and also fragments of polished pillars showing there were ninety at least erected: one beautiful pillar 18 feet long is intact. A stratum of ash lies eight feet under the present ground level, and from this and other signs it is concluded that the building was flooded and silt deposited on its floor before the superstructure was destroyed by fire. The Gupta people afterwards occupied the site and raised their brick buildings upon it. Long wooden platforms have been disclosed. They are described as composed of mighty logs, are very massively constructed and are not only strengthened by wooden pillars placed at regular intervals but show yet other wooden pillars in the spaces between the platforms. The bases of the logs are five feet below the Asokan debris. The purpose of these huge platforms is so far a mystery, and their discovery is described as among the most extraordinary finds in India. More of interest may be revealed as the excavation proceeds.

WEATHER IN INDIA.

RAINS IN BOMBAY.

The showers inBombay continue. The intermittent rains that have been persistent during the past few days have added very materially to the aggregate rainfall from January 1 to date. The depression in the peninsula, reported by the Government meteorologist, has caused a great deal of rain in Sind, and its tendency is reported to be moving westward. There is some likelihood of further wet weather in Bombay. Poona has had her share—unfortunately at a very inopportune moment—and residents in Bombay have not ceased to grumble over the erratic orders given by the Clerk of the Weather. Yesterday was dismal and gloomy, and the evening's depressing influence prevented many from indulging in their usual pastimes. Drives were taken by only the more venturesome, but, otherwise, the Esplanade presented a very deserted appearance. Even now, there is no prospect of a cessation, and the conjectures are both numerous and varied as to how long this uncertainty in the meteorological conditions will continue. The roads are thick with slush, and tenants of leaky houses are raising their unavailing voices in protest.

DEPRESSION DECREASES IN ACTIVITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Sept. 4.

The depression in Rajputana has moved slowly north westwards and decreased slightly in activity. The feeble depression which lay over deltaic Bengal has practically disappeared and the Bay monsoon is now extending up the gangetic plain.

The rainfall has been nearly general in Chota Nagpur, Gujarat, Berar the west coast, North Hyderabad, Mysore; and local in Bengal, Bihar, Sind and Rajputana. A few falls also occurred in Burma, the east Punjab, the Bombay Deccan and south-east Madras.

The principal amounts are:—Balasore and Hazaribagh, one inch; Patna, one and a half; Gaya, three; Benares, five; Allahabad, one and a half; Udaipur, a half; Ahmedabad, two; Bhuj, five; Dwarka, one and a half; Rajkot and Surat, one; Amraoti, one and a half and Marmagoa and Aurangabad, one.

Forecaste:—An extension of rainfall in the United Provinces.

AT SEA.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Colaba, Captain J. Robertson, which arrived in harbour on Wednesday from London reports having experienced fine weather to Aden, thence to Karachi moderate monsoon and from later port to Bombay slight monsoon.

The same company's steamer Islanda, Captain J. MacLean, which arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Calcutta met with heavy rain during the voyage.

The Port Officer Bombay yesterday received the following telegram from the Meteorological Department Simla:—

Conditions reported yesterday still hold.

RAINFALL STATISTICS IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla. In. cts.	Esplanade. In cts.
Previously registered	77·58	54·31
Thursday, 4th Sept.	0·29	0·25
Total.....	77·87	74·56
Rainfall up to 8 a. m.		

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 4TH SEPT.

Amritsar.—Showery. Cotton plants want fine weather. Cotton crop accounts less favourable. Rains injurious. Cotton early arrivals will show black leaf. Food-grains doing well. Rapeseed being sown. Rain facilitate rabi field operations.

Hansi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton plants want more rain. Cotton arrivals expected early.

Mooltan.—Cotton plants showing bolls. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory. Food-grains doing well.

Delhi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory. Food-grains doing well.

Agra.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton plants showing plants.

Cawnpore.—More rain wanted generally. Cotton plants showing bolls.

Beawar.—Rain much need generally. Cotton plants want more rain.

Amraoti.—Heavy continuous rain. All crops doing well.

Khamgaon.—Cloudy, but no rain. Seasonable. Cotton plants in flowers. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory. Food-grains doing well.

Dhulia.—Looks like clearing up. Rain general over district. Seasonable rain has fallen. Cotton crop making good progress. All crops doing well.

Jalgaon.—Looks like rain. Cotton plants flourishing and in flower. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory and continue favourable. Linseed, late rains expected to improve crop.

Broach.—Looks like rain. Showery. Continues cloudy. Cotton plants flourishing and healthy, but want fine weather. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory. Cotton crop making good progress.

Viramgam.—Looks like rain. Has every appearance of a continued fall. Continue cloudy with slight drizzle.

Wadhwan.—Continues cloudy with slight drizzle. Cotton plants want fine weather. Cotton crop excellent and making good progress.

Bhavnagar.—Looks like rain. Seasonable. Cotton plants flourishing. All crops doing well.

Barsi—Showery. Rain much needed generally.

Sholapur.—Cloudy, but no rain. Rain much needed generally.

Hubli—Cloudy, but no rain. Rain much needed generally. Cotton sowing not commenced owing to absence of rain. Food-grains suffering from want of rain. Absence of rain causing anxiety. Crop accounts unfavourable

Bellary.—Bright, no sign of rain.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 4th September, 1913, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Sirsa records 0·12" of rain. Skies are clear or very lightly clouded, The air contains the average amount of moisture. Day temperature is in excess in the east Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Local rain has fallen; Cawnpore has had 0.15" and Allahabad 1.37" of rain. Skies are clear in the extreme north-western districts and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is generally in excess.

Sind and Rajputana.—Bikaner records 0.11" of rain. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded in Sind and lightly to moderately clouded in Rajputana. The air is drier than usual in upper Sind where night temperature is in excess.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rainfall has been nearly general in Gujarat and Kathiawar; Bhuj has had 5·04," Dwarka 1·42, Rajkot 1·06, Bhavnagar Para 0·14, Surat 1·23, Ahmedabad 2·28 and Deesa 0·50. Skies are heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Maximum temperature is in defect in Gujarat and Kathiawar.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general in Berar; Akola has had 0·21" and Amraoti 1·64". Skies are moderately clouded. The usual amount of moisture is present in the air. Temperature is normal.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Bombay has had 0·32, Ratnagiri 0·25, Mormugao 1·01" and Karwar 0·19." Skies are lightly to moderately clouded" Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Rainfall has been nearly general in north Hyderabad and local in the north Bombay Deccan; Poona has had 0·38, Aurangabad 1.08 and Nizamabad 0·86. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air is in defect at Hyderabad and either equal to or above the average elsewhere. Temperature is normal.

General Remarks.—The depression has moved in a nearly westerly direction, the centre being to-day to the north-east of Bhuj. Its intensity has decreased considerably. Rainfall has been widespread in Gujarat and in Kathiawar with the exception of the south coast. Nearly general rain has fallen also in the Konkan, north Malabar, north Hyderabad and Berar, and local rain in the south-east Punjab, west Rajputana, the southern districts of the United Provinces, the north Bombay Deccan and Mysore. The depression may move further in a nearly westerly direction, if it does not disappear during the day.

Nearly general but decreased rain is likely in Gujarat and Kathiawar, fairly general rain in lower Sind and on the west coast of the Peninsula, and some showers in upper Sind and the south United Provinces. Isolated showers are possible in west Central India, the west Central Provinces and the Bombay Deccan.

STANDARD BAROMETER READINGS.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F, and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a. m., (Standard Time) on the 4th September, 1913, was 29 974 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships, the reading of the ship's barometer is to be increased or decreased by ·013 inch for every 5 deg., according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the Aneroid, no temperature correction is needed, but for comparison at 80° F all aneroid readings should be increased by ·138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer, either mercurial or aneriod, for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., (Standard Time), the ship's barometer reading should be increased by ·010 inch for every 10 feet of this height, to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

GENIUS IN ART.

(BY PESTANJI DORABJI KHANDALAVALA.)

"War nicht das Auge sonnenhaft,
"Wie könnten wir zur Sonne blicken?
"War nicht in uns des Gottes eigne Kraft,
"Wie könnt uns Gottliches entzucken?"

Goethe, who as poet understood nature better than as scientist, asks, "how sunshine ever could be seen, if our eyes held no sunny sheen? Did no power divine dwell within us, how could God's divineness win us?"

On the mysterious conditions which preside at the production of a work of art, and the apparition of a genius, the curiosity of psychologists, and of aesthetes has been awakened alike from all time. It wont do to ask those engaged in the research to define what is genius. The want of a good definition of *life*, has been no bar to the progress of physiology, and geometricians have been operating on *space* for ages, without troubling themselves much to define it. If we cannot dogmatically define life, we have however in the laws of life sure means of distinguishing what lives from what does not. Not so with genius. The first difficulty to face is, where is it to be met with? In Dante, and not in Tasso? In Shakespeare, and not in Ben Jonson? Moliere and not Beaumarchais? If Titian, why not Veronese? Is it Weber? What of Berlioz? To such points of interrogation there can be no end. And as to the replies, we all know that they must vary with men and with time. In his

"PSYCHOLOGY OF GREAT MEN,"

Prof. Joly of Sorbonne tells us much about Christopher Columbus. He compares him to Newton and Napoleon, to Leonardo da Vinci and Leibnitz. Does Columbus deserve being inscribed among such great names? This may be questioned of many others. Great reputations when thus sifted, leave but few to base generalisations upon. Nor can these few be found free of contradictory considerations For a comparison to be legitimate the things must be comparable, and for things to be comparable, they must contain at least one common element. Now, what can there be in common between the genius of a great painter like Leonardo da Vinci, and that of a warrior like Caesar, or Napoleon? In what, how, where is the portrait of Mona Lisa del Geoconda comparable to the Seige of Aiesia, or the "Last Supper" to the Campaigns of Austerlitz and Jena? If genius in art is different to genius in action, say we confine ourselves to the domain of art only. What connection is there between a Symphony of Beethoven, and Michael Angelo's picture of "Soldier's Bathing"; between a drama of Shakespeare and a statue of Donatello? We look for words in vain in the vocabulary of painting to express the nature of our musical emotion, and in that of music to translate the impression felt before a fresco or canvass. The beauty of painting consists essentially in the combination of lines and of colours and of music essentially in the combination of sounds. What common measure can their be between the genius of a Michel-Angelo and a Beethoven. Straitening the circle still further, and confining it within the limits of a single art, and of the same kind, we may ask, what is there really comparable between the genius of the authors of

MACBETH AND PHEDRE?

Absolutely none. Shakespeare and Racine can only be compared in what is precisely incomparable. Both have the gift of the drama, but each one's conception of it is wholly individual, Shakespeare all Shakesperian, Racine all Racinian. What they have in common is what differentiates them, tneir originality, singularity, or idiosyncracy what you will. Genius is but a neurosis, say some, and that the splendour of the brain is always paid for by atrophy of other organs. But if tradition is not wanting in famous examples—to support genius a neurosis—of the great Arabian Prophet said to be an epileptic, of Luther a visionary, Pascal a hallucine, and Swift and Tasso dying mad, there are others to refute that genius in no way goes with physical degeneracy, and that *au contraire* beauty is its hall-mark. Take the magically seductive poet Zorilla at whose recent death all Spanish women wept, Longfellow and Vandyke both very handsome, and Lamartine of wonderful physical beauty, himself his finest poem. As to painters, they have nearly always been conspicuous—from Leonards da Vinci to Millais and Leighton—for that personal beauty traditional in England, and Germany, of Milton, and of Goethe. To derogate genius, it is sometimes spoken of as simply human. Of course, it is, as much as is the nightingale—classed by naturalists—of the tribe of sparrows and finches. And yet he is neither a sparrow nor a finch to whom gutter rinsings taste sweet, while the facile princeps among song birds drinks but dew from the chalice of the rose. The truth is

HUMAN NATURE IS AN ABYSS

Which Physiology and Modern Science in general has not sounded deeply and the High Censors of the Royal Society are never more perplexed than when brought face to face with that insoluble mystery—man's inner nature. With the exception of a handful of scientific authorities—surrounded by an eager crowd of sceptics and sciolists who having never seen anything claim therefore the right of denying everything, the world stands condemned as a gigantic lunatic asylum. The phenomena of sensation, and volition, of intellect, and instinct, are of course all manifested through the channels of the nervous centres the most important of which is the brain. The peculiar substance through which these actions take place has two forms, the vesicular and the fibrous of which the latter is held to be simply the propagator of the impressions sent to or from the vesicular matter. The distinguishing of this physiological office as the sensitive and connecting motor, throws no light whatever on the mysterious agency of intellect. It remains as enigmatical and perplexing to the great modern physiologists as it was in the days of Hippocratis. How humiliating for us, children of light—chief among whom are the dictatorial journalists—of the XX century! And must we turn to

QUACK THEOSOPHY

So deservedly run down, reviled and ridiculed to seek a solution of what common measure there can be between the genius of of a Michel Angelo and a Beethoven, and

WHAT IT IS WE MEAN BY GENIUS;

Yes. This Eternal of Science of Unique Truth—so miserably misrepresented—teaches that vibration is the parent of form, and colour, and sound. Sound or colour have no sound or light inherent in them, but are rates of vibration that impinge upon the nerves of the ear or eye, and are transmitted to the brain, and thence to the mind. All sensation is but the effect of vibration upon the mind. A rod of iron raised to white heat, when pulled out of the fire turns yellow, then red, and finally black. This is nothing but the same group of atoms vibrating at different rates which produce the distinct colours, and this same law producing the colours, produces the physical universe. What makes the world for us, is the relationship of our individual consciousness to the external world of vibrations. Scientists if slow to accept marvellous stories well know that on the verge of the demonstrable facts of physics and of physiology, there is a nebulous Borderland, which, what is called "commonsense, perhaps does wisely not to enter, but which uncommon sense, or the fine apprehension of privileged intelligences may cautiously explore, and in so doing find itself behind the scenes which make up for the gazing world the show which is called nature. Such intelligences teach that intellect is only partial mind, a focus around which is a wide fringe of consciousness including instinct and intuition. The intellectual aspect of consciousness is most completely expressed in the realms of science, whilst intuition finds its completion in all works of genius, for genius means synthesis, creation, sympathy.

INDIAN CROP PROSPECTS.

MADRAS GINGELLY.

The gingelly crop of 1913-14. First sowing report is as follows:—

[On an average of the five years ending 1911-12, the area under gingelly in the Madras Presidency has represented 17·4 per cent. of the total area under gingelly in British India.]

The total area sown with gingelly in this Presidency up to the end of July 1913 was 215,300 acres against 224,900 acres (or 3·8 per cent less than the area) sown in the corresponding period of 1912. The decrease was marked in the districts of Anantapur, Trichinopoly and Tinnevelly. Salem and Coimbatore which showed a marked increase last year shows marked decrease this time. This is attributed to want of timely rains. There is, however, a large increase in the areas reported from Vizagapatam, Godavari, Kistna, Bellary, Chingleput and South Arcot. Season was not unfavourable to gingelly though want of rains has been felt in some districts. The sowing took place in most cases from May to July which are the normal sowing months.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY. Broad Gauge System.

Approximate Returns of Traffic for week ended 23rd August 1913, on 945·61 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (estimated)	Total Earnings
Total Traffic for the week.....	Rs. 190000	Rs. 320 00	Rs. 4000	Rs 514 00
Or per mile of Ry ...	201	338	4	543
For previous 20 weeks of half-year...	438946	8972757	10 294	1317251
Total for 21 weeks ...	458946	9292757	104294	1398351
Comparison. Total for cor. week of previous year*	200115	257953	4120	462188
Per mile of Ry do..	212	273	4	489
Total to cor. date do...	431027 5	8215530	141142	266694 7

Increase for the week... Rs. 51,812
Do to date ..... ,, 13,19,5 5

NOTES FROM THE MAIL.

BURNED IN A CHIMNEY.

A convict in Riga attempted to escape from one of the local prisons by means of a stove chimney. When he was half way up the chimney he became wedged, and could move neither up nor down. The stove was lighted beneath him, and before the flames could be extinguished he was burned mortally.

TOWN SHAKEN BY GUN FIRE.

On August 14 Sheerness was shaken by the firing of the 9.2 breech-loading guns mounted in the Revelin battery. Practice was made at a range of 7,000 yards with three-quarter charges. Buglers paraded the town early to warn the residents to open their windows. The concussion from the firing caused some damage in the town, and a portion of the ceiling at Sheerness Post Office fell down. A large plate-glass front of an inn was shattered, and also windows at a photographic studio and the railway station.

THE LONDON BEE.

Another example of the success of the London bee is afforded by three hives on the roof of a butcher's establishment in Sloane-street. The apiarist is Mr. George Cobb, junior, who for two years has gathered a harvest of honey from his roof. A few weeks ago he was able to take 40lb. It is probable that these town bees gather their honey in Hyde Park, as well as from the many lime trees in the Sloane-street neighbourhood. They thrive as well as any country bees.

FOUR ON A BIPLANE.

W. Beattie, the American flier, created a record at Hendon by carrying at one time on his new Wright biplane three passengers—the brothers Robert and E. Slack and Captain Tyrer. Beattie, notwithstanding the extra weight, made a splendid flight, the machine travelling steadily in several circuits over the aerodrome at an altitude of about 500 feet.

KAISER AS GUIDE.

Madame Salvatini, of the Berlin Opera House, while staying at Swinemuende a week ago, expressed a desire to visit the Imperial yacht "Hohenzollern," and about ten o'clock one morning was rowed out to join the other sightseers, who were waiting at a respectful distance from the yacht for the Kaiser to go ashore. The Emperor, who was on the poop, says the *Matin*, recognised Madame Salvatini in the distance. He at once sent an invitation to her to come on board, and personally conducted her round the yacht.

£1,000,000 FOR PICTURES.

The art sale season which is just drawing to a close will rank as the most important on record. For many years it was computed that in London each season a million sterling changed hands in the auction rooms for works of art of all kinds. This year for pictures alone the sum of a million has been paid. The highest figure was the 93,400 guineas paid for Romney's "Lady de la Pole" by Messrs. Duveen. In one afternoon this season Messrs. Christie paid £120,000 for pictures.

KING'S GOOD GROUSE "BAG."

Heavy showers threatened to spoil the King's day among the grouse on Dallowgill Moors, in mail week, but the weather improved during the forenoon, and remained fine but dull. There were six "guns" in the shooting party which left Studley Royal—The King, the Marquess of Ripon, Lord Derby, Lord Herbert, Vane Tempest, the Hon. Mr. John Ward, and Sir Frederick Ponsonby. The bag for the day was 432 brace.

COMMONWEALTH STATISTICS.

Birth and death-rates for the Australian commonwealth show satisfactory improvement. The total births during 1912 numbered 133,088, an increase of 19.017 over 1909, while the rate per 1,000 of the mean population increased during the same period from 26. 69 to 28.65. The rate of increase during the first quarter of this year is equivalent to an annual rate of 28. 44 per 1000. Deaths numbered 59,177 in 1912, as against 44,172 in 1909 and the rate for these respective years was 10.33 and 11.23 per 1 000 of the mean population. The death-rate for the first quarter of this year is equivalent to an annual rate of 10·97 per 1,000 which, with the exception of New Zealand, is lower than that of any other country.

HIS LAST LETTER HOME.

One of the last letters which reached England from Mr. Corfield, commanding the Camel Corps in Samaliland, who has been killed, was received by his aunt, Miss Corfield, of Heanor, near Nottingham. Writing from Burao on July 1 he said: "I hope to be Home in November or December at the latest. The Camel Corps is going strong, and has certainly made a great improvement in the conditions prevailing in the hinterland. Tribal fighting has now ceased, and barring an occasional raid by the Mullah, all is quiet. I sincerely hope that the Colonial Office will realise that the E. C. C. is entitled to a certain amount of kudos for it. "The rains are off, and we are now in the middle of the south-west monsoon. It blows a hurricane night and day for three months, and this becomes rather a strain on the nerves when one is living practically at fresco in it. One of the advantages of this kind of life is the way one is prevented from getting stale."

WHITE-GROWN TOBACCO.

Irrigation promises to give many new industries to Australia. The New South Wales Minister for Agriculture gives particulars of the recent experiments in tobacco growing at the Murrumbidgee Irrigation Area. A tobacco expert was induced to devote himself to growing tobacco at Yanco, and to give advice and assistance to other settlers on the area. He says that the yield at Yanco, is about £1,250 of dry leaf to the acre. He adds that the lands at Murrumbidgee will later give £1,500 per acre when better worked. The dry leaf is worth 9d. to 1s. 3d. per lb. or from £56 to £94 per acre. For curling the leaf the grower will require to expend £150 upon a building while outside assistance required for ploughing, horsekeep, etc., etc., together with maintenance of his family at the area is estimated at £60. The production of tobacco last season at Yanco amounted to £10,000. Most of the world's tobacco is grown by coloured labour but the irrigationists of New South Wales and Victoria are confident the industry will pay handsomely and at the same time give good wages to Anglo-Saxons.

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The Year Book, containing full accounts of last Winter in Switzerland and the various centres of the Club, with the cost of each hotel, will be sent on application, to any of those entitled to join, to the Hon. E. C. Fery, Honorary Secretary, 3, Upper Woburn Place, Tavistock Sq., London, W.C.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

The following general summary of season reports in the Bombay Presidency for the past week has been published:—

During the week there was good rain in parts of Karachi, Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, Konkan, Nasik, Belgaum, Gujarat, Native States, Savantvadi, moderate in parts of Kukkur, Larkana, Upper Sind Frontier, Nawabshah, Gujarat, Poona and Kolhapur and slight elsewhere. The rainfall was general and beneficial, but more rain is required in parts of Kanara, Kolaba, Deccan, Karnatak and Kolhapur. The standing crops were slightly damaged by heavy rain in parts of Karachi, Hyderabad and Thar and Parkar, by rats in Thar and Parkar and by insects in West Khandesh and Dharwar; they were suffering for want of sufficient moisture in parts of the Deccan, Karnatak and Kolhapur and were in good condition elsewhere. Lands are being prepared for rabi cultivation in parts of Larkana, Upper Sind Frontier, Deccan and Dharwar. The fodder-supply was adequate. Agricultural stock was generally in good condition and sufficient except in parts of Ahmednager, Poona and Cutch. Drinking water-supply was adequate. Water for irrigation was sufficient except in part of Larkana, Nawabshah, Sholapur and Dharwar. The public health was generally good. Prices of food-grains though high are fluctuating. The quantities of food-grains purchasable per rupee in Sind and the various tracts in the Presidency proper are as follows:—

	Percentage below normal.
Sind	6 to 39
Gujarat	14 to 27
Konkan	18 to 34
Deccan	14 to 48
Karnatak	31 to 44

Numbers on gratuitous relief for the week ending 30th August, were 440 in Poona, Sholapur and Bijapur.

The following are report for various districts:—

Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country —Rain during week 52 cents at Kolhapur, in the Agency maximum 3 inches 26 cents at Bhudhargad, minimum 2 cents at Shirol; for season 21 inches 15 cents at Kolhapur, in the Agency maximum 146 inches 82 cents at Bavda, minimum 5 inches 31 cents at Terdal. More rain urgently needed. Sowing of cotton retarded. Standing crops in good condition except in some places where they are suffering for want of sufficient rain. Supply of fodder and water sufficient. Cattle adequate. Price of jowari 11 seers per rupee. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Kolhapur 35 per cent. less than normal.

Karachi.—Rain during week 1 inch 37 cents at Karachi, in the district maximum 20 inches 64 cents, minimum 2 inches 66 cents; for season 13 inches 49 cents at Karachi, in the district maximum 40 inches 63 cents at Jati, minimum 11 inches 20 cents at Manjhand. Sowing continues in hilly tracts. Inundation satisfactory. Standing crops slightly damaged by rats in Sujawal taluka and by recent rain in almost all talukas. Locusts appeared in Sakro taluka but did no damage to crops. Fodder-supply adequate. Agricultural stock in good condition and sufficient. Drinking water-supply adequat . Price of rice 7, of bajri 11 1-2 and of jowari 13 seers per rupee. Stocks of grain sufficient. Price of grass 30 and of kadbi 40 seers per rupee. Quantity of rice purchasable per rupee at Karachi 30 per cent. less than normal.

Hyderabad.—Rain during week 2 inches 70 cents at Hyderabad, in the district maximum 8 inches 93 cents at Badin, minimum 93 cents at Hala; for season 15 inches 91 cents at Hyderabad, in the district maximum 31 inches 90 cents at Badin, minimum 12 inches 68 cents at Guni. Rainfall beneficial except in Badin taluka. Inundation fair except in Hyderabad taluka. Lands being prepared for rabi cultivation in parts of Badin taluka. Prospects fair. Lowlying lands submerged owing to excessive rain in parts of Badin and Tando Bago talukas and owing to breeches in canals in Badin taluka. Rice cultivation damaged by rats in parts of Badin taluka. Supply of fodder sufficient except in Badin taluka. Agricultural stock in good condition. Supply of drinking water adequate. Price of jowari 11, of bajri 11, of rice 6 1-2 and of wheat 9 seers per rupee. Price of dry kadbi Rs. 50 for 100 bundles of 20 seers each. Quantity of jowari and bajri purchasable per rupee at Hyderabad 31 per cent. less than normal.

Thar and Parkar.—Rain during week 1 inch 74 cents at Mirpur Khas, in the district maximum 18 inches 17 cents at Mithi, minimum 1 inch 53 cents at Pithoro; for season 14 inches 74 cents at Mirpur Khas, in the district maximum 33 inches 84 cents at Mithi, minimum 7 inches 83 cents at Sanghar. Rainfall general and beneficial. Kharif operations completed except in Diplo taluka. Standing crops in good condition except for slight damage by heavy rain in parts of Mithi taluka and by rats in parts of Nagar Parkar taluka. Locusts appeared in Umarkot taluka, but did no damage. Fodder-supply sufficient. Drinking water-supply adequate. Agricultural stock in good condition and sufficient. Price of jowari 14, of bajri 13, of rice 7 1-2 and of wheat 10 1-2 seers per rupee. Price of grass 4 bundles per rupee. Quantity of rice purchasable per rupee at Mirpur Khas 37 per cent. less than normal.

Kanara—Rain during week 1 inch 51 cents at Karwar, in the district maximum 6 inches 55 cents at Supa, minimum 2 inches 31 cents at Haliyal; for season 79 inches 63 cents at Karwar, in the district maximum 117 inches 20 cents at Kumta, minimum 24 inches 52 cents at Haliyal. Rainfall beneficial, but more needed in Karwar, Ankola, Kumta, Honavar and Haliyal talukas and Mundgod petha. Sowing nearly completed in Supa petha. Transplantation completed in Yellapur taluka, nearly completed in Sirsi taluka and continues in Siddapur taluka. Weeding generally continues. Prospects good. Fodder-supply sufficient. Drinking water adequate. Water for irrigation sufficient. Cattle generally in good condition and sufficient. Stocks of grain adequate. Price of rice 9 and of hill-millets 11 seers per rupee. Price of grass Re. 1 for 67 bundles. Quantity of rice purchasable per rupee at Karwar 18 per cent. less than normal.

West Khandesh.—Rain during week maximum 3 inches 83 cents at Navapur, minimum 19 cents at Sakri; for season 16 inches 74 cents at Dhulia, in the district maximum 38 inches 47 cents at Navapur, minimum 12 inches 22 cents at Sakri. More rain needed in parts of Dhulia, Sindkheda, Shirpur and Nandurbar talukas. Sowing of bajri over in Sakri taluka; that of bajri and sesamum in progress in Taloda taluka and of cotton in Navapur petha. Weeding in progress. Standing crops generally in good condition except for slight damage by insects in parts of Shahada and Gandurbar talukas. Lands being prepared for rabi cultivation. Fodder-supply adequate. Agricultural stock in good condition. Water-supply for drinking and irrigation sufficient. Price of wheat 9 seers 5 chataks, of jowari 12 seers 1 chatak; of bajri 12 seers and of rice 6 seers per rupee. Quantity of bajri purchasable per rupee at Dhulia 31 and of jowari 40 per cent. less than normal.

Ahmednager.—Rain during weeks 30 cents at Ahmednager, in the district maximum 43 cents at Akola, minimum 2 cents at Shrigonda; for season 17 inches 99 cents at Ahmednager, in the district maximum 20 inches 8 cents at Akola, minimum 7 inches 20 cents at Shrigonda. Rainfall slight and partial. More rain needed in Shrigonda, Karjat, Rahuri and Nevasa talukas. Standing crops generally in good condition, but withering in light soils. Bajri crop slightly damaged by insects in parts of Jamkhed taluka and suffering from excessive moisture in parts of Akola taluka. Weeding continues. Lands being prepared for rabi cultivation. Cattle in good condition. Agricultural stock deficient. Green grass available. Water-supply sufficient. Price or jowari 11 seers and of bajri 11 seers 3 chataks per rupee. Price of kadbi Rs 3 per 100 bundles. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Ahmednagar 48 per cent. less than normal.

Dharwar.—Rain during week 17 cents at Dharwar, in the district maximum 1 inch 25 cents at Kalghatgi, minimum 4 cents at Gadag; for season 13 inches 12 cents at Dharwar, in the district maximum 18 inches 15 cents at Kalghatgi, minimum 2 inches 19 cents at Mundargi. Rainfall partial. Rice crop suffering for want of sufficient rain. Jowari crop damaged by grasshoppers in parts of Gadag and Navalgund talukas and Mungargi petha. Lands being prepared for rabi cultivation. Supply of fodder sufficient. Agricultural stock in good condition. Water-supply for drinking is sufficient. Water for irrigation deficient in Bankapur and Kod talukas. Price of rice at Dharwar 7 seers 14 chataks and of jowari 12 seers 5 chataks per rupee.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Lieut. R. Wyllie, Royal Garrison Artillery, has been appointed to act as Aide-de-Camp to the Political Resident, Aden, in addition to his military duties, with effect from the 15th May, 1913, during the absence of Lieut. G. T. C. Perram, Royal Garrison Artillery, on combined leave for three months and twelve days.

Mr. W. P. Cowie, I. C. S., acted as Agency Engineer, Kathiawar, in addition to his own duties as Personal Assistant to the Agent to the Governor, Kathiawar, from the 14th May to the 3rd July.

Mr. J. P. Brander, I. C. S. on return from leave, to act as Collector of Kaira, pending further orders.

Mr. C. S. Campbell, I. C. S., on return from leave, to act as Collector of Sukkur, pending further orders.

Mr. J. P. Brander, I. C. S., on return from leave, to act as Political Agent, Cambay, pending further orders.

Mr. C. S. Campbell, I. C. S., on return from leave, to act as Political Agent, Khairpur, pending further orders.

Mr. E. F. Green, on return to duty, to be District Superintendent of Police, Sholapur.

Mr. G. C. Shannon, I. C. S., to be Assistant Settlement Officer, Bijapur, in connection with the revision settlements of the Bagalkot, Hungund and Badami talukas of Bijapur District, from the date of his return duty up to 31st December, 1914, both days inclusive.

Mr. H. G. D. Turnbull, Professor of English, Deccan College, Poona, is granted furlough with effect from the 1st October to the 10th March, 1915, in combination with the summer vacation of 1915.

Mr. J. A. Ewing, to act as Professor of English Literature, Deccan College, Poona, during the absence on leave of Mr. H. G. D. Turnbull or pending further orders.

Bombay Volunteer Rifles.—The Ven. Archdeacon W. A. Dickins is permitted to resign his appointment as Honorary Chaplain with effect from the 1st August.

Mr. F. Norman, Assistant Engineer, is granted privilege leave for two months and twenty days combined with furlough for nine months and eleven days with effect, from 29th October or subsebent date.

On return from leave Mr. F. L. Gordon, Assistant Engineer, is posted to the Central Division.

On return from leave Mr. A. B. Spencer, Assistant Engineer, is posted to the Lonand District of the Nira Right Bank Canal.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentry and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

THE DYSENTERY EPIDEMIC.

How to Avoid it, and How to Fortify the System if Attacked.

The gravity of dysentery, which is often so rapidly fatal, cannot be exaggerated. Hence this article, which is published in the best interests of the community.

While at the first onset of diarrhœa everyone should consult his doctor, that the disease may be nipped in the bud, he should remember that the same treatment which will build up his strength to overcome the disease will also prevent him getting it.

Dysentery is eminently a question of nutrition. Hence, a food which is easily assimilated and entirely absorbed from the stomach is the first requisite. Of such foods, none can compare with Sanatogen, of which *The British Medical Journal* states: "Sanatogen is the best of artificial foods, easily retained and easily assimilated."

Some sixteen thousand doctors have endorsed Sanatogen as the greatest revitalising and reinvigorating preparation for fortifying the system against infection.

If, however, dysentery has been contracted, the statement of Mr. Arthur R. Thorburn (The Mission House, Singapore) shows the best chance of speedy recovery. Mr. Thorburn writes: "My wife has for the last sixteen weeks been suffering acutely from dysentery, caught on one of our local steamers coming down the Malay Peninsular. From the very first she has taken Sanatogen, with this happy result, that, instead of being, as many are, after these many weeks of unceasing dysentery, a helpless invalid, she is bright and cheerful, and her strength has been largely maintained. She has had no other food for some time—simply Sanatogen."

Sanatogen can be obtained of all Chemists and Bazaars. All who take it eventually enjoy better health than they have probably ever done before.

SUPERSTITIONS OF YACHTSMEN.

CURIOUS IDEAS THAT SAILORS BELIEVE IN.

Yachtsmen, like other seafaring people have their superstitions, and these old ideas and traditions live on even in this twentieth century. Few yacht owners entirely despise these superstitions, or if they outwardly pretend to be above such "childish notions," they are extremely indulgent when the skipper suggests a certain course of action—"just for luck."

Almost all yachtsmen believe in mascots. Dogs were carried on more than one American Cup defender.

Sir Thomas Lipton is, I believe, a firm believer in the luck of the four-leaved shamrock, and it has been repeatedly stated in the Press that he intends to reserve the title "Shamrock the Fourth" for his next challenger. May the luck of the four leaved emblem go with her to New York!

WHISTLING FOR A WIND.

Yachtsmen often excuse themselves and their yachts by saying that it is not "their day." Every yatch has her day in more senses than one, but it is not always luck that gives her day, for it is a well-known fact that some yachts are fast in light winds and others require a gale of wind before they can win a race. Even champion yachts manned by crews of picked hands and commanded by the best of skippers often finish last instead of first. A yatch will sometimes win a succession of races, defeating every yatch in her class with ease. Then under ordinary conditions, with the same captain and crew on board and in the same trim, she will suddenly sail so badly—possibly only for one day—that she may finish minutes behind the very yachts which she defeated with ease the day before. Some years ago "Vigilant" finished a race nine minutes ahead of "Brititania," but the writer was told that the next day "Britannia" finished about two minutes ahead of her rival. It should also be noted that the Royal cutter was admittedly the better yacht of the two.

To the racing yachtsman lack of wind is one of the greatest misfortunes that can befall him during a race. As long as a yacht has enough wind to fill her sails anything may happen, but when she lies "like a pointed ship upon a painted ocean" her owner and skipper come to the conclusion they are having a very bad spell of ill luck. Even at the present time, "whistling for a wind" and "scratching the mast" are indulged in if the calm is of long duration. It may be that many yachtowners do this in fun, but it is probable that they more than half believe in the old tradition of the sea.

OMENS OF LAUNCHING DAYS.

Even the names given to yachts sometimes suggest that their owners believe more or less in luck. The names of plants and birds generally looked upon as lucky are often given to racing craft, as a glance through any yachting list will prove.

Anything that will bring luck—that is to say, anything that the yachtsman believes will bring luck—is of value before an important race. When a new challenger goes forth to try to "lift" the America Cup, anything that is supposed to bring good fortune is taken on board. In spite of all this I fear that the Americans must have as usual, made a "corner" in mascots, for they have certainly been fortunate in every series of contents so far.

In an account of the launch of the new "A" class schooner "Margarita," the writer mentions that the owner fastened small ivory pig to the bunting of the new yacht. Let us hope that "Margarita's" pig will be more effective than "Vigilant's" dog was when the American sloop sailed at Cowes.

At one of the Clyde yacht yards it is generally believed that the yachts which are launched by the firm are lucky or unlucky only in accordance with the way in which they enter the water. If they take the water easily and gracefully, they will win many races; if they move sluggishly and give trouble, they will have but a short and dismal racing career.

It may be that there is no such thing as a lucky ship in spite of all that has been said and written upon the subject but it must be admitted that in one-design class racing, where all the yachts are built and designed in exactly the same way, one yacht has frequently turned out to be what is termed a "lucky ship." This may sometimes be accounted for by the fact that one helmsman is more skilful than his fellows, but yachtsmen have frequently stated that one particular yacht has had all the good fortune.

ARE FRIDAYS UNLUCKY?

Enthusiasts who took part in the great events of the good old days of yachting are almost to a man firm believers in the lucky yacht. On a fluky day one often hears the expression "the luckiest barge wins"; that is to say, the most unfortunate owner is sure to get left in a patch of calm. Some sailors have assured me that certain yachts always seem to pick up the favourable "slants" of wind.

We are told that "Fridays sale always fail," but I believe that, on the whole, the sailor is getting over this notion. Many liners and other merchant ships are now obliged to put to sea on Friday, and most of them return to port safely. In yacht racing the aim is to sail for pleasure and the fierce war of freights does not trouble the yachtsman, but the old dislike of the sixth day of the week lives to some extent in the minds of most of them. When, on October 13th, 1893, Valkyrie was beaten by "Vigilant," after a very unusual series of unfortunate incidents, it was pointed out that it was the thirteen of the month and a Friday. Let us hope that when Sir Thomas Lipton's new Shamrock races in America, the Regatta Committee will avoid the fatal date and that the luck of the four-leaved Shamrock will go with the new challenger.

WEEK'S MORTALITY.

The total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending Aug. 30 was 581, giving a death-rate of 30·84 per annum per thousand as against 33.50 the corresponding period of last year, and 31.30 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 65 died from fevers; 9, plague; 2, smallpox; 2, cholera; 23, phthisis; 19, diseases of the nervous system; 142, affections of the respiratory organs; 59, diarrhœa; 21, dysentery; 39, still-born; 87, old age and debility; 11, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain 22; Brahmin, 21; Bhattia 2; Hindu of other caste, 270; Hindu low caste, 82; Musalman, 124; Parsee, 30; Jew, 3; Native Christian, 21; Eurasian, 2; European 4; The total number of births was 405 as against 400 for the corresponding period of last year, and 383 the average over the past five years.

BRIEF AND PITHY.

"FAUST" UP TO DATE.

Some weeks ago a brilliant performance of "Faust" was given at the Grand Theatre at Montreal (says the "Intransigeant"). Between the first and second acts the stage-manager said:—

"Ladies and gentlemen, by a happy innovation, our distinguished manager has decided to replace the spinning-wheel of Marguerite, a noisy and obsolete instrument, by a sewing machine of Messrs. X., the running of which is so smooth that you will not lose a single note of the delightful song of the King of Thule."

Marguerite gravely took her seat before the sewing machine, on which the name of the maker was shown in luminous characters, and then, when she had finished the lines, murmured enraptured. "This sewing machine is incomparable; moreover, it only costs sixty dollars."

THE MOST GRACEFUL ACT.

A good subject for a dull-season discussion (says the "Mahchester Guardian") would be what was the most graceful act you ever saw. As a contribution to such a discussion this would, I think, be hard to beat. A lady of much charm, who is a strong vegetarian, had been living some time in a Somerset village. When she was leaving the village, she received some little gifts from the villagers. The most beautiful was a fine bunch of roses sent to her by—the local butcher.

DEVOURING GALLERY BOYS.

Writing on the question of the abolition of the theatre pit, a "Manchester Guardian" correspondent recalls a story of the days when the pit prices were reduced.

In the eighteenth century the boxes at Drury Lane were four shillings and the pit half a crown. In 1809, the price of the boxes at both Drury Lane and Covent Garden was raised to seven shillings and the pit to three-and-six, and the famous O.P. ("old prices") riots took place.

When Osbaldiston opened Covent Garden in October, 1835, prices were reduced by nearly one-half, and Drury Lane was obliged to follow suit. Results quite clearly proved that it was a mistake, the higher receipts for the week being consistently at the higher prices.

In the beginning of 1845, a general reduction of prices took place at the minor theatres, and Osbaldiston introduced a fourpenny gallery at the Victoria. It was at the whitebait dinner given at Greenwich to celebrate this event that Miss Vincent exclaimed, on seeing the amount of the bill, "Good gracious, David, we've devoured two hundred gallery boys."

HORSE SENSE.

Some horses are as fanciful as some people. This is proved by the experience of drivers of several horses in Liverpool. At the foot of William Brown-street, just where that street merges into Old Haymarket (says the "Liverpool Daily Post") there is a storm sewer grid, perfectly safe and level with the surface of the roadway, which extends from one side of the thoroughfare to the other.

There are a number of horses, usually docile animals which obey the word, not to say the whips, of their drivers, which can neither be coaxed nor coerced to cross the grid in question.

Repeated efforts have been made to drive these horses over this grid, but always without success, and the route has had to be diverted.

The other day a carter, who did not believe in the theory that a certain horse could not be driven over the grid, had a narrow escape of losing his life owing to his attempts to thrash the animal into obedience. The man had to be taken to the hospital, and the horse to be led by a circuitous route, which did not include William Brown-street.

A SCENARIO.

One of Mississippi's distinguished citizens, who is a member of the Board of Trustees of the Alcorn A. and M. College, an institution for the education of Ethiopian youth of the Commonwealth, tells the following story of a visit to the class of English, made in his official capacity:—

The professor announced, "Our lesson for to-day is on 'The Merchant of Venice,' one of Mr. William Shakspeare's comedies."

"Who is your best pupil?" asked the visitor.

"Mr. James Johnson," replied the teacher.

"Stand up, Jim. Tell me about your lesson."

"Yes, sah. Our lesson am about 'The Merchant of Venice,' which was written by Mr. Shakspeare. It am about a lawsuit—'twixt a white man and a Jew—along of a piece of meat. De Jew, he won de lawsuit—but—de white man—he beat him outen de meat."

TALENT.

Willie: Paw, what is the difference between genius and talent?

Paw: Talent gets paid every Saturday my son.—"Cincinnati Enquirer."

THE ORGAN BLOWER.

After a Saturday afternoon tramp in Cheshire (writes a correspondent in the "Manchester Guardian") I received additional refreshment at a little whitewashed alehouse from the following rustic story. On a bench outside half-a-dozen farm workers, with faces and bared arms richly sunburnt, were relating reminiscences of bygone times

"Did Ah iver tell yo about ma poor owd feyther and the passon?" asked a white-whiskered, sturdy veteran. "No? Well, passon meets feyther one day, an' ses 'e, 'John, Ah could find yo a bit o' a job blowin' t' orgin up at t' church o' Sundays, if yo doan't mind.' 'Aye, thankee, sir,' ses feyther, 'Ah'd be very glad, but Hh doubt Ah havna wind enough."

TALE OF TWO HATS.

A couple of coutry cousins who were shown over the House of Commons the other afternoon, attempted a little practical joke on Mr. Birrell and Mr. McKenna (says the "Liverpool Daily Post").

Passing along one of the corridors they noticed a row of hat pegs, the name of a Minister appearing beneath each peg. On one there hung a highly-polished silk hat, while those alloted to the Chief Secretary and Mr. McKenna were vacant. The visitors were in jocular mood, and suddenly the idea occurred to them to leave their own hats, a pair of bowlers that had seen their best days, on the empty pegs.

The shabby chapeaux looked somewhat incongruous by the side of the glossy "topper," and the Ministers could not redress a smile when they came upon the quaint intruders. They wish the owners to know that they may have their hats again for the asking.



Titled Ladies Testify that

ALBULACTIN

(Mixed with Cow's Milk)

Makes Babies Thrive.

Lady Hardinge (wife of the British Minister to Belgium) writes:—"My nurse used Albulactin, and it was *most* successful."

Lady Greville (Belgrave Sq., London) writes:—"Lady Greville begs to inform Messrs. A. Wulfing and Co. that Albulactin is being used for her baby with great success."

The Hon. Mrs. Tollemache (Ipswich) states:—"Baby is doing very well on Albulactin."

Lady Stamer (Bolton House, Salop) writes: "I have found Albulactin very satisfactory."

THOUSANDS of testimonials have been received from mothers whose babies were reared upon Albulactin-treated animal milk.

Amongst them are many from distinguished ladies, such as those published here. Their infants are having Albulactin mixed with diluted animal milk because it is the *best* method of feeding babies artificially. No other diet is so good for babies—so wonderfully nourishing and digestible.

Albulactin

Ask your own doctor. He will assure you that Albulactin is best. Is it not a duty which you owe to your baby to give him this best of all foods, instead of something inferior?

We—the makers of **Sanatogen** and **Formamint**—*guarantee* that Albulactin-treated animal milk comes nearer—*much nearer*—to maternal milk than anything else. It is as far superior to all other methods of infant feeding as Sanatogen is superior to all other tonics.

Write to-day for a complete Guide to Infant-rearing, entitled "King Baby," which will be sent, post free, to all who mention this paper, on application to A. Wulfing and Co., Box 226, G.P.O., Bombay.

Albulactin is sold at all Chemists and Bazaars, in bottles of two sizes.

ENGLAND'S PREMIER TOILET CREAM.



For Sunburn, Prickly Heat, and all unnatural conditions of the skin due to hot, dry and dusty climates, use Icilma Cream—the famous English toilet preparation. Nothing else known can give the same clean cool comfort and velvety softness, *because* no other cream in the world contains the wonderful Icilma Natural Water which stimulates the skin to normal healthy action. Contains no animal fat. Untouched by hand. Cannot grow hair.

Icilma Cream

Of all good Chemists and Stores.

ICILMA CO., LTD., LONDON, ENGLAND.

WRIGHT'S COAL TAR SOAP

is acknowledged as an

ABSOLUTE SPECIFIC

in warding off the bites of

Mosquitos and Other Insects.

Good for Prickly Heat and Refreshing to the Skin.

Proprietors: WRIGHT, LAYMAN & UMNEY, Ltd., LONDON.

To be obtained from all Chemists and Stores, and Wholesale from:—

KATRAK and Co., KATRAK'S Buildings, KARACHI.

FROM ALL QUARTERS.

AN EARLY EASTERN TRAVELLER.

Sir John Chardin, the bicentenary of whose death occurs this year, one of the earliest interpreters of the East to the West, was born in Paris in 1643, set out in 1664, on a journey to the East, arrived in Persia early in 1666, and the same year was appointed by Shah Solyman III, his agent for the purchase of jewels; in pursuance of which commission he went to India. He subsequently had adventurous journeys through many lands, spent four years at Ispahan, and on his final return to Europe, published some volumes descriptive of his travels and experiences. Settling in London in 1681, because of the persecution of the Protestants in France, he obtained the appointment of Court jeweller, and was knighted by Charles II. In his later years he resided at Turnham Green, and, dying on Christmas Day, 1713, was buried at Chiswick. There is a plain tablet to his memory in the south aisle of Westminster Abbey.

RIOTOUS MILAN.

Milan, where the strikers have been rioting, has a great reputation for riots. The riots which preluded the Italian revolt against Austrian domination began there; and they grew out of that very modern device of the discontented—a boycott. The word was passed round to boycott tobacco, because it was an Austrian monopoly, and the chief fiscal resource of the rulers. The Austrian soldiers retorted by swaggering through the streets of Milan, smoking several cigars at once, whereupon the Italian women rushed at them and knocked the cigars out of their mouths, while other patriots pelted them with flower-pots from the house-tops. The disturbance became so violent that Radetzky, who was in command of the Austrian garrison, had to withdraw his men within the shelter of the famous Quadrilateral of Fortresses.

A GOOD STORY OF THE LATE KING OF GREECE.

According eto a correspondent of the Greek journal "Ora," who writes from Aix, the late King George of Greece has left behind him a most enviable reputation at the watering-place which he used to visit every year. He led a very simple life there, generally walked, and often took the hotel omnibus from the Casino to his hotel. On one occasion he was just getting in when a lady stepped in front of him and took the best place. The conductor was about to ask her to move when the King stopped him with a gesture. "Don't; I'm quite happy where I am." While the lady was settling herself comfortably the King and his suite sat where they could. Hearing his attendants address the King as "Sire," the lady suddenly realised what she had done, and called out hysterically: "What have I done? I am in the Royal carriage? Stop! Stop!" King George laughed, and asked her not to disturb herself. "For Heaven's sake don't be frightened, madame; a King isn't infectious."

KING AND THE FARMER'S WIFE.

From the same source we take another story of the same kind. King George of Greece was waiting upon the platform of a country station near Aix. A train arrived. Suddenly a cheerful voice called to him, "Hi! Sir, will you give me a hand here?" The voice belonged to a great, red-faced farmer's wife, who was struggling to open the carriage-door of a fourth-class compartment. The King stepped forward and turned the handle with a vigorous twist of the wrist; and the farmer's wife fell into his arms, at the same time asking, "Will you lift down that basket and box for me?" Without more ado the King did what he was asked and carried basket and box to the waiting-room. Meanwhile his suite, who had gone off to find a kiosk and buy newspapers, returned to find the King quarrelling with the peasant woman over a tip which he had refused. King George of Greece thus simply obtained a popularity at Aix, which he only gained in the last year of his life in his own country.

THE GREAT SEAL OF ENGLAND.

Considerable interest attaches to the very unusual event of putting the Great Seal "in commission." The Lord Chancellor has been the Keeper of the Great Seal since the year 1757; but (as is now to happen) it may be put into the custody of Lords Commissioners. The earliest regular Great Seal in this country was that of Edward the Confessor. The Great Seals of Scotland date from the time of Duncan II. Ecclesiastical seals were first used in the ninth century, and municipal seals date from the twelfth century. A new Seal is made for each Sovereign, the old one being broken; and everybody remembers how the Great Seal was treated by James II. When Scotland and England were united one Seal was used for the two kingdoms; but there is still a Great Seal of Scotland, used for certain documents, and held "ex-officio" by the Secretary for Scotland. The impressions of the Seals of the Kings and Queens of England may all be seen in the Chapter House of Westminster Abbey.

ARE FUNERAL ASHES A LUXURY?

"Vorwaerts" gives the following amusing account of the quandary in which the American Customs officers of Philadelphia find themselves. Recently there arrived at the Philadelphia Customs House, a case addressed to one Captain Mayer, commanding the steamship "Cologne," flying the German flag. The consignee was required to make declaration of its contents. He declared to the Customs that the package contained a funeral urn, in which were the ashes of his sister-in-law. The sister-in-law had died in Germany, and before her death had expressed the desire to be cremated, and buried with the other members of her family in an American cemetery. It was more easily said than done; for though Captain Mayer undertook the pious duty he found it impossible to obtain delivery of the urn. The Customs-officers were in a quandary when called upon to determine the category of merchandise to which the ashes belonged. On the list of objects which are allowed into the U. S. A. free there is no class of articles under which the urn might be included. The question remained: under which tariff should it be taxed? After discussion the captain declared himself ready to accept the tariff of objects of art, considered as articles of luxury. A new difficulty then suggested itself to the officers. Articles of luxury are taxed "ad valorem." What was the market-price of the ashes of a sister-in-law? The Customs officers had to confess themselves nonplussed. They decided to retain the package pending the receipt of instructions from the authorities at Washington. "And if we may believe "Vorwaerts," the captain is still waiting for permission to carry out the wishes of the deceased.

THE RUSSIAN VIEW OF LAWN-TENNIS.

A correspondent writes that apparently football is not the only game looked on with suspicion in the land of the Czars. At any rate, some twenty years ago lawn-tennis shared a similar fate when it was introduced at Libau. The Russians would "not" believe that sane people could possibly meet every day and for several hours send a ball to and fro over a net. Play was not their object, they said. However, in time they became convinced. Nevertheless, when a match was played between Riga and Libau, and the result published in the local journal, the word "Gesellschaft" (Society) had to be used, clubs being liable to be visited by the police.

VISITORS TO GHENT EXHIBITION.

The Ghent Exhibition, one gathers, has been something of a disappointment to the town which hoped so much from its opening. The world has not flocked to see the collections quite in the way that was anticipated and it is only on Sundays, when the excursions come in from all parts of the country, that the buildings and grounds are at all crowded. Perhaps Ghent is in some measure to blame, for it has not advertised as it might have done a really notable exhibition which does high credit to the organising capacity of its people. Moreover it cannot be said that visitors have been encouraged by a section of the townspeople who have seen in the exhibition the prospect of a rich harvest. Ghent has no surfeit of good hotels, but the prices at all these establishments have been raised to a height which makes a stay in the town a luxury only to be contemplated by the rich. The consequence is that the visitors who remain for more than a day or two are very few in number.

A DISAPPEARING SEA.

The disappearance of Lake Canterno, near Rome, will not seriously affect the map of Italy. Only the local fisherfolk will miss its few square miles, should its waters never return from the subterranean caves into which they have again disappeared. The Russian Government, however, is much concerned about the greatest of all the world's lakes, the Caspian Sea, which covers an area of 180,000 square miles. The waters of this great inland sea are slowly disappearing, and the Imperial Academy of Sciences has appointed a Commission to investigate on the spot the cause. Unless the shores of the Caspian are rising (which has been suggested), there seems no other explanation but that the water is passing away by some subterranean channel. The British Colonial Office has also recently ordered an inquiry into inexplicable alterations in the level of Lake Victoria, which occupies some 25,000 square miles of the British East Africa Protectorate, and occasionally sinks so low as to prevent steamers communicating with the shore.

FOREIGN CABLES.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.

Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Amoy Perfect.	Via Amoy Perfect.	Via Cadiz Tenériffe Perfect.
	Via Bhamo Interrupted	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 4th September.

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Atzilis are subject to long delay and should be accepted at sender's risk (16-6-13).

Private telegrams in code and cipher for Roumania are prohibited. This applies to Telegrams for Roumania (12-7-13).

Prohibition of Cipher or code language applies only to private messages destined for or transiting Bulgaria, except those telegrams exchanged between diplomatic legations (26-7-13).

Telegrams for all places in Equador except Guaygil, Santa Elena and Esmeralds should be accepted at sender's risk. Telegrams for Juan Del Suer in Nicaragua should be accepted without restrictions (31-7-13).

Greek telegraph offices are open for international traffic at Seres, Drama, Cavalla, Demirhissar, Neverokop, Fertrision, Drani in Macedonia. Traffic passes via Syra, Salonika. Rates are same as for European countries. Telegrams should be accepted at sender's risk (1-8-13).

Albanian office opened at Scutari. Rates same as for Turkey in Europe (5-8-13).

Turkish offices opened at Adrianople, Kirk Killisse, Babuesti and Rodosto at rates applicable to Turkey in Europe (7-8-13).

Until further notice telegrams for Turkey can be accepted if written in plain English, French, Turkish or German only (5-8-13).

Censorship is exercised on all plain telegrams for Venezuela without exception (16-8-13).

Owing to interruption of Yangtze lines telegrams for China coast or countries beyond should not be accepted via Bhamo route until further orders (9-8-13).

Prohibition of cipher and code telegrams to Greece is now withdrawn (16-8-13).

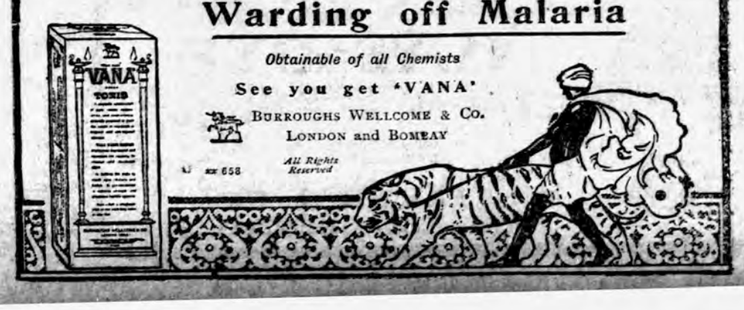
Greek administration notifies that correspondence with Chio, Tenedos, Lemnos, Salonika, Florina, Kozana, Vodena, Servia, Elassona has been opened via Eastern. (19-12-12)

Bulgarian administrations notify opening to international service Sellingrad (Mousaph Passa), Gorna (D Joumai) Bala, Lozengadi, Kirk Killise, Seres, Demirhissar, Dedeagbadj and Neverokop. Charges for above-mentioned places same as for Europe (19-12-12).



TRY IT IN YOUR BATH
BY APPOINTMENT TO H.M. THE KING.
SCRUBB'S AMMONIA
MARVELLOUS PREPARATION
Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Cleans Plate and Jewellery. Softens Hard Water.
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SCRUBB & CO., LTD., Guildford St., LONDON, S.E.

SAINT-RAPHAËL
TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE
Very palatable.
Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anæmia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women, children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates.
DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.
Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:
(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.
CLETEAS is a MELISSA and MINT cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation.
To be taken on a lump of sugar.
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